Appendix A

Legal Resources

Legal Mandates

Comparison of Laws-Chart

Transition Print Resources

Post-secondary Education Internet Resources

Transition Resources on the Internet

Career Technical Instruction

Georgia’s Alternative Financing Program

Health Insurance Options

DBHDD Regional Offices

Desktop Guide to SS and SSI Work Incentives

Ticket to Work

Georgia High School/High Tech Initiative

Georgia Acronyms

Glossary of Terms
LEGAL RESOURCES

State Mediation Process
Debbie Gay
Georgia Department of Education
Division of for Special Education Services
1870 Twin Towers East
Atlanta, GA 30334-5060

State ADA Coordinator
Georgia State Financing & Investment Commission
270 Washington Street, Suite 2101
Atlanta, GA 30334-9007
404-657-7313
www.ada.georgia.gov

Georgia Legal Services Program

Georgia Advocacy Office, Inc.
The Georgia Advocacy Office (GAO) is a private non-profit corporation. Its mission is to work with and for oppressed and vulnerable individuals in Georgia who are labeled as disabled or mentally ill to secure their protection and advocacy. Congress mandates GAO’s work. GAO is designated by Georgia as the agency to implement protection and advocacy within the state.

150 East Ponce de Leon Avenue, Suite 430,
Decatur, GA 30030
404.885.1234 or 800.537.2329 (toll-free in Georgia) (voice or TDD)
fax: 404.378.0031
http://thegao.org/

Client Assistance Program (CAP):
CAP provides advocacy for people who are seeking assistance from the Vocational Rehabilitation program in Georgia.

Georgia Client Assistance Program (CAP)
123 North McDonough Street
Decatur, Georgia 30030
Phone: 404-373-3116
Fax: 404-373-4110
giarcap.com

http://www.theatlantadisabilitylawyer.com/
LEGAL MANDATES

- FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

- CARL PERKINS VOCATIONAL AND APPLIED TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION ACT of 2006

- THE REHABILITATION ACT (1973) and the connection with THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

- THE TECHNOLOGY RELATED ASSISTANCE FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1988
  [http://www.section508.gov/section508-laws](http://www.section508.gov/section508-laws)

- THE DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES ASSISTANCE and BILL OF RIGHTS ACT OF 2000
  [https://www.govtrack.us/congress/bills/106/s1809#summary](https://www.govtrack.us/congress/bills/106/s1809#summary)

- SCHOOL TO WORK OPPORTUNITIES ACT (1994)
  [www.ncrel.org/sdrs/areas/issues/envrmnt/stw/sw3swopp.htm](http://www.ncrel.org/sdrs/areas/issues/envrmnt/stw/sw3swopp.htm)

- THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT

- INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT (2004)
  [http://idea.ed.gov/explore/home](http://idea.ed.gov/explore/home)

- KEY PROVISIONS ON TRANSITION: COMPARISION OF IDEA 1997 AND IDEA 2004
Comparison of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA '04), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504), The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and The Elementary and Secondary Education Act (also known as No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 – NCLB '01)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirements in the Law</th>
<th>IDEA '04</th>
<th>Section 504</th>
<th>ADA</th>
<th>ESEA (NCLB '01)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ensures that all children with disabilities have available to them a free / appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment and independent living.</td>
<td>• Requires any agency, school or institution receiving federal financial assistance to provide persons with disabilities to the greatest extent possible, an opportunity to be fully integrated into the mainstream.</td>
<td>• Extends coverage of section 504 to employment, public and private educational institutions, transportation providers and telecommunications, regardless of presence of any federal funding.</td>
<td>• Targets improving the academic achievement of the disadvantaged, including students with disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Definitions in the law</td>
<td>• Specific disability categories are defined in the law; covers children with educational disabilities that require special services from specially trained teachers. • Not all children with disabilities are eligible.</td>
<td>Defines persons with disabilities who: • have a physical or mental impairment which limits one or more major life activities; • have a record of such an impairment; or • are regarded as having an impairment.</td>
<td>• Definition of disability essentially same as Section 504 and extends coverage to persons without disabilities who may be related to or associated with a person with a disability; Includes HIV status, contagious and non-contagious diseases.</td>
<td>Same as under IDEA '04: Specific disability categories are defined in the law; covers children with educational disabilities that require special services from specially trained teachers. • Not all children with disabilities are eligible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Who is covered</td>
<td>• Covers children with educational disabilities that require special education services ages 3-21 or until graduation. States have the flexibility to also serve infants and toddlers.</td>
<td>• Protects all persons with a disability from discrimination in educational setting based solely on disability.</td>
<td>• Protects all persons with a disability from discrimination in educational setting based solely on disability.</td>
<td>• Covers students with educational disabilities that require special education services ages 3-21 or until graduation. States have the flexibility to also serve infants and toddlers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services provided</td>
<td>• Offers educational services that are remedial to children and available to all mainstream students (eg., PE, Art, field trips)</td>
<td>• Eliminates barriers that would prevent a student from full participation in programs or services offered to the general school population.</td>
<td>• Eliminates barriers that would prevent a student from full participation in programs/services offered to the general school population.</td>
<td>• Requires that schools provide students with a free and appropriate education with measurable outcomes. Students with disabilities must perform at the same standards as those set for non-disabled students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding</td>
<td>• Schools receive federal funding to provide remedial services for children in elementary and secondary schools.</td>
<td>• Requires that schools not discriminate based on student's disability and must provide appropriate accommodations, but schools receive no additional financial support to provide support services or auxiliary aids.</td>
<td>• Requires that schools not discriminate based on student's disability and must provide appropriate accommodations, but schools receive no additional financial support to provide support services or auxiliary aids.</td>
<td>• Funding is available to schools under Title I of the law. Schools which receive these funds must comply with NCLB and IDEA '04. • Appropriate accommodations must be given to students during assessments, as well as in class.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluation/Documentation</td>
<td>IDEA '04</td>
<td>Section 504</td>
<td>ADA</td>
<td>ESEA (NCLB '01)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- School district is responsible for identifying and evaluating children with disabilities.</td>
<td>Same for elementary and secondary schools.</td>
<td>- Students must self-identify as having a disability and must provide adequate documentation of disability.</td>
<td>- School district is responsible for identifying and evaluating students with disabilities.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Evaluations are the responsibility of the school and are performed at no expense to child/parent.</td>
<td>Same for students in college</td>
<td>- Evaluations/Documentation of disability are student's responsibility and expense.</td>
<td>- Evaluations are the responsibility of the school and are performed at no expense to child/parent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Parents must consent to evaluations and placement decisions.</td>
<td>Same for elementary and secondary schools</td>
<td>- Student has responsibility for advocacy, negotiating accommodations plan.</td>
<td>- Districts must carry out performance evaluations, regardless of parental consent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IFSP &amp; IEP Accommodations</th>
<th>IDEA '04</th>
<th>Section 504</th>
<th>ADA</th>
<th>ESEA (NCLB '01)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) and Individualized Education Program (IEP) are developed with parents, teachers and other specialists.</td>
<td>504 Plan developed with parents, teachers, school personnel involved (for elementary or secondary students).</td>
<td>- Accommodation plan developed with student and Disabilities Services Coordinator on campus.</td>
<td>- Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) and Individualized Education Program (IEP) are developed with parents, teachers and other specialists involved.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Placement must be in the least restrictive environment (LRE). This may be special classrooms, resource, or regular classroom. (Elementary and Secondary children).</td>
<td>- Placement is in regular classroom with support services to eliminate barriers to the educational experience (for elementary, secondary &amp; college students).</td>
<td>- All courses are mainstream with accommodations provided to students who qualify under ADA.</td>
<td>- Placement must be in the least restrictive environment (LRE). This may be special classrooms, resource, or regular classroom. (Elementary and Secondary children).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Developed by the Postsecondary Education Consortium at the University of Tennessee, a member of PEPNet, through an agreement with the U.S. Department of Education, Special Education and Rehabilitative Services.
Transition
Print resources

