Transition Planning and Compliance

Division of Special Education Services and Supports
2021 - 2022



Keeping Students First

 Provide infrastructure and supports for leaders, teachers, and families to meet the whole child needs of each student and improve student outcomes and school climate resulting in increased quality of life and a workforce ready future



Transition Guide TO POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT FOR STUDENTS AND YOUTH WITH DISABILITIES OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES United States Department of Education **REVISED AUGUST 2020**

A Transition Guide to Postsecondary

<u>Education and Employment for</u>

Students and Youth with Disabilities

Transition Services Plan

- (b) Transition services. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the child turns 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP Team, and updated annually, thereafter, the IEP must include -
 - (1) Appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon ageappropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills; and
 - (2) The transition services (including courses of study) needed to assist the student in reaching these goals.

[34 C.F.R 300.320(b)(1)-(2)]

State Performance Plan (SPP) – Indicator 13: Secondary Transition

- The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) requires states to develop a State Performance Plan (SPP) that evaluates their efforts to implement the requirements and purposes of IDEA and describe how the state will improve its implementation and results for children with disabilities. An Annual Performance Report (APR) is provided to report the results of the state's activities and describes progress or slippage in meeting the measurable targets set in the SPP.
- Indicator 13 on the SPP/APR provides the compliance results on the transition components in IEPs of youth aged 16 and above.



Required Components for Transition Plans

Age-appropriate Assessments

The collection of evidence and artifacts that documents a student's interests, preferences and strengths.

Measurable Annual Goals

Facilitates movement towards meeting the postsecondary goals.

Student Invited

Evidence that indicates the student was invited to participate in the IEP Team meeting.

Measurable Postsecondary Outcome Goals

Goals for after high school in the areas of education/training, employment, and independent living.

Activities

Provides the opportunities for exploration and skill development to achieve the annual goal.

Agency Representation

Evidence that a representative from an agency that is likely to provide or pay for services is invited, if appropriate.

Course of Study

Reflects the academic course work to reach the postsecondary goals.

Services

Specially designed instruction, related services, community interaction, and collaboration within school.

Parental Consent

Prior parental consent for the invitation of an agency representative must be evident.



State Performance Plan (SPP) – Indicator 14: Post School Outcomes

- Percent of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school, and were:
 - Enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school.
 - Enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school.
 - Enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school.

 (20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B)



Transition for Students with Disabilities



COMPLIANCE – LETTER OF THE LAW



BEST PRACTICE – SPIRIT OF THE LAW





Monitoring Secondary **Transition** Indicator 13 Post-School Outcomes Indicator 14



Monitoring Indicator 13

The GaDOE completes a review of a sampling of transition plans from districts across the state yearly, as required by IDEA.

While the process for reviewing transition plans may vary yearly, the required components of the Transition Plan do not change.



Transition Documentation Checklist

 LEAs are encouraged to use the Transition Documentation Checklist as a tool or guidance for peer reviews and checking transition plans.

	Transiii	ion Do	a. ma a mta	tion O	hecklist					
	Transit	IOH DOG	Jumenta	alion C	HECKIIST		Date_			-
1. POSTSECONDARY (PS) GOAL FOR EMPLOYMENT	2. POSTSECONDARY (PS) GOAL FOR EDUCATION/TRAINING	3. POSTSECONDARY (PS) GOAL FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING	4. ANNUAL IEP TRANSITION GOALS TO MEET PS GOALS	5. PS GOALS BASED ON TRANSITION ASSESSMENTS	6. TRANSITION SERVICES (ACTIVITIES) ACADEMIC AND/OR FUNCTIONAL TO FACILITATE MOVEMENT TO PS GOALS	7. COURSE OF STUDY TO FACILITATE MOVEMENT TO PS GOALS	8. STUDENT INVITED TO IEP MEETING	9. AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE INVITED TO MEETING	10. PRIOR PARENTAL CONSENT FOR AGENCY REPRESENTATIVE TO ATTEND	ALL AREAS IN COMPLIANCE (Y=YES, N=NO)
			1 1 1 1							



Monitoring Indicator 14

The monitoring priorities and indicators of the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) State Performance Plan (SPP) mandate the gathering of data on the post-school activities of individuals exiting special education.

To meet the requirements of the SPP, the Post-School Survey for individuals exiting school during the previous school year is conducted from May 15 through July 31 each year. The report must be submitted to the GaDOE Division for Special Education by July 31.



