SELDA
The Land of Allowability

Department of Special Education Services and Supports

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Learning Targets

• Define excess cost and explain its meaning to others
• Identify criteria for allowable costs
• Give three to five examples of allowable and unallowable uses of IDEA funds
Navigating the Land of Allowability
#1 Employ the Excess Cost Principle

- Excess costs: the costs of providing special education and related services to students with disabilities that exceed what is expended for ALL students
- Must be used to supplement and not supplant state, local and other federal funds
The excess cost principle is the fundamental guide in determining allowable uses of IDEA funds.
#1 Employ the Excess Cost Principle (cont.)

• Allowable costs must be an excess cost of providing special education and related services

• Only allowable costs may be charged to the IDEA Flowthrough or IDEA Preschool grants
When determining whether a cost is an excess cost, ask guiding questions.
#2 Engage in Questioning

When determining whether a cost is an excess cost, ask the following guiding questions:

- In the absence of special education needs, would this cost exist?
  - **Yes**, then the cost is **not** an excess cost and is not allowed.
  - **No**, then the cost is an excess cost and may be allowed.

- Is this cost also generated by students without disabilities?
  - **Yes**, then the cost is **not** an excess cost and is not allowed.
  - **No**, then the cost is an excess cost and may be allowed.

- If it is a child specific service, is the service documented in the student’s IEP?
  - **Yes**, then the cost is an excess cost and may be allowed.
  - **No**, then the cost may **not** be an excess cost and may not be allowed.
#3 Embrace the Rules

- IDEA statute
- IDEA regulations
- EDGAR
  - Education Department of General Administrative Regulations
#3 Ensure IDEA Costs are Allowable under EDGAR

• Issued by the United States Department of Education

• 2 CFR Part 200
  • Administrative Requirements
  • Cost Principles
  • Audit Requirements
#3 Ensure IDEA Costs are Allowable under EDGAR (cont.)

Subpart E – Cost Principles

• 2 CFR 200.403 Factors affecting allowability of costs

All Costs Must Be:

✓ Necessary, Reasonable and Allocable
✓ Conform with federal law and grant terms
✓ Consistent with state and local policies
✓ Consistently treated
✓ In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)
✓ Not included as match
✓ Adequately documented
Allowable Costs for IDEA

Must also be **necessary** and **reasonable** for proper and efficient performance and administration of the grant.
Necessary

2 CFR 200.404

• Consideration must be given to:
  • Whether cost is a type generally recognized as
    ordinary and necessary for the operation of the
    non-Federal entity or the proper and efficient
    performance of the Federal award

• Practical Questions:
  • Is this cost necessary for the performance of
    the grant?
  • Does this cost support the purpose of the
    grant?
Reasonable

2 CFR 200.404

• A cost is reasonable if it does not exceed what a district would normally incur in the absence of federal funds

• Practical Questions:
  • Do I really need this?
  • Is the expense targeted to valid programmatic/administrative need?
    • In your plan?
    • Required in a student’s IEP?
Reasonable (cont.)

• Practical Questions:
  • Is this the minimum amount I need to spend to meet my need?
  • Do I have the capacity to use what I am purchasing?
  • Did I pay a fair rate?
  • If I were asked to defend this purchase, would I be able to?
Allocable

2 CFR 200.405

• A cost is allocable to a Federal award or cost objective if the goods or services involved are chargeable or assignable in accordance with relative benefits received.
  • Incurred specifically for the Federal award;
  • Benefits both the Federal award and other work and can be distributed in proportions that may be approximated using reasonable methods; and
  • Is necessary to the overall operation of the non-Federal entity and assignable to the Federal award in accordance with the principles in this subpart.
Allocable (cont.)

• Practical Questions
  • Is the amount charged to grant commensurate with the benefit received?
  • Can the benefit received be determined?
• Example: The division of a salary or audit costs
Allowability Documentation

2 CFR 200.403(g)
To meet allowability requirements… costs must be adequately documented.
Allowability Documentation (cont.)

34 CFR 76.730 & 76.731

• A State and subgrantee shall keep records that fully show:
  • The amount of funds;
  • How funds were used;
  • Total cost of the project;
  • Share of the cost provided from other sources; and
  • Other records to facilitate an effective audit.

