## LEM Scoring Guide and Methodology

## Components of the LEM

- The Leader Effectiveness Measure (LEM) consists of three components: (1) Leader Assessment on Performance Standards (LAPS), (2) Student Growth, and (3) Achievement Gap Reduction. These three components contribute to the overall Leader Effectiveness Measure (LEM) for each leader.
- General Score Scale: Exemplary (4), Proficient (3), Needs Development (2), Ineffective (1)
- Leader Assessment on Performance Standards (LAPS) - The LAPS component of LKES provides evaluators with a qualitative, rubrics-based evaluation method by which they can measure leader performance related to eight quality performance standards that are scored from 0 to 3 (sum score can range from 0-24)

| Final Ratings | LAPS Sum Score Ranges |
| :---: | :---: |
| Level I | $0-5$ |
| Level II | $6-13$ |
| Level III | $14-21$ |
| Level IV | $22-24$ |

## - Student Growth

- Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) are the measures of student growth for non-state-tested courses. The aggregate measure of SLO performance for all non-tested courses taught in the school will be used in calculating the student growth rating. A leader receives the highest rating for which he or she meets the criteria.

| Leader Rating | Student Results |
| :--- | :---: |
| Level I | $>50 \%$ demonstrates expected or high growth |
| Level II | $>=50 \%$ demonstrates expected or high growth |
| Level III | $>=80 \%$ demonstrates expected or high growth |
| Level IV | $>=90 \%$ demonstrates expected or high growth AND |
|  | $>=50 \%$ demonstrates high growth |

- Student Growth Percentiles (SGPs) are the measures of student growth for state-tested courses. A growth percentile can range from 1 to 99 . SGPs are produced for the CRCTs/ Georgia Milestones (grades 4-8 reading, English language arts, math, science, and social studies) and EOCTs/ Georgia Milestones. The mean SGP performance for all tested courses taught in the school will be used in calculating the student growth rating for leaders.

| MeanGP* Growth Levels | MeanGP Score Range |
| :--- | :--- |
| Level I | MeanGP $<35$ |
| Level II | MeanGP $>=35$ and $<=45$ |
| Level III | MeanGP $>45$ and $<=60$ |
| Level IV | MeanGP $>60$ |

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- Both SLOs and SGP - When a leader has both SGP and SLO students, a weighted average of the leader's SGP and SLO ratings will be calculated using the number of SGP and SLO student results in order to determine that leader's overall student growth score. This average will be rounded according to standard rounding rules.
- Achievement Gap Reduction -An achievement gap is the difference in student performance between the school's lowest-achieving $25 \%$ of students and the state's mean performance. The gap score is currently assigned by determining the higher rating between the gap size and gap change in each content area and then averaging.

| Gap Size | Score |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1.2 or greater | 1 |
| $0.9-1.19$ | 2 |
| $0.5-0.89$ | 3 |
| Less than 0.5 | 4 |


| Gap Change | Score |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.05 or greater | 1 |
| $-0.04-0.04$ | 2 |
| $-0.15--0.05$ | 3 |
| Less than -0.15 | 4 |

## LEM Determination

- LAPS Overall Rating- An overall LAPS score is calculated by adding the point values for each of the 8 Performance Standards and comparing the sum (0-24) to the established ranges to determine a final rating.
- Student Growth- All leaders who have provided leadership for at least $65 \%$ of the school year, and have results for at least 15 student growth measures, will receive a student growth score. The student growth score in a given year is based on the previous year's data. NOTE: Growth data is lagging data.
- Achievement Gap- For each subject, schools receive a gap size score and a gap change score based on the above rubrics. The final content area score is the greater of the two scores. This provides an opportunity for schools to earn points by either having a small or non-existent current year gap or by decreasing the size of the gap from two years before to the prior year (this measure is lagging). The final subject area scores are then averaged.


## LEM Decision Table

| Student Growth | Gap | LAPS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | IV |
| IV | IV | ND | P | E | E |
|  | III | ND | P | E | E |
|  | II | ND | P | P | E |
|  | 1 | ND | ND | P | P |
|  |  | I | \\| | III | IV |
| III | IV | ND | P | P | E |
|  | III | ND | P | P | P |
|  | II | ND | ND | P | P |
|  | I | ND | ND | P | P |
|  |  | \| | 1 | III | IV |
| II | IV | ND | ND | P | P |
|  | III | ND | ND | ND | P |
|  | II | ND | ND | ND | ND |
|  | 1 | I | ND | ND | ND |
|  |  | \| | \\| | III | IV |
| 1 | IV | I | ND | ND | ND |
|  | III | I | ND | ND | ND |
|  | II | 1 | I | ND | ND |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | ND |


[^0]:    *Denotes Mean Growth Percentile