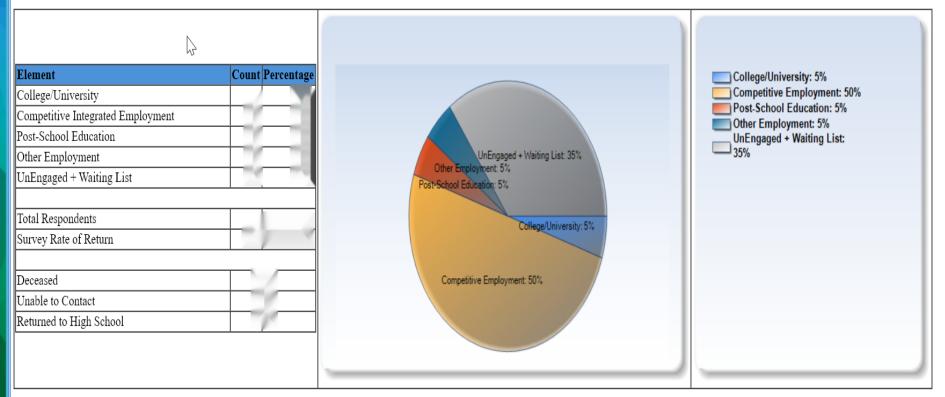
Post-School Outcomes Survey

SE Applications Dashboard > Post-School Outcomes FY 2021 Data Collection for 2019-2020 Exiters

School Year: 2021

System Name:

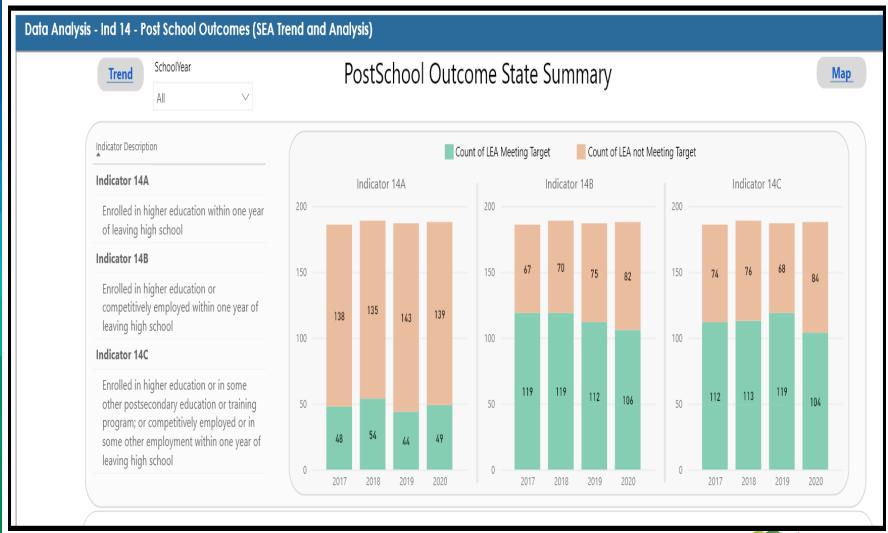
Total number of special education students exiting secondary education during the prior school year (Systemwide): 28



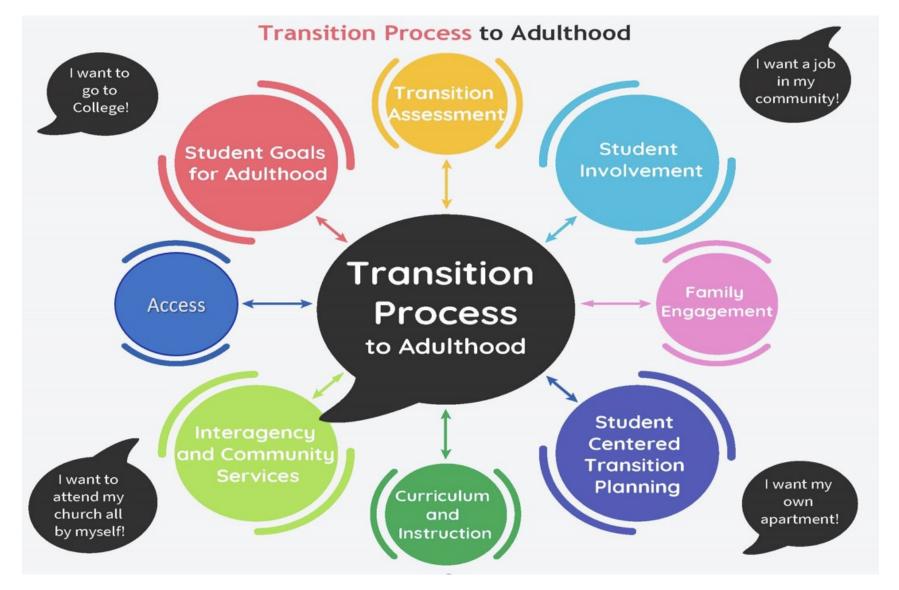
Download Activity Codes Download Post-School Definitions and Directions

School ID School Name Total Students Total Students Completed

Post-School Outcomes Survey







Adapted from "Your Complete Guide to Transition Planning and Services" (Morningstar and Clavenna-Deane, 2018)



- 1. I can explain how collaborating helps transition students to their postsecondary outcomes.
- 2. I can identify multiple entities and participants that may be needed for transition planning.