• Shall keep records to show compliance with program requirements.
Allowability Documentation (cont.)

Retention Requirements For Records
2 CFR 200.333

• Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other non-Federal entity records pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report.

• BUT, need to keep records for 5 years because…
Allowability Documentation (cont.)

GEPA - Statute of Limitations
34 CFR 81.31(c)

• No recipient under an applicable program shall be liable to return funds which were expended in a manner not authorized by law more than 5 years before the recipient received written notice of a preliminary departmental decision.

• Case law established that the 5 year statute of limitations period ran from the date of obligation.
  • Appeal of the State of Michigan, Dkt. No. 8(272)88 (Nov. 27, 1987) (“ED and the EAB have consistently held that ‘expended’ as used in the statute means ‘obligated.’”)

Allowability Documentation (cont.)

Methods for Collection, Transmission and Storage of Information
2 CFR 200.335

• When original records are electronic and cannot be altered, **there is no need to create and retain paper copies.**

• When original records are paper, electronic versions may be substituted through the use of duplication or other forms of electronic media provided they:
  • Are subject to periodic quality control reviews;
  • Provide reasonable safeguards against alteration;
  and
  • Remain readable.
#4 Expend IDEA Funds on Allowable Costs

Categorized generally into two groups:

1. Direct costs
   Pays for activities or services that benefit the federal award project

2. Indirect costs
   Pays for activities or services that benefit more than one project
#4 Expend IDEA Funds on Allowable Costs (cont.)

1. Direct costs
   - Salaries
   - Fringe benefits
   - Purchased services
   - Equipment
   - Supplies

2. Indirect costs
   - Cost of doing business
   - Utilities
   - Accounting
   - Human Resources
Unallowable Indirect Costs

2 CFR 200.403 (d)

• If you charge costs directly to your federal grants, you cannot include the same type of costs in your indirect cost pool (this is what is used to negotiate your rate) as this will result in the double charges of federal grants.
Indirect Costs and Administrative Staff

2 CFR 200.413(c)

Salaries of administrative and clerical staff should be treated as indirect unless **ALL** of the following are met:

1. Such services are integral to the activity.
2. Individuals can be specifically identified with the activity.
3. Such costs are explicitly included in the budget.
4. Costs not also recovered as indirect.
Allowable Expenditures

- Child find activities
- Equitable services
- Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CEIS)
- Special education teachers and related services providers
- Professional development for special education personnel
- Instructional materials and supplies for use with students with disabilities
Allowable Expenditures

- Software
- Non-capital equipment
- Specialized desks, tables and chairs
- Assistive technology and assistive technology services
- Transition services
Possibly Allowable Expenditures

- Attorney costs: only professional development to staff
- Bus driver
- School-based nurse
- Clerical support
- Special Education Director’s salary: allowable ONLY after QBE allotment is spent
- Instructional equipment
- Food: instructional activities and parent trainings/meetings
Non-Allowable Expenditures

- Attorney fees for defense of claims
- Cochlear implants
- Bus purchase
- Medicaid school-based services
- Refreshments for staff meetings
- Gifts, gift cards or awards for staff or students
Expenditures Requiring Prior Approval

- IDEA equipment with a unit cost of $5,000 or more
- Participant support costs
Equipment Prior Approval Procedures

• All expenditures, except salary and benefits, with a per unit cost of $5,000 or more, must have prior written approval.

• Must send an email to your Budget Liaison containing the detailed expenditure, cost (and quotes if already acquired), and purpose/use of the expense.
Equipment Prior Approval Procedures (cont.)

Before sending prior approval requests, LEAs should be able to answer the following guiding questions:

Guiding Questions:

- Is the cost reasonable and necessary for the program?
- Do sound business practices support the expenditure?
- Does the expense support the purpose of the grant?
- Is the expense in compliance with laws, regulations and grant terms?
Equipment Prior Approval Procedures (cont.)

**Guiding Questions:**

- Is the price comparable to that of similar goods or services in the geographic area?
- Is the purchase for the excess cost of educating students with disabilities?
- Is this cost only generated by students with disabilities or is it also generated by students without disabilities?
Participant Support Costs (PSC)

2 CFR 200.75

- *Participant support costs* means direct costs for items such as stipends or subsistence allowances, travel allowances, and registration fees paid to or on behalf of participants or trainees (but not employees) in connection with conferences, or training projects.
  - Contractors/vendors are not considered employees unless they are defined by the LEA as “contracted employees.”
Participant Support Costs (PSC) (cont.)