Life Beyond the Classroom
Transition Strategies for Young People with Disabilities, Fourth Edition
Paul Wehman, Ph.D., with invited contributors
Published: 2006

Growing Up: Transition to Adult Life for Students with Disabilities
Daniel E. Steere, Ernest Rose, Domenico Cavaiuolo
Published: 1/1/2007

100 Activities for Transition
Molly Lyle Brown
Published: 1999

Postsecondary Education and Transition for Students with Learning Disabilities (2nd Edition)
Loring C. Brinckerhoff
Published: 2001

On Your Own Without a Net: The Transition to Adulthood for Vulnerable Populations
Edited by D. Wayne Osgood, E. Michael Foster, Constance Flanagan, and Gretchen R. Ruth
Published: December 2005

Transition Methods for Youth with Disabilities
by David W. Test, Nellie Aspel, Jane Everson
Published: 2006

Developing Self-advocacy: A Practical Guide and Workbook for Preparing the High School Learning Disabled Student for Post-secondary Success
Robert A. Valenti
Published: November 2005

Writing Measurable IEP Goals and Objectives
Barbara Bateman, Cynthia Herr
Published: 2003

The Road Ahead: Transition to Adult Life for Persons with Disabilities
Keith Storey, Paul Bates, Dawn Hunter
Published: March 2002

Career Development and Transition Education for Adolescents with Disabilities
Gary M. Clark, Oliver P. Kolstoe
Published: 1994

Robert W. Flexer, Thomas J. Simmons, Pam Luft, Robert M. Baer
Published: April 2004

Donn E. Brolin, Robert J. Loyd
Published: 2004

Transition Education and Services for Students with Disabilities (4th Edition)
Patricia L. Sitlington, Gary M. Clark
Published: 2006

Implementing Ongoing Transition Plans for the IEP
Pat McPartland
Published: 2004

Ready or Not, Here Life Comes
Mel Levine
Published: 2005
Realizing the College Dream with Autism or Asperger Syndrome: A Parent's Guide to Student Success
Ann Palmer
Published: 2005

Transition to Adulthood: A Resource for Assisting Young People with Emotional or Behavioral Difficulties
Edited by Hewitt B. Clark, Maryann Davis
Published: 2000

Pathways to Successful Transition for Youth with Disabilities
Gary Greene, Carol A. Kochhar
Published: October 29, 2002

Succeeding in College with Asperger Syndrome: A Student Guide
John Harpur, Maria Lawlor, Michael Fitzgerald
Published: Nov 2003

Transition Assessment: Planning Transition and IEP Development for Youth with Mild to Moderate Disabilities
Robert J. Miller, Richard C. Lombard, Stephanie A. Corbey
Published: 2007

PRO-ED www.proedinc.com Order publications on transition such as:
- Postsecondary Education and Transition for Students with Learning Disabilities — Second Edition
- Facilitating the Transition of Students Who Are Deaf or Hard of Hearing
- Career Counseling for People with Disabilities
- Family Involvement in Transition Planning and Implementation
- Transition from School to Young Adulthood
- Transition to Employment
- Preparing Teens for the World of Work
Postsecondary Education Internet Resources

- [www.gacollege411.org](http://www.gacollege411.org)  
  State of Georgia sponsored website. Search for careers, colleges, scholarships/loans. Helps students plan, apply, and pay for college (including HOPE scholarship information)

- [www.ahead.org](http://www.ahead.org)  
  AHEAD- Association of Higher Education and Disability; conferences/training, resources, publications

- [www.collegexpress.com](http://www.collegexpress.com)  
  Search colleges, loans, scholarships, and prep for tests. Explore majors and careers

- [www.salliemae.com](http://www.salliemae.com)  
  Financial planning and loans for college

- [www.collegeboard.com](http://www.collegeboard.com)  
  Information about college admissions, choosing a college, and paying for college. For parents, students, and educators

  College and scholarship search

- [www.gsfc.org](http://www.gsfc.org)  
  Georgia Student Finance Commission -- apply for financial aid and scholarships in Georgia

- [www.fastweb.com](http://www.fastweb.com)  
  Free scholarship search (must register). Also, college and job/internship search

  Federal student aid information

- [www.finaid.org](http://www.finaid.org)  
  Learn about the different types of financial aid available to students

- [www.ldonline.org/indepth/college](http://www.ldonline.org/indepth/college)  
  Articles about preparing students with LD and ADD/HD for college or technical schools

- [www.uncf.org](http://www.uncf.org)  
  United Negro College Fund- information on colleges and scholarships for historically black colleges

The previous sources may be of help to you as you consider the transitional needs of your student. While these sources are provided to assist you in your search, it is your responsibility to investigate them to determine their value and appropriateness for your situation and needs. These sources are provided as a sample of available resources and are for informational purposes only. THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DOES NOT MONITOR, EVALUATE, OR ENDORSE THE CONTENT OR INFORMATION OF THESE RESOURCES. NONE OF THESE RESOURCES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED THE ADVICE OR GUIDANCE OF THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
Transition Resources on the Internet:

- [www.cec.sped.org/](http://www.cec.sped.org/) *Council for Exceptional Children*
- [www.ncset.org/publications/default.asp](http://www.ncset.org/publications/default.asp)  Transition articles, parent briefs
- [www.mnddc.org/resources/factsheets/Transition_Planning.htm](http://www.mnddc.org/resources/factsheets/Transition_Planning.htm)  What is Transition? ...And how to plan
- [www.doe.k12.ga.us/ci_exceptional.aspx](http://www.doe.k12.ga.us/ci_exceptional.aspx)  GA Dept. of Education: Exceptional Students; look on right bottom side for information on Transition
- [http://www.parentcenterhub.org/resources/](http://www.parentcenterhub.org/resources/)  Transition: A Team Effort
- [www.transitioncoalition.org](http://www.transitioncoalition.org)  Transition Coalition website
- [www.ciclt.net/bsitf/](http://www.ciclt.net/bsitf/)  Brain and spinal injury trust fund authority
- [www.yellowpagesforkids.com/](http://www.yellowpagesforkids.com/)  Yellow Pages for kids with disabilities – list of resources
- [www.wrightslaw.com/](http://www.wrightslaw.com/)  Special education law
- [www.gacollege411.org/](http://www.gacollege411.org/)  Helping students plan, apply, and pay for college
- [www.employmentfirstgeorgia.org/](http://www.employmentfirstgeorgia.org/)  Employment First Georgia: works with Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency and support groups to help create/ find jobs for people with disabilities
- [www.nami.org](http://www.nami.org)  National Alliance on Mental Illness
- [www.compeeratlanta.org/](http://www.compeeratlanta.org/)  Non-profit organization that matches volunteers to mentally ill or disabled individuals to form supportive friendships (mentoring program)
- [www.rooseveltrehab.org/](http://www.rooseveltrehab.org/)  Warm Springs Institute for Rehabilitation
- [www.aadd.org](http://www.aadd.org)  Atlanta Alliance on Developmental Disabilities
- [www.lgtinc.org](http://www.lgtinc.org)  Let’s Get Together, Inc. --This site is dedicated to the pioneers of the movement and the people and groups that are making a difference today
- www.parenttoparentofga.org  Parent To Parent of Georgia: great guide for various types of services in special education
- www.atlantadsaa.org/  Down Syndrome Association of Atlanta
- www.caseylifeskills.org  Free online transition assessments in the area of life skills for youth or caregivers

The previous sources may be of help to you as you consider the transitional needs of your student. While these sources are provided to assist you in your search, it is your responsibility to investigate them to determine their value and appropriateness for your situation and needs. These sources are provided as a sample of available resources and are for informational purposes only. THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DOES NOT MONITOR, EVALUATE, OR ENDORSE THE CONTENT OR INFORMATION OF THESE RESOURCES. NONE OF THESE RESOURCES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED THE ADVICE OR GUIDANCE OF THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
Overview of Career Technical Instruction Support Services
(Formerly RVI-Related Vocational Instruction)

Career Technical Instruction (CTI) support services are designed to provide secondary students with disabilities with the support necessary to complete high school and attain employment skills in broad or specific career pathways. From 1979 to 2007, this program in Georgia was called Related Vocational Instruction (RVI).

Support Services
Career Technical Instruction (CTI) services in Georgia are designed to support students with disabilities who are enrolled in Career, Technical, and Agricultural Education (CTAE). The goal of this secondary (grades 9–12) level support service is to provide these students with employment opportunities at the completion of the career, technical, and agricultural experience. The role of the CTI Coordinators is to provide resource assistance to students with disabilities served under the Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) in CTAE classes. Students are served by special education teachers to ensure delivery of appropriate accommodations in their classes and to assist in coordination of the services needed to acquire future employment.

CTI Objectives
- Provide support services to students with disabilities enrolled in career and technical programs to ensure successful program completion.
- Enable students to acquire skills through a technical and career educational plan.
- Coordinate student’s course of study with post-secondary outcomes through an IEP.
- Participate in the development of the transition section of an IEP.
- Provide work-based learning experiences.
- Counsel parents, teachers, students, and faculty to assure correct CTAE placement and scheduling.
- Promote a positive self-image.
- Provide secondary students with disabilities the opportunity to successfully participate in CTAE classes.
- Maintain and document progress from school to career, which may include plans for post-secondary training.
- Coordinate technical and career assessment of interests and abilities.

Function of CTI Services
Effective implementation of CTI support services at the local level is designed to meet specific needs of students with disabilities in CTAE programs according to guidelines set forth by the interfacing concepts of CTAE and Special Education at the GaDOE. It necessitates a thorough understanding of CTI support service goals and the full spectrum of resources available to facilitate the achievement of those goals. It requires CTI Coordinators to utilize the specialized competencies and skills necessary to successfully implement CTI support services. The function of the CTI support services is to provide assistance to students with disabilities within CTAE classes and laboratories and to coordinate transitional services needed for students to attain the post secondary outcome goals specifically related to their education, training and employment goals.

A clarification of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act states that a student may not be identified and/or claimed as both disabled and disadvantaged. If a student meets both sets of criteria, the priority for identification should be as a student with a disability.
The planning and implementation of CTI support services in CTAE classrooms and laboratories must be consistent with the IEP goals of the students by involving appropriate faculty, administration, and community agencies. Likewise, all federal, state, and local requirements must be met.

**State Model**

The State of Georgia advocates that schools use the inclusive lab support services model. The *CTI Coordinator and/or Para Educator* spends each instructional period in one or more CTAE labs or classrooms. This model provides services on a rotation basis within courses, periods, and days of the week meeting the needs of multiple students within different CTAE programs. This program requires a *full period of planning* to meet the requirements of the Program of Work and to obtain a CTI support services grant.