- 3. I can identify different types of transition assessments.
- 4. I can identify the targeted domains of transition assessments.
- 5. I can identify pathways, diplomas, and courses of study for students with disabilities.



- 6. I can identify the individual team members who should be invited to the IEP meeting to discuss transition.
- 7. I can determine where to document in the IEP the team members who were invited and attended the meeting.



- 8. I can write a postsecondary goal for Employment that reflects the student's preferences, strengths, and interests.
- 9. I can write a postsecondary goal for Education/Training that reflects the student's preferences, strengths, and interests.
- 10. I can write a postsecondary goal for Independent Living that reflects the student's preferences, strengths, and interests.



- 11.1 can write Annual Transition Goals that align with the Postsecondary Outcome Goals.
- 12.1 can write Annual Transition Goals that are measurable.
- 13.1 can write Annual Transition Goals that can be attained within one year.



- 14. I can identify services that need to be in place to help students meet their transition goals.
- 15. I can identify activities that need to be in place to help students meet their transition goals.



Transition Planning & Compliance

Collaboration



Five Levels of Collaboration and Their Characteristics



Networking

- -Aware of organization
- -Loosly defined roles
- -Little

Communication

-All decisions are made independently



Cooperation

- -Provide information to each other
- -Somewhat defined roles
- -Formal Communication
- -All decisions are made independently



Coordination

- -Share information and resources
- -Definded roles
- -Frequent Communication
- -Some shared decision making



Coalition

- -Share ideas
- -Share resources
- Frequent and prioritized communication
- -All members have a vote in decision making



Collaboration

- -Members belong to one system
- -Frequent Communication is characterized by mutual trust
- -Consensus is reached on all decisions

Relationship Characteristics

Frey, Lohmeier, & Johanning, 2004



Collaboration

Before

What services and service providers may be needed to begin transitioning the student to their postsecondary outcomes?

During

How can families, school staff, providers and community organizations and members assist the student to reach their postsecondary goals?

After

Are services being provided to meet the postsecondary goals?



Team Members for Planning

Family Members

Student

Special Education Teachers/Leaders

General Education Teachers

Agency Representatives

Counselors

CTAE/CTI

Related Services

Assistive Technology

School Psychologists

Speech Language Pathologists

Others?





Bridge Act (Building Resourceful Individuals to Develop Georgia's Economy), House Bill 400

- Signed into law May 2010.
- Requirements (Grades 6-8)
 - Career counseling
 - Regularly-scheduled advisement
 - Career awareness
 - Career interest inventories
 - Assist students in evaluating their academic skills and career interests.



Bridge Act (Building Resourceful Individuals to Develop Georgia's Economy), House Bill 400

- Requirements (High school):
 - Career counseling
 - Career guidance
 - Regularly-scheduled career advisement
 - Assistance to successfully complete their individual graduation plans
 - Seamless transition to postsecondary life
 - College/technical school, vocational training, or employment



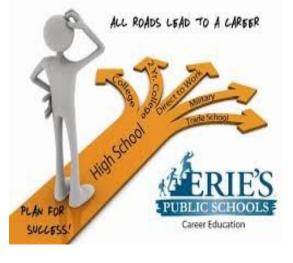
The Individual Graduation Plan (IGP)

- Spring semester of the 8th grade
- Indicates:
 - Academic subjects
 - Based on selected academic and career area of choice
 - Developed in conjunction with parents/guardians, student, counselor or teacher as advisor
- Can include:
 - Career-orientation
 - Work-based learning
 - Dual Enrollment



From IGP to IEP and Transition Goals

- Course of Study
- Career Pathways
 - Guidance Counselors
 - Career Technical Instruction
 - Working in collaboration with instructors from the Career, Technical and Agricultural Education programs





Collaborating for Assistive Technology

- Assistive technology
 - School
 - Work
 - Community participation
 - Recreation and leisure





Special Education Services and Supports - Assistive Technology (gadoe.org)

