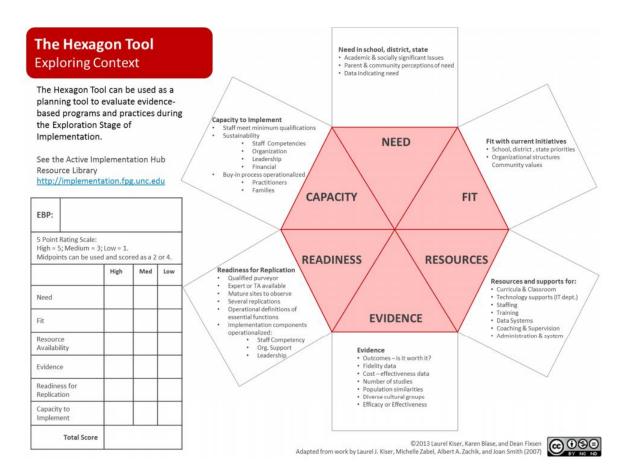
<u>Evidence-Based Suicide Prevention Programs</u> <u>for School Systems</u>

Using the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)'s National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practices (NREPP), DBHDD's Office of Behavioral Health Prevention recommends a list of approved suicide prevention trainings for Georgia public school system personnel. These suicide awareness and prevention trainings were compiled from an advanced search of NREPP evidence-based programs (http://nrepp.samhsa.gov/AdvancedSearch.aspx) using the keywords "suicide prevention," and narrowed down according to appropriateness and adaptability to public school personnel. Certified NREPP reviewers independently assess and rate intervention programs that are nominated by their developers or identified through SAMHSA/NREPP environmental scans via literature searches, focus groups, and interviews. As evidence-based programs, the interventions are rated according to the strength of their evaluation studies' methodology, extent of outcome impacts, program implementation according to design, and conceptual framework design. NREPP's criteria for being evaluated as an "evidence-based" NREPP intervention are being assessed for behavioral health outcomes, demonstrating evidence of behavioral health outcomes in one or more experimental or quasi-experimental studies, and being published in a peer-reviewed journal or professional publication. It is important to note that this list is not compiled from an exhaustive list of evidence-based programs, as NREPP does not review all interventions.

The five approved evidence-based trainings for Georgia public school personnel are QPR Gatekeeper Training for Suicide Prevention, Kognito At-Risk for High School Educators, SOS Signs of Suicide, Lifelines Curriculum, and Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST). SOS Signs of Suicide, Lifelines Curriculum, and ASIST are trainings recommended particularly for school counselors or social workers, as opposed to all certificated school personnel, for the reasons listed below. Links to the NREPP websites for these programs are also provided, alongside an overview of each training.

Resources for Effective Implementation from the NREPP Learning Center

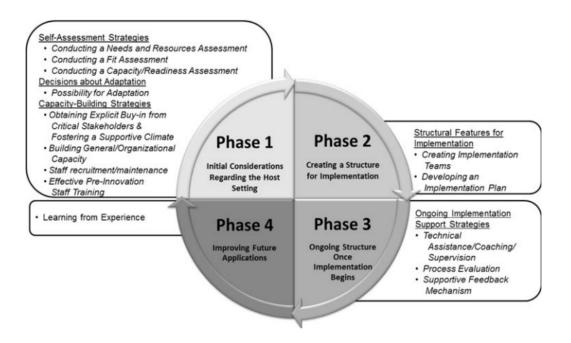
- National Implementation Research Network & UNC State Implementation & Scaling-up of Evidence-based Practices Center – The Hexagon Tool: Exploring Context http://implementation.fpg.unc.edu/sites/implementation.fpg.unc.edu/files/resources/NIRN-Education-TheHexagonTool.pdf
 - Tool to evaluate six factors prior to implementation: needs of students, fit of
 intervention, resource availability, evidence for outcomes, readiness for replication of
 intervention, and capacity to implement in sustainable and improvable way



- UNC State Implementation & Scaling-up of Evidence-based Practices Center Creating Meaningful Change in Education: A Cascading Logic Model http://sisep.fpg.unc.edu/sites/sisep.fpg.unc.edu/files/resources/SISEP-Brief6-CascadingLogicModel.pdf
 - Ask "How" Five Times: How will students benefit? How will teachers be supported? How
 will District and school implementation teams be developed and supported? How will
 Regional supports be developed to support District and school implementation teams?
 How will state infrastructures be developed to expand and sustain capacity?