**Professionalism**

As professionals, CTI Coordinators have a duty to strive to be as professional, at all times, as he or she can be. Teacher codes of ethics have naturally evolved from the needs of teachers in their relationships with students, associates, parents, the community, and from the desire of teachers to promote the welfare and usefulness of their profession. For this same reason, CTI Coordinators should adhere to the Code of Ethics.
The Center for Financial Independence and Innovation (CFII)

Credit-Able, Georgia’s Alternative Financing Program, provides low-interest loans through participating credit unions to enable Georgians with disabilities access to affordable financing for Assistive Technology and Home & Vehicle Modifications

Eligibility
- Residents of the State of Georgia
- Individuals with a disability, their family members or legal guardians
- Parents can apply for a loan on behalf of a child with a disability
- Employers who want to accommodate their worksite

Assistive Technology
Credit-Able loan guarantees can only be used to purchase Assistive Technology, including, but not limited to:
- Hearing Aids
- Computer Equipment & Software
- Ramps
- Recreational Equipment
- Modified Vehicles
- Home Modifications
- Lifts

Participating Credit Unions
Credit-Able does not provide direct loans. All loans are through one of our participating credit unions:
- Gwinnett Federal Credit Union
- MACO Educators Federal Credit Union
- Georgia Telco Federal Credit Union
- The Coca-Cola Company Family Federal Credit Union
Regardless of where you live in the state, Credit-Able can make accommodations for signing your loan document – just ask for details

To Request an Application or for more information, please call (404) 541-9005, download our online application, or email www.thecfii.org.
REGIONAL BOARD OF DBHDD  
CONTACT LIST  
Department of Behavioral Health Disabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Contact Info</th>
<th>Counties Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Region 1</td>
<td><strong>Charles Fetner</strong>, Regional Coordinator</td>
<td>Banks, Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cherokee, Cobb, Dade, Dawson, Douglas, Fanin, Floyd, Forsyth, Franklin, Gilmer, Gordon, Habersham, Hall, Haralson, Hart, Lumpkin, Murray, Paulding, Pickens, Polk, Rabun, Stephens, Towns, Union, Walker, White, Whitfield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>705 North Division Street</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rome, Georgia 30165</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phone – (706) 802-5272</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toll Free – 1-800-646-7721</td>
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<tr>
<td>Region 2</td>
<td>Reg Coordinator</td>
<td>Baldwin, Barrow, Bibb, Burke, Clarke, Columbia, Elbert, Emanuel, Glascock, Greene, Hancock, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Jenkins, Jones, Lincoln, Madison, McDuffie, Monroe, Morgan, Ocone, Oglethorpe, Putnam, Richmond, Screven, Taliaferro, Twiggs, Walton, Warren, Washington, Wilkes, Wilkinson</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3405 Mike Padgett Highway, Bld 3</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Augusta, GA 30906</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phone (706) 792-7733</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fax (706) 792-7740</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toll Free 1-866-380-4835</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Region 3</td>
<td><strong>Lynn Copeland</strong>, Reg Coordinator</td>
<td>Clayton, DeKalb, Fulton, Gwinnett, Newton, Rockdale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100 Crescent Centre Parkway, Suite 900</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tucker, GA 30084</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone (770) 414-3052</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fax (770) 414-3048</td>
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<tr>
<td>Region 4</td>
<td>Kenneth Brandon  Reg Coordinator</td>
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<td></td>
<td>PO Box 1378</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Thomasville, GA 31799-1378</td>
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<td>Phone: 229-225-5099</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fax: 229-227-2918</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toll free: 1-877-683-8557</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>400 S. Pinetree Boulevard</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thomasville, GA 31792</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region 5</th>
<th>Lee Johnson, Regional Coordinator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1915 Eisenhower Drive, Building 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Savannah, GA 31406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phone: (912) 303-1670</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fax: (912) 303-1681</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toll Free: 1-800 348-3503</td>
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</tbody>
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|                             | Baker, Ben Hill, Berrien, Brooks, |
|                             | Calhoun, , Decatur, Dougherty, Early, |
|                             | Echols, Grady, Irwin, Lanier, Lee, |
|                             | Lowndes, Miller, Mitchell, Seminole, |
|                             | Terrell, Thomas, Tift, Turner, Worth |

|                             | Appling, Atkinson, Bacon, Bleckley, |
|                             | Brantley, Bryan, Bulloch, Camden, |
|                             | Candler, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, |
|                             | Coffee, Dodge, Effingham, Evans, |
|                             | Glynn, Jeff Davis, Johnson, Laurens, |
|                             | Liberty, Long, McIntosh, |
|                             | Montgomery, Pierce, Pulaski, Tattnall, |
|                             | Telfair, Toombs, Treutlen, Ware, |
|                             | Wayne, Wheeler and Wilcox. |
| Region 6 | **Michael Link**, Regional Coordinator  
3000 Schatulga Road  
Columbus, Georgia 31907-2435  
Phone – (706) 565-7835 | Butts, Carroll, Chattahoochee, Clay, Coweta, Crawford, Crisp, Dooly, Fayette, Harris, Heard, Henry, Houston, Lamar, Macon, Marion, Meriwether, Muscogee, Peach, Pike, Quitman, Randolph, Schley, Spalding, Stewart, Sumter, Talbot, Taylor, Troup, Upson and Webster. |

---

**DBHDD Reg. Office – Additional Contacts**

**Region One DBHDD Office**

Contact Information  
Regional Coordinator  
Charles Fetner  
(706) 802-5272  
cafetner@dbhdd.ga.gov

Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator  
Debbie Atkins  
(706) 802-5272  
deatkins@dbhdd.ga.gov

Developmental Disabilities** Regional Services Administrator Ron Wakefield  
(770) 387-5440  
rfwakefield@dbhdd.ga.gov

**Note: DD Services are administered in Cartersville**

**DD Intake & Evaluation Office**

650 Henderson Drive  
Suite 430  
Cartersville, GA 30120  
Phone: (770) 387-5440  
Fax: (770) 387-5445  
Toll Free: (877) 217-4462

**Region One Community Service Providers**
Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225

Lookout Mountain Community Services
http://lmcs.org/
Tom Ford, Director  tomf@lmcs.org
P.O. Box 1027  GA 30728
Phone: (706) 638-5584
Fax: (706) 638-5585
Counties Served: Catoosa, Chattooga, Dade, Walker

Highland Rivers Community Service Board
http://highlandrivershealth.com/
Jason Bearden, CEO/Executive Director
jasonbearden@highlandrivers.org
1401 Applewood Drive, Suite 5
Dalton, GA  30720
Phone: (706) 270-5000
Fax: (706) 270-5124
Free: (800) 923-2305
Counties Served: Bartow, Cherokee, Fannin, Floyd, Gilmer, Gordon, Haralson*, Murray, Paulding, Pickens, Polk, Whitfield
*Haralson County residents receive services from Haralson Behavioral Health Services, which is operated by the Haralson County Board of Health.
Phone: (770) 537-2367
Fax: (770) 537-1203

Avita Community Partners
http://www.avitapartners.org/
Cindy McLaughlin, CEO
cindy.mclaughlin@avitapartners.org
Flowery Branch, GA 30542
Phone: (678) 513-5700
Fax: (678) 513-5829
Counties Served:
4331 Thurmond Tanner Road  Banks, Dawson, Forsyth, Franklin, Habersham, Hall, Hart, Lumpkin, Rabun, Stephens, Towns, Union, White