Computer Access Activities Can the student independently:					П	Division for Special Education							
Perform manipulative tasks (including turning computer on/off, entering data, operating mouse, handles paper in an efficient manner)?						Services and	d St	nbb	oor	ts			
Access the internet? Yes					П	P P	aula Go Prog	umpn gram S					
Control the cursor? Yes					П		Pho	ne: 678	8-340-8	8118			
See the computer screen? Yes					П	Email: p	gumpma	in@do	r.k12.g	pa.us			
Manage the keyboard?	Manage the keyboard? Yes					Assist	ive Te	chno	oloav	,			
Computer Adaptations: Population Computer Adaptations Population Computer Adaptations Population Computer Adaptations Population Computer Adaptation Population Computer Adaptations Population Computer Adaptations Population Population						Any item, piece of equipment or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, mod field, or customized, that is used to increase, mail tain, or improve the functional capabilities of chil-							
External Keyboard	Т	Т	т		П	dren with disabilities.							
Alternate Keyboard	Т	т		П	The term does not include a med	cal de	device that is						
On-Screen Keyboard	n-Screen Keyboard				П		rgically implanted, or the replacement of						
Arm rest/Adjustable Work Station		Т	Т		П	device.							
Alternate Mouse		П	Т		П				_				
Speech to Text		Т			П								
Text to Speech		П	Т		Co	Comments - Computer Access and Literacy:							
Switch Operation		Т	Т										
Braille Writer			I										
Literacy Activities - Can the studen	t indep	ende	ently:			Literacy Adaptations:	Not Applicable	Maybe could	Using , needs	Using and is			
Manipulate books and newspapers/	magaz	ines t	0	Yes	No	Pager Turner/Book Holder				Τ			
read independently?						Scanning/OCR							
Comprehend print material prepare	d for th	ne ge	neral	Yes	No	Picture Icons for Text							
public?						Text to Speech							
See text to read?				Yes	No	Highlighted Text/Zoom text	Т	Т	Т	Т			
Physically produce written informati		the state of		Yes	No	Recorded Material	Т	Т	Т	Т			
Communicate ideas in a written forr pected level of proficiency?	nat at i	meir	ex-	Yes	No	Bookshare	Т	Т	Т	Т			
p		_		_	_	Learning Ally	Т	Т	Т	Т			
						Organizational Aids	-	+	+	+			

3

Assistive Technology for Transition						July							
Mobility Activities - Can the student independently:					1	Oral Communication Activities - Can the student independent							
Navigates at a reasonable pace?			Yes	No	ı	Communicate wants and needs to non fami	liar co	ım-	Yes	No			
Navigates outside on varied terrain (Colleg	e	Yes	No	l	munication partners?			┸	┸			
Čampus)?					I	Independently operate a phone ?							
Tolerates and can be mobile in the space of 3 Yes No				П	Independently communicate with non-familiar person								
city blocks? Carry a 5 pound backpack while being mobile? Yes No				I	on the telephone?								
Operate controls to activate community build-				I	Understand and remembers simple verbal instructions?								
ing access devices (elevators, doors)		JIIO-	res	NO	П	Understand & remembers complex verbal inst	tructio	ns?	Yes	N			
Mobility Adaptations:	9	L			1	Manage time and follows a schedule?	Manage time and follows a schedule?						
	Not Applicable	Maybecode	Using, needs improvement	Using and is Independent		Communication Adaptations:	dot Applicable	Maybe could	Ding , needs	Jaing and is			
Power Wheelchair	\vdash	╀	+		ı	Eve-gaze/spelling/picture board	ž	ž	a Niso	S			
Manual Wheelchair	-	₩	-		ı	Voice output device	_	\vdash	+	٠			
Power Scooter	-	╄	-		ı	Adapted phone		Н	+	٠			
Walker	-	₩	-		ı			\vdash	+	٠			
Cane/Crutches	₩	╄	-		П	Adapted writing device		⊢	+	₽			
Grab Rails	_	╄	_		ı	Laptop computer		\vdash	+	₽			
Environment Controls	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			ı	TTY or relay system		⊢	+	₽			
Comments - Communication, Mobility and Tolerance:				٦	Voice output reminders		⊢	+	₽				
						Electronic organizers							
						Tolerance (to school/community/work environment - Can the student:							
					ı	Physically tolerate full day school/work?							
					ı	Emotionally tolerate full day school/work?							
					J	Medically tolerate full day school/work?							
Assistive Technology					۱	Environmentally tolerate full day school/wo	Yes	No					
Any item, piece of equipment or product sys				۱	(allergies, sensitives to the environment, etc.)								
tem, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional					Tolerance Adaptations:	Not Applicable	Maybe could	Using , needs	Usingandis				
capabilities of children with						Distance Learning							
The term does not include a medical device					Adaptive Seating and Positioning				Г				
that is surgically implanted, or the replace-						Electronic Communication			Т	Г			
ment of such device.		- 10	F.300			Organizers/Day Planners							
					-	2							



