Physical Science – Understanding Your Child's Performance: Below is a summary of skills and knowledge students must demonstrate to achieve each performance level. A student should demonstrate mastery of knowledge and skills within his/her achievement level as well as all content and skills that precede it. For example, a Proficient Learner should also possess the knowledge and skills of a Developing Learner and a Beginning Learner.

| | Beginning Learner | Developing Learner | Proficient Learner | Distinguished Learner |
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| Physical Science | In general, your child can: recognize the differences between atoms and molecules locate metals, nonmetals, and metalloids in the Periodic Table of Elements describe the movement of particles in solids, liquids, gases, and plasmas describe the Law of Conservation of Matter recognize the parts and characteristics of waves describe energy transformations identify simple machines that make work easier determine what produces electricity recognize that data provides support for scientific claims | In general, your child can: recognize and label the structure of an atom recognize that the Periodic Table of Elements arranges elements by properties recognize similarities and differences among solids, liquids, gases, and plasmas describe the three types of energy transfer (radiation, conduction, and convection) recognize factors that affect the rate at which objects dissolve identify energy transformations describe electromagnetic and mechanical waves use data to support scientific claims | In general, your child can: examine the structure of an atom recognize different atomic bonds explain radioactive decay recognize the forces that affect gases use math to analyze data use the Periodic Table of Elements to predict properties of elements apply the Law of Conservation of Matter in a chemical reaction compare acids and bases recognize reflection, refraction, interference, and diffraction apply Newton's three laws of motion to everyday situations identify AC and DC currents describe an electromagnet wave | In general, your child can: describe nuclear energy describe the elements of radiation compare solutions in terms of concentration and conductivity describe molecular motion explain magnetism and its relationship to the movement of electrical charges compare and contrast characteristics of electromagnetic and mechanical waves recognize the relationship between specific heat capacity and change in temperature determine which machine would have the greatest advantage make inferences based on analysis of data to identify the relationship between mass and gravitational force for falling objects predict outcomes given series and parallel circuits |