- National Implementation Research Network ImpleMap: Exploring the Implementation Landscape
 - http://implementation.fpg.unc.edu/sites/implementation.fpg.unc.edu/files/resources/NIRN-ImpleMap.pdf
 - Used to survey areas of strength, overlap, gaps, degrees of integration and fragmentation with implementation efforts to ensure effective, integrated, efficient, and sustainable planning and readiness
- Meyers, D. C., Durlak, J. A., & Wandersman, A. (2012). The quality implementation framework: A synthesis of critical steps in the implementation process. *American Journal of Community Psychology*, 50(3-4), 462-480.
 - http://nrepp.samhsa.gov/Docs/The%20Quality%20Implementation%20Framework %20A%20Synthesis%20of%20Critical%20Steps%20in%20the%20Implementation%20Process%20.pdf

Fig. 2 Dynamic interplay among the critical steps of the QIF. The arrows from one phase to the next are intended to suggest that the steps in each of the phases should continue to be addressed throughout the implementation process. Steps in each of the phases may need to be strengthened, revisited, or adapted throughout the use of an innovation in an organization/ community. While a logical order in which the critical steps unfold was needed to develop a coherent framework, we believe the manner in which they are implemented in practice will depend on many factors (e.g., context, resources, logistical concerns)



- Fig. 2 shows the continuous phases of the Quality Implementation Framework (QIF) in the implementation process
 - Phase 1. Initial Considerations Regarding the Host Setting
 - Self-Assessment Strategies
 - Decisions about Adaptation
 - Capacity-Building Strategies
 - Phase 2. Creating a Structure for Implementation
 - Structural Features for Implementation
 - Phase 3. Ongoing Structure Once Implementation Begins
 - Ongoing Implementation Support Strategies
 - Phase 4. Improving Future Applications
 - Repeat phases

NREPP evidence-based trainings for all certificated school personnel

The evidence-based trainings recommended for all certificated school personnel are **QPR Gatekeeper Training for Suicide Prevention** and **Kognito At-Risk for High School Educators**. Both of these programs are gatekeeper trainings, which means that these programs will teach certificated school personnel, who may have routine contact with students potentially at-risk for suicide, how to recognize and respond to these youth and then refer them to appropriate resources.

Program	QPR Gatekeeper Training for Suicide Prevention
Audience	Adults 18 years or older strategically positioned to recognize and refer someone at
	risk of suicide (i.e. parents, friends, neighbors, teachers, coaches, caseworkers, police
	officers); can be adapted for school systems/youth and other occupations; U.S. and
	international
Description	1-2 hour in-person or online gatekeeper training aimed to teach participants how to
	Question the individual's desire or intent regarding suicide, Persuade the person to
	seek and accept help, and Refer the person to appropriate resources
Components	 Epidemiology of suicide and current statistics, with myths and
	misconceptions about suicide and suicide prevention
	General warning signs of suicide
	3. Three target gatekeeper skills (question, persuade, refer)
	4. School/youth focus with local rates of students' suicidal behavior and the
	school district's protocol for responding to suicidal students
	Booklets/wallet cards as a tool to recall skills and resources learned in training
Activities	Short video of interviews with people who have experienced suicide in their families,
	schools, and neighborhoods; standardized role-play dialogue for behavioral rehearsal
	practice session
Outcomes	1. Knowledge about suicide (rated 2.6/4.0)
	2. Gatekeeper self-efficacy (rated 2.6/4.0)
	3. Knowledge of suicide prevention resources (rated 2.9/4.0)
	4. Gatekeeper skills (rated 2.8/4.0)
	5. Diffusion of gatekeeper training information (rated 2.5/4.0)
Link	http://legacy.nreppadmin.net/ViewIntervention.aspx?id=299

Program	Kognito At-Risk for High School Educators
Audience	High school teachers and other school personnel in the U.S.
Description	1-hour online gatekeeper training to develop knowledge and skills for identifying,
	approaching, and referring students exhibiting signs of psychological distress (i.e.
	depression, anxiety, substance abuse, suicidal ideation)
Components	1. Introduce evidence-based communication techniques to handle the topic of
	psychological distress and motivate students to accept appropriate support
	2. Avoid pitfalls in referral conversations
	3. Increase confidence and ability to handle real-life situations
	4. Reduce stigma around mental health issues by normalizing mental health
	disorders and increasing protective factors
	5. Provide local mental health resources within course links
Activities	Human Interaction Game Engine with role play conversation practice simulations
	with animated, emotionally responsive student avatars that act and respond like real
	humans
Outcomes	1. Preparedness to recognize, approach, and refer students exhibiting signs of
	psychological distress (rated 2.8/4.0)
	2. Likelihood of approaching and referring students exhibiting signs of
	psychological distress (2.8/4.0)
	3. Confidence in one's ability to help students exhibiting signs of psychological
	distress (2.8/4.0)
Link	http://legacy.nreppadmin.net/ViewIntervention.aspx?id=317