Division for Special Education Services and Supports

Georgia Department of Education		_		1 V	ices and ouppo	ıto				
Assistive Technology for Transition	n				July 2	020				
A Guide for Assistive Technology and Transition Planning										
Student Name:	Completing Form:									
Students Grade: Date Report was	Com	plete	d:		Expected Graduation Date:					
Purpose - The purpose of this tool is to review the	Daily Living Activities - Can the student independently:									
tive technology needs when transition planning. Ratings - In each of the following functional are	Eat? Yes	No								
student has any limitations. If limitations do exist	Prepare Food? Yes	No								
tions regarding the student's capacities. Conside & without assistive technology.	Do Laundry? Yes	No								
Please Read and Consider Each Item - Any No	Groom/Self Care/Hygiene? Yes	No								
flag that the student may confront significant bar	Housekeeping Activities? Yes	No								
transition process. However, these are minimum with a YES rating, there may still be a benefit fro	Manage time? Follow a schedule? Yes	No								
technology for this function. Next, consider the e assistive technology that might be used to addre	Daily Living Adaptations: Daily Living Adaptations Property Property	improvement Using and is In dependent								
Daily Transportation Activities - Can the student ind	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	E S								
Drive?	No	Dressing Aids	\perp							
Get in/out of any vehicle to be a passenger?		Yes	No	Adaptive Clothing						
Transfer into a vehicle and load mobility device?	Adaptive Kitchen Utensils/Dishes	\perp								
Get into/out of a vehicle with a ramp or lift?	Roll in Shower									
Independently arrange transportation?	Adaptive Hygiene Devices									
Independently utilize public transportation?	Environmental Controls									
Transportation Adaptations:	e	ъ	# E		Adaptive Grooming Tools					
	vot Applicable	Maybe could	,neek	Using and is in dependent	Adaptive Appliances					
	Not Ay	Mayb	Using , needs improvement	Using and is Independent	Reacher/Grabbers/Low Tech Aids					
Adaptive Driving Equipment		т	Т		Assistive Time Devices					
Car Top or Bumper Carrier for Mobility Device		т	т		Assistive Memory Device					
Van with a Ramp or Lift		\top	\top	П	Electronic Organizer					
Other				П	Emergency Response System					
Comments Transportation and Bullet Indoor	Alarm System									
Comments - Transportation and Daily Living:	Positioning and Seating Devices									
	Mobility Device									
					Adaptive Bathing Device					
@georgiadeptofed Canfi	elc	8	Re	ed	, 2001 www.gadoe	.org				

AT to Consider for Transition.pdf (gadoe.org)

Transition Planning and Compliance

Assessments



Postsecondary Goals based on Transition Assessments

- (b) Transition services. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the child turns 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP Team, and updated annually, thereafter, the IEP must include:
 - (1) Appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills;

[34 CFR 300.320(b)(1)]



Transition Assessments

Should Address Three Areas So



Employment



Education/ Training



Independent Living



Transition Assessments

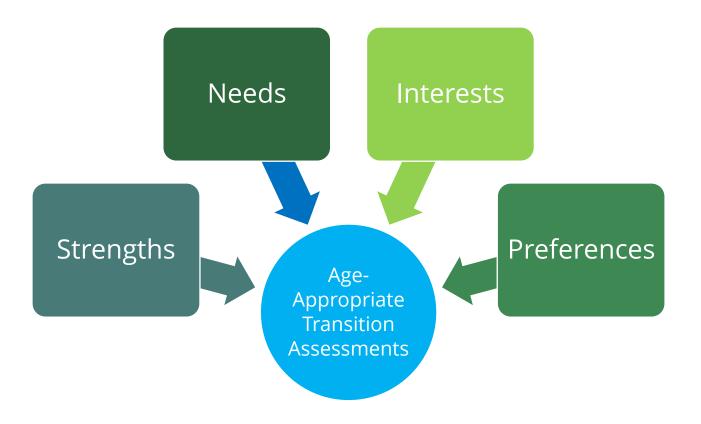




Formal and Informal









Types of Transition Assessments

Standardized Tests

PSAT/SAT
Georgia
Milestones
Georgia Alternate
Assessment 2.0
End of Course
End of Pathway

Previous Information

Psychological reports
IEPs or Transition Plans from previous school/year
School transcripts
Disciplinary Records Formal
Transition
Assessments

Transition Planning Inventory (TPI)
YouScience
Life Centered
Education
Assessment
Pictorial Inventory
of Careers
Brigance Transition

Skills Inventory

Self-Determination Assessments (SDI)

Informal Transition Assessments

Questionnaires
Checklists
Anecdotal records
Teacher and
Parent
observations
Person-Centered

Planning

MAPS

Transition



Age-Appropriate Transition Assessments

Examples:

- Student Transition Needs and Preference Survey
- Pictorial Inventory of Careers
- Microcomputer Evaluation of Careers & Academics (MECA)
- Student interview and questionnaire (include states)



Non-Examples:

- Student Work Samples
- Report Card Grades
- Progress Reports





Best Practices for Transition Assessments

- Begin early, complete assessments well in advance
- Incorporate multiple perspectives
- Address personally meaningful domains
- Incorporate multiple approaches and/or tools
- Be culturally and linguistically relevant
- Be practical and feasible



Best Practices for Transition Assessments

- Ongoing, dynamic (versus one-time, discrete)
 - complete yearly
- Generate data that can inform planning
- Identify needed skills, experiences, connections, and supports
- Communicate meaningful information with future providers
- Discuss results with student
- Consider utilizing results from other assessments (GVRA, ASVAB, coursework)



Assessment Toolkit Content

- General information and resources about transition assessment
 - Define transition assessments
 - Transition assessment procedures as outlined by your district and law