2 CFR 200.45

Participant support costs as defined in §200.75
Participant support costs are allowable with the prior approval of the Federal awarding agency.
Participant Support Costs (PSC) - Conferences

2 CFR 200.432 Conferences

A conference is defined as a meeting, retreat, seminar, symposium, workshop or event whose primary purpose is the dissemination of technical information beyond the non-Federal entity and is necessary and reasonable for successful performance under the Federal award. Allowable conference costs paid by the non-Federal entity as a sponsor or host of the conference may include rental of facilities, speakers' fees, costs of meals and refreshments, local transportation, and other items incidental to such conferences unless further restricted by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. As needed, the costs of identifying, but not providing, locally available dependent-care resources are allowable. Conference hosts/sponsors must exercise discretion and judgment in ensuring that conference costs are appropriate, necessary and managed in a manner that minimizes costs to the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency may authorize exceptions where appropriate for programs including Indian tribes, children, and the elderly. See also §§200.438 Entertainment costs, 200.456 Participant support costs, 200.474 Travel costs, and 200.475 Trustees.
Participant Support Costs Approval

• For participant support cost approvals, send an email to your Budget Liaison containing the detailed expenditure, cost, and purpose/use of the expense as it relates to cost principles.

• All approvals must be within the period of performance, and if known at the beginning of the year, with budget approval.
#5 Establish Resources

Useful links:

IDEA statues and regulations
https://sites.ed.gov/idea/statuteregulations/

Electronic Code of Federal Regulations
https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/retrieveECFR?gp=&SID=aba7c07adc410954aa35a85ecb18f38f&mc=true&n=pt2.1.200&r=PART&ty=HTML
#5 Establish Resources (cont.)

Federal Regulations

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#5 Establish Resources (cont.)

Useful link:
Division for Special Education Services and Supports – Budget, Grants and Consolidated Application

https://www.gadoe.org/Curriculum-Instruction-and-Assessment/Special-Education-Services/Pages/Budget-and-Grant-Applications.aspx
Budget, Grants and Consolidated Application

FY 2020 Allocations

- FY 2019 Final Allocations
- FY 2018 Final Allocations
- Indirect Costs Calculator
- Sample District Budget Worksheet
- Budget Pages
- IDEA Allowable Expenditures

FY 2020 Consolidated Application

- LEA Consolidated Application Navigation Manual
- Consolidated Application Requirements
  - 2020 IDEA Budget Submission Checklist
- Forms
Allowable Costs

Costs must be: necessary, reasonable, allocable, and documented.

Guiding Questions:

- Is the cost reasonable to address a valid need?
- Is the cost necessary for the performance of the grant?
- Do sound business practices support the expenditure?
- Does the expense support the purpose of the grant?
- Is the expense in compliance with laws, regulations, and grant terms?
- Is the cost a fair rate?
- Does the LEA have the capacity to use the purchase?
- Will the expenditure have an educational benefit within the grant period of availability?
- To prove and document allocability, is the amount charged to the grant commensurate with the benefit received?

For costs to be allowed using IDEA funds specifically, they must be for the excess cost of providing special education and related services.

Guiding Questions for Determining Excess Cost:

- In the absence of special education needs, would this cost exist?
  o Yes – the cost is not allowed
  o No – the cost may be allowed
- Is this cost also generated by students without disabilities?
  o Yes – the cost is not allowed
  o No – the cost may be allowed
- If it is a child specific service, is the service documented in the student’s IEP?
  o Yes – the cost may be allowed
  o No – the cost may not be allowed

Federal Regulatory Guidance:

2 CFR §200.403 Factors affecting allowability of costs
2 CFR §200.404 Reasonable costs
2 CFR §200.405 Allocable costs
2 CFR §200.313 Equipment
2 CFR §200.317 - §200.326 Procurement Standards

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#6 Engage in Conversation with Budget Liaison

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Budget Liaison Map

Division for Special Education Services and Supports
FY 2019 Budget Liaison Map.

All Charter LEAs: Melissa Roberts
Questions?
Contact Us

We’re Here to Help!

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