Cobb-Douglas CSB
http://cobbcsb.com/
Todd Citron, Director tcitron@cobbcsb.com
3830 S. Cobb Drive, Suite 300
Smyrna, GA 30080
Phone: (770) 429-5000
Fax: (770) 528-9824
Counties Served: Cherokee, Cobb, Douglas
Douglas County Community Service Board
1707 Blairs Bridge Rd,
Lithia Springs, GA 30122
Phone: (770) 739-5061
Counties Served: Douglas

Region Two DBHDD Office
Contact Information
Reg. Coordinator: Audrey Sumner acsumner@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 792-7733

Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator
Keith Edmonds- kedmonds@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 792-7696

Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Administrator
Karla Brown- kbrown@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 792-7695

Intake & Evaluation Team
Phone: 706-792-7741
Toll Free: 1-877-551-4897

Region Two Community Service Providers

Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225

Advantage Behavioral Health Systems
http://advantagebehavioral.org/
Cindy A. Darden, Director- cdarden@advantagebhs.org
250 North Avenue
Athens, GA 30601-2244
Phone: (706) 389-6739
Fax: (706) 542-9681

**Counties Served:** Barrow, Clarke, Elbert, Greene, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Walton

***

Serenity Behavioral Health Systems
http://serenitybhs.com/
Charles D. Williamson, CEO
cwilliamson@serenitybhs.com
3421 Mike Padgett Highway
Augusta, GA 30906-3815
Phone: (706) 432-7800
Fax: (706) 432-3791

**Counties Served:** Columbia, Lincoln, McDuffie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes

***

River Edge Behavioral Health Center
https://www.river-edge.org/index.cms
Shannon T. Harvey, CEO sharvey@river-edge.org
175 Emery Highway
Macon, GA 31217
Phone: (478) 751-4515
Fax: (478) 752-1040

**Counties Served:** Baldwin, Bibb, Jones, Monroe, Putnam, Twiggs, Wilkinson

***

Oconee Community Service Board
http://www.oconeecenter.org/
Angela Hicks-Hill, Director
oconeejaws@windstream.net
P.O. Box 1827
Milledgeville, GA 31059-1827
Phone: (478) 445-4817
Fax: (478) 445-4963

**Counties Served:** Baldwin, Hancock, Jasper, Putnam, Washington, Wilkinson

***

Ogeechee Behavioral Health Services
http://obhs-ga.org/
Amy Tribble, Director atribble@obhs-ga.org
223 N. Anderson Drive
Swainsboro, GA 30401-1259
Phone: (478) 289-2522
Fax: (478) 289-2544

**Counties Served:** Burke, Emanuel, Glascock, Jefferson, Jenkins, Screven
Region Three DBHDD Office
Contact Information
Regional Coordinator
Lynn Copeland- lcopelan@dbhdd.ga.gov
(770) 414-3052

Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator
Gwen Craddieht (Acting)- gc kaddeht@dbhdd.ga.gov
(770) 414-3066

Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Administrator
Lorraine Brooks- lbrooks@dbhdd.ga.gov
(770) 414-3046

Intake & Evaluation Team
Phone: 770-414-3052

Region Three Community Service Providers

Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225

Fulton County BHDD
http://www.fultoncountyga.gov/bhdd-services
Patrice Harris, MD, Director patrice.harris@fultoncountyga.gov
99 Jesse Hill Drive, SE, 4Floor
Atlanta, GA 30303
Phone: (404) 613-1202
Counties Served: Fulton
***

Clayton Center Community Service Board
http://claytoncenter.org/
Aundria Cheever, CEO aundria.cheever@claytoncenter.org
112 Broad Street
Jonesboro, GA 30236-1919
Phone: (770) 478-2280
Fax: (770) 477-9772
Counties Served: Clayton
***

**DeKalb Community Service Board**
[http://dekcSB.org/](http://dekcSB.org/)
Gary S. Richey, Director garyr@dekcsb.org
445 Winn Way, Room 464
Decatur, GA 30030-1707
Phone: (404) 294-3836
Fax: (404) 508-7795
Counties Served: DeKalb
***

**View Point Health**
[https://www.myviewpointhealth.org/](https://www.myviewpointhealth.org/)
David Crews, CEO david.crews@vphealth.org
175 Gwinnett Drive, Suite 260
Lawrenceville, GA 30346
Phone: (678) 209-2370
Fax: (678) 212-6308
Counties Served: Gwinnett, Newton, Rockdale

**Region Four DBHDD Office**
Contact Information
**Regional Coordinator**
Ken Brandon kbrandon@dbhdd.ga.gov
(229) 225-5099

**Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator**
Jennifer Dunn jwdunn@dbhdd.ga.gov
(229) 225-5099

**Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Administrator**
Michael Bee mbee@dbhdd.ga.gov
(229) 225-5099

**Region Four Community Service Providers**

**Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225**

**Aspire Behavioral Health and**
Developmental Disability Services
http://www.albanycsb.org/about.html
Kay Brooks, Executive Director kbrooks@albanycsb.org
601 W. 11 Avenue
Albany, GA 31702
Phone: (229) 430-4042
Fax: (229) 430-4047
Counts Served: Baker, Calhoun, Dougherty, Early, Lee, (formerly Albany Area Community Service Board)
Miller, Terrell, Worth
***
Georgia Pines Community Service Board
http://georgiapines.net/
Robert Jones, Director bjoness@georgiapines.net
1102 Smith Avenue, Suite K
Thomasville, GA 31792-1659
Phone: (229) 225-4370
Fax: (229) 225-4374
Counts Served: Colquitt, Decatur, Grady, Mitchell, Seminole, Thomas
***
Behavioral Health Services of South Georgia
http://www.bhsga.com/
David Sofferin, CEO dsofferin@bhsga.com
3120 North Oak Street EXT, Suite C
Valdosta, GA 31602-1007
Phone: (229) 671-6102
Fax: (229) 671-6755
Counts Served: Ben Hill, Berrien, Brooks, Cook, Echols, Irwin, Lanier, Lowndes, Tift, Turner

Region Five DBHDD Office
Contact Information
Regional Coordinator
Leland "Lee" Johnson leland.johnson@dbhdd.ga.gov
(912) 303-1670

Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator
Ted Schiffman ted.schiffman@dbhdd.ga.gov
(912) 303-1670

Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Administrator
Stephanie Stewart stephanie.stewart@dbhdd.ga.gov
(912) 303-1670
Region Five Community Service Providers

Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225

Community Service Board of Middle Georgia
http://www.csbmgs.us/
Denise Forbes, LCSW, Executive Director
dforges@csbmgs.com
2121 A Bellevue Road
Dublin, GA 31021-2998
Phone: (478) 272-1190
Fax: (478) 275-6509
Counties Served: Bleckley, Dodge, Johnson, Laurens, Montgomery, Pulaski, Telfair, Treutlen, Wheeler, Wilcox

Pineland Area Community Service Board
http://pinelandcsb.org/
June DiPolito, Executive Director jdipolito@pinelandcsb.org
5 West Altman Street
Statesboro, GA 30458
Phone: (912) 764-6906
Fax: (912) 489-3058
Counties Served: Appling, Bulloch, Candler, Evans, Jeff Davis, Tattnall, Toombs, Wayne

Unison Behavioral Health Services
http://www.unisonbehavioralhealth.com/
Allen Brown, CEO abrown@unisonbh.com
1007 Mary Street
Waycross, GA 31503
Phone: (912) 449-7101
Fax: (912) 287-6660
Counties Served: Atkinson, Bacon, Brantley, Charlton, Clinch, Coffee, Pierce, Ware

Region Six DBHDD Office
Contact Information
Regional Coordinator
Michael Link michael.link@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 565-3478

Behavioral Health Regional Services Administrator
Chris Newland (Acting) chris.newland@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 569-2974

Developmental Disabilities Regional Services Administrator
Valona Baldwin (Acting) valona.baldwin@dbhdd.ga.gov
(706) 565-3692
Region Six Community Service Providers

Georgia Crisis & Access Line – (800) 715-4225

Pathways Center for Behavioral Health and Developmental Growth
http://www.pathwayscsb.org/
Jade Benefield, Director jade.benefield@pathwayscsb.org
120 Gordon Commercial Drive, Suite A
LaGrange, GA 30240
Phone: (706) 845-4045
Fax: (706) 845-4341
Counts Served: Carroll, Coweta, Heard, Meriwether, Troup

McIntosh Trail Community Service Board
http://www.mctrail.org/
Pat McCollum, Director pmccollum@mctrail.org
1501-A Kalamazoo Drive
Griffin, GA 30224
Phone: (770) 358-8250
Fax: (770) 229-3223
Counts Served: Butts, Fayette, Henry, Lamar, Pike, Spalding, Upson,

New Horizons Community Service Board
http://www.newhorizonscsb.org/
Sherman Whitfield, CEO swhitfield@newhorizonscsb.com
2100 Comer Avenue
Columbus, GA 31907
Phone: (706) 596-5583
Fax: (706) 596-5589
Counts Served: Chattahoochee, Clay, Harris, Muscogee, Quitman, Randolph, Stewart, Talbot

Middle Flint Behavioral Healthcare
http://www.middleflintbhc.org/
Beth Regan, CEO bethr@sstarga.com
415 North Jackson Street
Americus, GA 31709
Phone: (229) 931-2470
Fax: (229) 931-2474
Counts Served: Crisp, Dooly, Macon, Marion, Schley, Sumter, Taylor, Webster

Phoenix Center Behavioral Health Services
http://phoenixcenterbhs.com/
James Singleton, CEO jamessingleton@phoenixcenterbhs.com
940 Highway 96
Warner Robbins, GA 31088
Phone: (478) 988-1002
Fax: (478) 988-1106
**Counties Served:** Crawford, Houston, Peach
A DESKTOP GUIDE TO SOCIAL SECURITY AND WORK INCENTIVES
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Special rules make it possible for a person with disabilities receiving Social Security or Supplemental Security Income (SSI) to work and still receive monthly payments and Medicare or Medicaid. Social Security calls these employment supports “work incentives”. The following link gives the rules that apply under each program. For copies or additional materials on work incentives, contact any Social Security office. http://www.hybridbikesrev.com/read/your-ticket-to-work-social-security-administration/
WORK INCENTIVES

There are several types of work incentives that apply to either SSI recipients of SSDI/SSDAC beneficiaries. Some may apply to both types of recipients.

Work incentives are expenses that an individual with a disability incurs during the process of acquiring, going to and from, or performing work. They are expenses that a person with a disability pays directly and are not reimbursable through any other resource. The Social Security Administration allows these eligible expenses to be deducted from the income before figuring the amount of the SSI check or eligibility check for someone on SSDI/SSDAC.

Work Incentives include:
- Impairment Related Work Expenses (IRWE)
- Blind Work Expenses (BWE)
- Student Earned Income Subsidy

For more information contact the Social Security Administration:
1-800-SSA-1213 or 1-800-772-1213
www.ssa.gov

Publications available by download or by mail include:
- Work Incentives for People with Disabilities (The Red Book)
  Publication Number 64-030 http://www.ssa.gov/redbook/
- Working While Disabled
- Social Security Disability Programs
  Publication Number 05-10057 http://www.ssa.gov/pubs/10057.html
- Supplemental Security Income
  Publication Number 05-11000 http://www.ssa.gov/pubs/11000.html
- A Desktop Guide to Social Security and SSI Work Incentives
  Publication Number 05-11002 www.disabilityrightsca.org/pubs/551601.pdf
For complete information about the Ticket to Work Program offered by the Social Security Administration, visit the website at www.yourtickettowork.com. Other information on SSA work incentives and the Ticket to Work Program may be found on the Social Security website: www.ssa.gov/work.

The goal of the Ticket to Work Program is to help people receiving SSI (Supplemental Security Income) and/or SSDI (Social Security Disability Insurance) benefits become self-supporting. When beneficiaries can earn enough income from working, they will become independent and will no longer need Social Security cash benefits.

To help beneficiaries go to work or, if they are already working, to earn a higher income, Employment Networks (EN) are available to provide employment, vocational, and/or other support services. An EN may be a public and/or private provider approved by SSA to assist beneficiaries in achieving their employment goals. There is no cost to the beneficiary and participation is completely voluntary. (A decision not to use the Ticket will have no impact on Social Security cash benefits.)

Ticket holders may assign their Ticket to any approved EN. For example, a school that provides services to beneficiaries who are 18 years of age or older can apply to become an EN and receive supplemental funding. If a beneficiary receives a Ticket and applies for and receives services from an EN or VR, under a written plan, Social Security requires that the Ticket be assigned to that EN or VR Program. But if a beneficiary stops receiving EN or VR services, or if a beneficiary wants to switch from one EN to another, the Ticket can be reassigned.