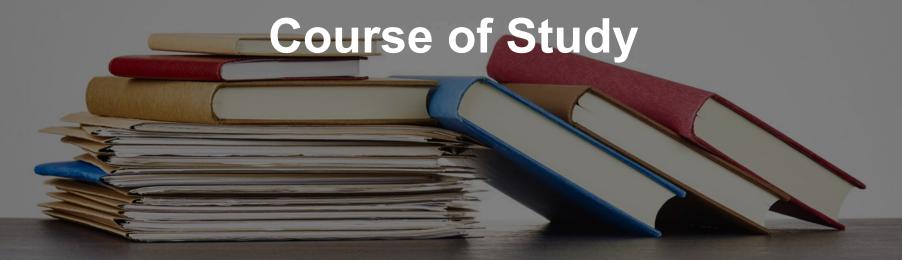


- Types of assessments with descriptions
 - Career development and employment
 - Postsecondary education and training
 - Independent living and community involvement
 - Informal
 - Formal
 - Guidance and tools for summarizing assessment data

Source: Morningstar (2013)



Transition Planning & Compliance



Course of Study

- Preferences, Strengths, Interests and Course of Study based on Present Levels of Performance and Age-Appropriate Transition Assessments
 - Course of study to facilitate movement to Postsecondary Goals
 - Begin with the student's IGP
 - Must mention one or more of the following:
 - Diploma Type
 - Course of Study
 - Career Pathway
 - Types of classes
 - List of classes



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Course of Study

Examples:



- His course of study is a college prep diploma with a graphic design pathway, and he is on track to complete graduation requirements in May 2020.
- Student will receive a regular education diploma and has passed all courses to begin the tenth grade.
- Student will complete the Criminal Justice Pathway and graduate with a regular education diploma.

Non-Examples:

- Diploma
- Regular education classes
- Will take all regular education classes in a co-teaching setting





Are You Intentional?

Students participate in:

- General education course
- Dual-enrollment
- Vocational education
- Pre-employment transition (Pre-ETS)
- Community-based Instruction



Are You Intentional?

Students participate in:

- Work-based Learning
- Paid employment
- Self-determination/Self-advocacy training
- Student-focused planning/Person-Centered Planning
- Independent living skills
- Social skills training





IEP TEAM

The IEP Team is a group of individuals that is responsible for developing, reviewing, or revising an IEP for a child with a disability [34 C.F.R. § 300.23]. The LEA shall ensure that each IEP Team meeting include, whenever appropriate, the child with a disability [34 C.F.R. § 300.321(a)(7)].



Student Invited to the IEP Meeting

TRANSITION SERVICES PARTICIPANTS

The LEA must invite the child with a disability to attend the child's IEP Team meeting if a purpose of the meeting will be the consideration of the postsecondary goals for the child and the transition services needed to assist the child in reaching those goals [34 C.F.R. §300.321(b)(1)].



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Documentation of Student Invitation

- Meeting notice
- Signature page
 - If the student does not attend the IEP Team meeting, the LEA must take other steps to ensure that the student's preferences and interests are considered. [34 C.F.R. § 300.321(b)(2)]



Required Team Members

Parent or Guardian

Regular Education Teacher Special Education Teacher

Local Education
Agency
Representative
(LEA)

Someone who can interpret evaluation results

Student

When transition is being discussed

Other Team Members

- Other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student
 - Related services personnel
 - Parent advocates
 - Counselor
 - School psychologist
 - Agency representatives





Agency Representative Invited

To the extent appropriate, with the consent of the parents or the adult student who has reached the age of 18, in implementing the transition requirements, the LEA must invite a representative of any participating agency that is likely to be responsible for providing or paying for transition services. [34 C.F.R. § 300.321(b)(3)]



Agency Representatives:

Agencies or other organization representatives who are likely to provide services and supports to students may be invited to attend IEP meeting to discuss transition:

Georgia Vocational Rehabilitation Agency (GVRA)

Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD)

Mental Health Providers and Department of Public Health

Day Programs Providers

Employers

Department of Family and Children Services

College Representatives

Prior Parental Consent for Agency Participation

You must provide evidence that the parent gave consent for the invitation.

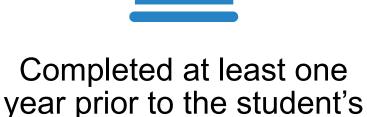
- Parent's signature on Notice of Meeting for consent.
 - If your Notice of Meeting includes a statement for parents to select giving their consent for invitation of agency representative, it should be selected (x or ✓) and signed by parent, guardian or student who has reached the age of majority.