NREPP evidence-based training for school counselors and social workers

The evidence-based trainings recommended for school counselors and social workers are **SOS Signs of Suicide**, **Lifelines Curriculum**, and **Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST)**. SOS Signs of Suicide and Lifelines Curriculum are predominantly educational curriculums for middle to high school students that include other program components that may not evaluated as evidence-based at this time. These trainings are recommended for school counselors and social workers, or other trained mental health professionals among school personnel, so that they can learn the educational curriculums and know how to disseminate and facilitate the programs for students. ASIST is recommended for school counselors and social workers due to the in-depth, two-day training that includes suicide safety planning with at-risk students, not just the gatekeeper role asked of all certificated school personnel.

Program	SOS Signs of Suicide
Audience	Middle school (ages 11-13) or high school (ages 13-17) students for main curriculum,
	with gatekeeper training portions for adults (i.e. parents or school staff)
Description	Classroom educational DVDs and guided discussion to improve knowledge about
	depression and suicide, while encouraging positive attitudes towards help-seeking
	through the ACT technique of acknowledging the problem, expressing care, and
	telling a trusted adult. Includes an optional screening tool for depression and suicide
	risk, as well as 2 gatekeeper training tools.
Components	1. Decrease suicide and suicide attempts by increasing student knowledge and
	adaptive attitudes about depression, suicidality, and self-injury
	2. Encourage personal help-seeking and/or help-seeking on behalf of a friend
	through ACT (Acknowledge, Care, Tell)
	3. Reduce the stigma of mental illness and acknowledge the importance of
	seeking help or treatment
	4. Engage parents and school staff as partners in prevention through
	"gatekeeper" education
	5. Encourage schools to develop community-based partnerships to support
	student mental health
Activities	Educational DVDs for school staff to play for students, guided classroom discussions
	for students about suicide and depression, optional student screening tool for
	depression and suicide risk to identify students for referral, 22-minute DVD of
	gatekeeper training for staff meetings/parent nights, 90-minute online gatekeeper
	training course with suicide prevention information and step-by-step implementation
	guidance
Outcomes	1. Suicide attempts (2.3/4.0)
	2. Knowledge of depression and suicide (2.2/4.0)
	3. Attitudes toward depression and suicide (2.8/4.0)
Link	http://legacy.nreppadmin.net/ViewIntervention.aspx?id=53

Program	Lifelines Curriculum
Audience	Middle to high school adolescent students, ages 13-17
Description	Curriculum to educate students about suicidal behavior and discuss their role in
	suicide prevention, which is the last sequential component of the larger Lifelines
	Program that includes resources and procedures to respond to students at risk,
	training for school faculty and staff for identification and response to suicidal
	students, workshop and materials for parents, and the student Lifelines Curriculum.
Components	Promote a caring, competent school community encouraging and modeling
	help seeking and recognition of suicide as an issue that cannot be kept secret
	2. Increase the likelihood that school staff and students know how to identify
	at-risk youth, provide appropriate initial response, obtain help, and take
	action
Activities	Four 45-minute or two 90-minute lessons for health teachers and/or guidance
	counselors to teach in the regular school health curriculum, applying the social
	development model and interactive teaching techniques
Outcomes	(Only the Lifelines Curriculum component of the Lifelines Program has been
	evaluated as evidence-based thus far, so the following outcomes are applicable only
	to the Lifelines Curriculum component.)
	1. Student knowledge about suicide (2.9/4.0)
	2. Student attitudes about suicide and suicide intervention (2.9/4.0)
	3. Student attitudes about seeking adult help (2.9/4.0)
	4. Student attitudes about keeping a friend's suicide thoughts a secret (2.9/4.0)
Link	http://legacy.nreppadmin.net/ViewIntervention.aspx?id=37

Program	Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST)
Audience	Anyone over the age of 16; community helpers or more formal/professional helping
	roles; no previous experience/education required; U.S. and international
Description	2-day gatekeeper training program to develop "suicide first aid" skills and
	competencies to reduce immediate risk of suicide, including risk assessment and
	"safeplan" development
Components	Understand attitudes about suicide
	2. Provide guidance and suicide first aid to a person at risk
	3. Identify the key elements of an effective suicide safety plan and actions
	required to implement it
	4. Appreciate the value of improving community suicide prevention resources
	5. Recognize important aspects of suicide prevention, including life-promotion
	and self-care
Activities	Interactive audiovisual aids, large and small group discussions, skills practice and
	development, availability of "tune-up" training
Outcomes	Improved personal resilience and self-concept (rated "promising" by NREPP)
Link	http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/ProgramProfile.aspx?id=42