The advantages of using the Ticket to Work include, but are not limited to:

- protection from further SSA Continuing Disability Reviews as long as the beneficiary is actively working with an EN towards employment and meeting SSA’s Ticket use criteria;
- continued receipt of SSI and/or SSDI benefits, including monthly checks and health coverage, i.e., no loss of benefits until a beneficiary has become self-supporting with an independent income; and
- the use of all appropriate work incentives already offered by SSA, such as the Student Earned Income Exclusion (SEIE), Impairment-Related Work Expenses (IRWE), and the Plan for Achieving Self-Support (PASS) – all while working to become employable, self-supporting, and independent.

For further information about benefits and assistance in understanding SSA’s programs and work incentives, there are three Benefits Planning, Assistance and Outreach (BPAO) projects within Georgia. These programs are Benefits Navigator, Project 20/20, and Georgia Rehabilitation Outreach Program (GROUP). Each of the three programs serves a different geographical area. For GROUP information, call Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency Customer Service Center, toll-free, at call 1-866-968-7842(V), 866-833-2967(TTY) M - F 8:00 AM - 8:00 PM EST, or visit the following website and follow the directions: http://gvra.georgia.gov/vocationalrehab/employment-initatives
Making Timely Progress After You Assign Your Ticket

Your road to employment through the Ticket program is a two-way street: You receive free assistance from your EN or state VR in preparing for, finding and keeping a job, while you work your way towards financial independence. In return, you pledge to Social Security that you will take specific steps – determined by the plan you developed with your service provider – within specific timeframes set by Social Security to:

- Work at a specified earnings level or,
- Complete certain educational or training requirements.

When you participate in the Ticket program, you are working with your EN or VR to reduce or eliminate your dependence on SSDI and/or SSI cash benefits.

Taking the agreed-upon steps toward employment within Social Security’s timeframes is called making “timely progress” towards:

- Receiving the education and training you need to succeed at work and your long-term career
- Becoming and staying employed
- Reducing your dependence on SSDI or SSI payments
- Earning your way off cash benefits, if possible

For you, the return for making “timely progress” is that you succeed in achieving a more financially independent life.

Social Security ordinarily reviews your medical condition from time to time to see whether you are still disabled. Social Security uses a process called the Continuing Disability Review, or CDR. If you assign your Ticket to an approved service provider before you receive a CDR notice and you make “timely progress” following your employment plan, Social Security will not conduct a review of your medical condition. If you assign your Ticket after you receive a CDR notice, Social Security will continue with your scheduled medical review.

I’m Interested! What’s Next?

Here are five actions you can take right now to learn more about the Ticket to Work program and Social Security’s Work Incentives:

- Read our Frequently Asked Questions about the Ticket to Work program
- View success stories of beneficiaries like you who have used the Ticket program to build a better life and achieve financial independence
- Sign up for a free WISE Webinar to learn more about Ticket to Work and Work Incentives

http://chooseworkttw.net/about/making-progress/index.html
The Georgia High School/High Tech (HS-HT) Initiative helps youth with disabilities make better, more informed decisions about their careers and their futures. This is accomplished by focusing on employment, career development, education, training, leadership, and growth opportunities.

In addition to the student-centered objectives, High School/High Tech helps business leaders in the science, engineering, and technology fields understand the use of assistive technologies and the accommodation needs of people with disabilities.

The Mission: High School/High Tech is a community-based enrichment initiative for high school students with disabilities. It is designed to develop career opportunities and provide activities that will spark students’ interest in high technology career fields, and to encourage them to pursue higher education.

Who is eligible for Participation in Georgia High School/High Tech?

A currently enrolled high school student between the ages of 14 and 22 who:

- Has a current Individual Education Plan (IEP) or 504 Plan for any disability including but not limited to learning, physical, or sensory disabilities;
- Has the ability to pursue postsecondary education, training and/or employment;
- Has an interest in technical fields including math and science; and
- Has the desire to actively participate in the programs offered through the High School/High Tech program.

For more information about the Georgia High School/High Tech Initiative, contact Karen Royston (706) 353-7987 at Royston.Karen@gmail.com

Or visit the website at http://gvra.georgia.gov/vocationalrehab/high-school-high-tech
GEORGIA ACRONYMS AND INITIALS

The following is a list of acronyms or initials often used when dealing with school systems, state and federal agencies. You may hear these initials used and feel lost. This list will help you understand the language of the school system and various agencies.

AADD Atlanta Alliance on Developmental Disabilities
AFDC Aid to Families with Dependent Children
ABI Acquired Brain Injury
APS Adult Protective Services
ARC Association for Retarded Citizens
BWE Blind Work Expenses
C & A Child and Adolescent Program
CAC Citizen Advisory Council
CBI Community Based Instruction
CBVI Community Based Vocational Instruction
CBVT Community Based Vocational Training
CDR Continuing Disability Review
CMI Chronically Mentally Ill
CSB Community Service Board
CTI Career Technical Instruction
CTR Center
DCM Dedicated Case Management
DCT Diversified Cooperative Training
DD Developmental Disability
DEC Developmental Evaluation Clinic
DFACS Department of Family and Children’s Services
D/HH Deaf/Hard of Hearing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DHR</td>
<td>Department of Human Resources</td>
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<tr>
<td>DMA</td>
<td>Department of Medical Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBD</td>
<td>Emotional and Behavioral Disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPE</td>
<td>Extended Period of Eligibility- Part of Title II/SSI/SSDAC Benefits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESP</td>
<td>Employment Support Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FBR</td>
<td>Federal Benefit Rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>GaDOE</td>
<td>Georgia Department of Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>GLRS</td>
<td>Georgia Learning Resource Systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>GRH</td>
<td>Georgia Regional Hospital</td>
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<tr>
<td>GVRA</td>
<td>Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency</td>
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<tr>
<td>IEP</td>
<td>Individualized Education Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPE</td>
<td>Individualized Plan for Employment</td>
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<tr>
<td>IRWE</td>
<td>Impairment Related Work Expense</td>
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<tr>
<td>ISP</td>
<td>Individual Service Plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>ITA</td>
<td>Individual Transition Account</td>
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<tr>
<td>ITP</td>
<td>Individual Transition Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LB</td>
<td>Legally Blind</td>
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<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Learning Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>MHDDAD</td>
<td>Mental Health Developmental Disabilities and Addictive Diseases</td>
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<tr>
<td>MID</td>
<td>Mild Intellectual Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>MOID</td>
<td>Moderate Intellectual Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>OI</td>
<td>Orthopedic Impairment</td>
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<tr>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>Plan to Achieve Self-Support</td>
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<tr>
<td>PCP</td>
<td>Person Centered Planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>PID</td>
<td>Profound Intellectual Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>Acronym</td>
<td>Definition</td>
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<tr>
<td>SE</td>
<td>Supported Employment</td>
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<tr>
<td>SED</td>
<td>Severe Emotional Disturbance</td>
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<tr>
<td>SGA</td>
<td>Substantial Gainful Activity- Gross wages of $700 per month</td>
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<tr>
<td>SID</td>
<td>Severe Intellectual Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>SLD</td>
<td>Specific Learning Disability</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSA</td>
<td>Social Security Administration</td>
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<td>SSDAC</td>
<td>Social Security for the Disabled Adult Child</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSDI</td>
<td>Social Security Disability Income</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSI</td>
<td>Supplemental Security Income</td>
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<tr>
<td>TBI</td>
<td>Traumatic Brain Injury</td>
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<tr>
<td>TWP</td>
<td>Trial Work Period- Part of Title II/SSI/SSDAC Benefits</td>
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<tr>
<td>VI</td>
<td>Visual Impairment</td>
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<tr>
<td>WIC</td>
<td>Women, Infants, and Children</td>
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<tr>
<td>WIA</td>
<td>Workforce Investment Act</td>
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</tbody>
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Glossary