Agency representative should be listed on the Notice of Meeting

Transfer of Rights upon Age of Majority



18th birthday





At the IEP meeting when the student is 18 years old

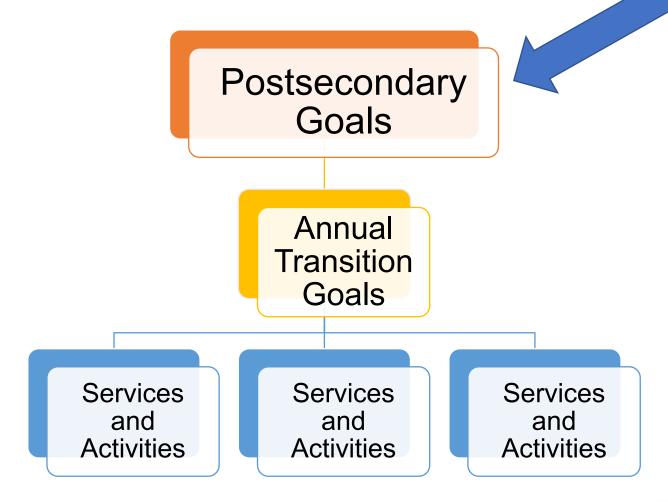




Transition Planning and Compliance

Postsecondary Outcome Goals

Making the Connection





Postsecondary (PS) Goals

- (b) Transition services. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the child turns 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP Team, and updated annually, thereafter, the IEP must include
 - (1) Appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills;

[34 CFR 300.320(b)(1)]



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Employment

Education/Training

Independent Living

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Measurable Postsecondary **Outcome Goals**

- Generally understood to refer to those goals that a child hopes to achieve after leaving secondary.
- Must be an actual outcome and not an activity or process. For example, "seeks, pursues, continues, and applies" are processes, not outcomes.
- Remember, these are "outcome goals", not annual transition goals.





Measurable Postsecondary Outcome Goals

- Specifically state what the student will do and be based on findings from transition assessments.
- Only need one for each area:
 Education/Training and Employment.
- •If appropriate, only one is needed for Independent Living.
- LEAs are responsible for guiding students through planning, assessments and access to career exploration to enable them to set meaningful Post-Secondary (PS) goals.

Postsecondary Outcome Goal: Employment

Should indicate the type of job and/or the area/field.

- Examples of PS Goals for Employment:
 - Will participate in a day program with supports
 - Will be employed as a (type of job)
 - Will participate in a supported work setting/environment in (area/field)
 - Will be employed in the military as (type of job)*

*If the military **or** participation in an adult/day program is selected, you do not have to specify the area.

Postsecondary Goals for Employment



Examples:

- After graduation, Tom will be employed as a police officer.
- After graduation, Keegan will be employed as an LPN.
- After graduation, Jennifer will be employed as a sales-clerk.
- After graduation, John will be employed as a soldier in the military.*
- After graduation, Shira will work part-time in a retail setting.



Non-Examples:

- Joe will work at McDonalds part-time while in high school.
- Kendra wishes to be employed at the hospital.
- Paul wants to join the Army.
- Jon will be employed in his field of interest
- Audra will work part-time at a pharmacy while she attends college.



Postsecondary Outcome Goal: Education/Training

Should indicate the type of education or training and the area/field.

- Examples of PS Goals for Education/Training:
 - Attend college and major in (<u>field of study</u>)
 - Attend technical college and major in (area)
 - Will receive on the job training in the military*
 - Will receive on-the-job training at an adult day program in (area)*

*If the military **or** participation in an adult/day program is selected, you do not have to specify the area.

Postsecondary Goals for Education/Training

Examples:

- After graduation, Tyler will attend college and obtain a degree in criminal justice.
- After graduation, Keshaan will attend technical college and obtain a degree in nursing.
- After graduation, Amy will complete on the job training from an adult agency representative in the area of retail sales.
- After graduation, Mari will participate in a half-day program with supports in the area of consumer sciences.

Non-Examples:

- Zach will pass six out of eight courses this school year.
- Karen wishes to attend college.
- Matthew hopes to join the Army.
- Lisa will be starting a degree in nursing.
- Thad will work at the vet's office to get experience while he is in college.



Postsecondary Outcome Goal: Independent Living

Should indicate where the student will live after graduation from high school.

- Examples of PS Goals for Independent Living:
 - Will live independently in their own home
 - Will live at home with parents
 - Will live in a group home
 - * Temporary living situations such as dormitories do not meet the requirement. The living arrangement should be

Postsecondary Goals for Independent Living

Examples:



- After graduation, Kyle will live with his parents.
- After graduation, Derrick will buy a home.
- After graduation, Daisha will live in an apartment with a roommate.

Non-Examples:



- Barbara will live with her friends.
- Holly will live in a dorm near her college.



Something to Think About....

An Independent Living Goal is not required for Indicator 13 if the IEP team, based on the Preferences, Strengths and Interests, indicates there is no need to address for the student.

