

**TITLE III, PART A—SUBGRANT FOR IMMIGRANT CHILDREN AND YOUTH**  
**GEORGIA’S ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

**Immigrant Children and Youth Subgrant Eligibility Requirements:**

Districts qualify for an Immigrant subgrant if their immigrant student count is at or above 50 and that number represents an **increase** of at least 10% over the LEA’s **previous two-year average immigrant population**.

District Name	# Immigrant Students Reported in Current Year	LEA meets minimum number for Immigrant grant?	# Immigrant Students Reported Year One (2015-2016)	# Immigrant Students Reported Year Two (2016-2017)	Minimum Number Current-Year Immigrant Students Needed to Qualify	Is Current-Year Number ≥ 10% the Average of the Previous 2 Years?
<b>SAMPLE 1</b> A County Schools	600	Yes	570	585	636 (10%-increase over average of Year 1 and Year 2)	NO
<b>SAMPLE 2</b> B County Schools	274	Yes	250	233	267 (10%-increase over average of Year 1 and Year 2)	YES
<b>SAMPLE 3</b> C County Schools	75	Yes	115	90	114 (10%-increase over average of Year 1 and Year 2)	NO
<b>SAMPLE 4</b> D County Schools	35	No	N/A	N/A	Does not meet initial minimum (50) for subgrant consideration.	NO

**Definitions:**

Key Term	Definition
Immigrant Children and Youth:	The term immigrant means individuals who: (A) are aged 3 through 21; (B) were <b>not born</b> in any State <sup>2</sup> ; and (C) have not been attending one or more schools in any one or more States for more than 3 full academic years <sup>3</sup> .
State:	This includes each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. This definition is for Title III purposes only and is unlike the definition of “State” in Section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), which applies generally to ESEA programs. Section 9101 does include the outlying areas.