Accommodation- A change in the usual way of doing things so an individual’s needs can be met.

ADL/ Activities of Daily Living- Basic skills such as housekeeping, meal planning, money management, arranging social activities, use of public transportation, and taking medication, etc.

Advocacy- Speaking up for a cause, person, or idea.

Aging Out- The term that applies to a student who is nearing the end of his/her time in public schools.

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)- A federal law that prohibits discrimination against individuals with disabilities.

Aptitude- A person’s ability for learning; a talent or quickness in learning, and understanding in particular areas.

Assistive Technology- Equipment, hardware, inventions, tools, or other help for people with disabilities; aids in helping people do the tasks of daily life.

Career/ Vocational assessment- The systematic collection of information about a student’s vocational aptitudes, abilities, expressed interests, and career awareness used in the planning for transition to employment of post-secondary school.

CBI/ Community Based Instruction- Integrating students into the community as part of their educational instruction.

Competitive Employment- A job in the community for which the hiring, salary, and job description are considered equal for all employees.

Extracurricular Activities- Events or activities that are not part of academic requirements at school.

Individual Education Program (IEP)- A written legal document which ensures that a child with a disability receives a Free and Appropriate Education (FAPE) in the least restrictive environment. IEP’s are developed through discussion at team meetings that include parents and the professionals involved in the child’s education.

Independent Living Skills: The motivation, knowledge and ability to live daily life in as self-reliant a way as possible, with the least amount of control by others.

Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA)- This was originally called Education for All Handicapped Children Act (Public Law 94-142) signed into law on Nov 29, 1975. This law has since been renamed and was recently reauthorized in 2004. IDEA is a federal law that strengthened academic expectations and accountability for children with disabilities in public schools. It mandates that individual educational goals and services must be developed for each child with a disability.
Interest Inventory: Verbal, written, or computer exercises that help a person identify what jobs might be a good fit for them based on things they like to do and activities they like to participate in.

Job Coach- A person who provides assistance to an individual with a disability to learn or maintain a job.

Job Shadowing: Exploring different occupations and types of work environments by following and watching people actually performing the jobs.

Learning Styles: The manner in which an individual learns or the psychological or cognitive characteristics that determine how a person learns best.

Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)- A requirement in federal law in which children with disabilities receive their education, to the maximum extent appropriate, with non-disabled peers.

Mobility Skills: The word “mobility” refers to the ability of people with vision or other disabilities to move with ease, speed, and safety through their environment.

Occupational Therapy- Planned activities for persons with disabilities to help them gain greater independence in living and work environments.

On-the-Job-Training: Knowledge and skills that a person acquires while they are in the workplace, already doing some activities related to an existing position description.

Portfolio: A collection of evidence, usually including papers, pictures, descriptions, and recommendations that represents a person’s performance.

Pre-vocational- Activities designed to prepare an individual for a job and teach job-related behaviors.

Primary Caregiver- The person who spends the most time caring for someone who is unable to be independent.

Psychological Evaluation- An assessment of performance and capabilities which uses psychological tests to guide the establishment of appropriate interventions.

Psycho-Social Evaluation- An assessment of an individual’s thoughts, emotions, and interactions with people.

Recreational Therapy- A structured plan to develop a healthy body and mind through fun and relaxation.

Rehabilitation- The process of regaining lost functions and skills.

Respite Care- Time away from the responsibilities of caring for someone who cannot care for themselves. Can be in-home respite.

School to Work Opportunities Act- The federal act that provides funding for systematic change that includes work-based, school-based, and connecting activities to create quality opportunities for all students.
Self-advocacy - The act of speaking up for oneself and being able to communicate needs to other people.

Self-determination - A process in which the individual’s preferences, interests, abilities, and wishes are the focus of planning and implementing activities.

Social Security - Federal government income plan payable to retired workers, survivors, and individuals with disabilities, who qualify.

Social Security Disability Income (SSDI) - Provides benefits to workers or certain members of a worker’s family who qualify, based on an impairment severe enough to prevent working for a year or more, or which is expected to result in death. The definition requires total disability. Benefits will continue as long as the person is medically disabled and not engaged in substantial gainful employment.

Study Skills - Techniques of scheduling time, finding a quiet place, remembering, reviewing, deciding what material is important, and taking notes are all study skills. Study skills classes offered in some schools will help individuals find out what particular study skills work best.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) - Basic monthly financial assistance for people with disabilities who are not gainfully employed and for the elderly.

Supported Employment - A program for persons with disabilities designed to assist integration into competitive employment.

Transition Services - A coordinated set of activities for students as part of their IEP, designed to promote movement from school to post-school activities, including post-secondary education, vocational training, integrated employment, related services, independent living, or community participation.

Some terms adapted from “Opening Doors to Postsecondary Education and Training”, Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

The previous sources may be of help to you as you consider the transitional needs of your student. While these sources are provided to assist you in your search, it is your responsibility to investigate them to determine their value and appropriateness for your situation and needs. These sources are provided as a sample of available resources and are for informational purposes only. THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DOES NOT MONITOR, EVALUATE, OR ENDORSE THE CONTENT OR INFORMATION OF THESE RESOURCES. NONE OF THESE RESOURCES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED THE ADVICE OR GUIDANCE OF THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.