HOWEVER

In best practice, all students should have an Independent Living Goal. Consider:

Household &
Money
Management

Transportation

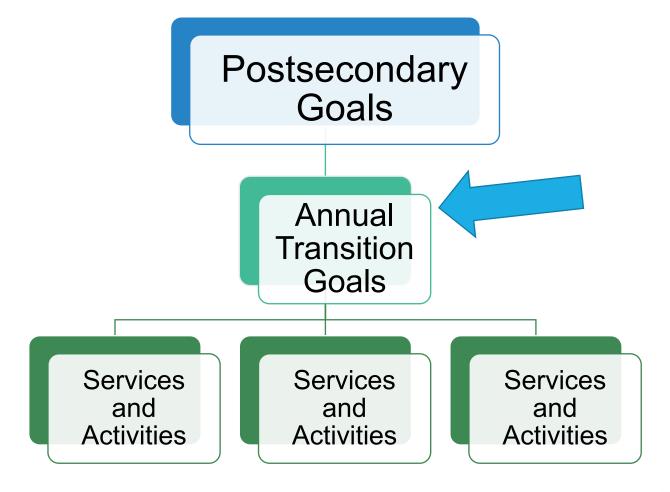
Community Involvement

Personal Safety

Self-Determination/ Self-Advocacy



Making the Connection







Annual Transition Goals

- Each Post-Secondary Goal should have a corresponding Annual Transition Goal.
- The Annual Transition Goals refer to anything that will help prepare the student for education/training, employment, and independent living.
- Each Annual Transition Goal should facilitate movement towards the Post-Secondary Goals, be measurable and attainable within one year.

Post Secondary Goals and Transition Goals

	Education /Training Transition Goal	Development of Employment Goal	Community Participation Goal	Adult Living & Post School Options	Related Services	Daily Living Skills
Post- Secondary Education/ Training Goal	√					
Post- Secondary Employment Goal						
Post- Secondary Independent Living Goal*				√	√	



Probing Questions for Annual Transition Goals

What are some goals that will help THIS STUDENT get closer to being able to reach his/her postsecondary goals?

Is this goal repeated from previous year?

Are these goals attainable within the next year?

Does your annual transition goals repeat the Postsecondary goal?

What is keeping this student from being successful in his/her classes?

Annual Transition Goal for Employment

Refers to anything that is related to working while in school or will prepare the student for employment (movement towards **Postsecondary Goal for Employment)**

Goals based on occupational awareness, employment related knowledge and skills, specific career pathway related knowledge and skills

Types of Employment Goals



Investigating careers (taking additional assessments, applying for jobs)



Soft skills/employability skills (create calendar, schedule, timers)



Creating or strengthening work ethics/stamina



Pre-employment skills (completing job applications, taking pre-employment tests, interviewing skills)



Pre-employment Transition Services provided by Vocational Rehabilitation (VR)

Employment Goals

Examples:

- John will utilize his technology device by completing three activities listed by the end of the semester.
- Meredith will identify two options for employment in a veterinary clinic and keep the information in a career portfolio.

Non-Examples:

- Susie will apply for a job.
- Holly will look for a job on the internet.
- Toni will identify places where be a baker.





Annual Transition Goal for Education/Training

Refers to anything that will prepare the student for education or job training (movement towards **Postsecondary Goal for Education**)

Goals based on academics, **functional** academics, lifecentered competencies or career/technical or agricultural training needs and job training

Types of Education/ Training Goals

Investigating PS options

Attending a college fair

Researching schools/ programs

School visits

Taking entrance tests

Submitting school applications

Dual Enrollment

Decreasing absences and/or tardiness

Organizing notebook(s)

Attending tutoring sessions

If you choose to write a functional transition goal, make sure it is measurable.

Education/Training Goals



Examples:

- Thomas will apply to two technical colleges that have programs in law enforcement by completing the following activities by February 2020.
- Allison will receive job training at two employment placements in a retail setting through Community Based Instruction by April 2021.
- Mary will apply for two part-time jobs in a medical office by completing the application and submitting her resume by June 2021 in order to participate in Worked Based Learning.

Non-Examples:

- Barry will apply for technical school.
- Holly will see her counselor about her grades and classes.
- Toni will identify places where she can go to college.



Annual Transition Goal for Independent Living (optional)

Refers to anything that will prepare student for independent living (movement towards Postsecondary Goal for Independent Living)

If the team has determined that the student needs a Postsecondary Goal for Independent Living, then an Annual Transition Goal for Independent Living is required.

Daily living skills related to personal care and well-being

Types of Independent Living Goals

Adult living skills and Postschool Options such as household maintenance and/or budgeting, health/mental healthcare needs, interpersonal interactions

Participation in community related activities such as paying taxes, voter registration, leisure activities

Related services such as counseling, therapy, vocational rehabilitation

Independent Living Goal Examples

Examples:

- Laisha will select the appropriate clothing needed for the daily weather with 100% accuracy on 4 out of 5 opportunities.
- Devin will apply for Vocational Rehabilitation Services by December 2021 by completing all steps listed.

Non-Examples:

- Arlen will go to the football game on Friday night.
- Michael will go to the bank.
- Shonda will demonstrate understanding of personal space by staying away from others in line.





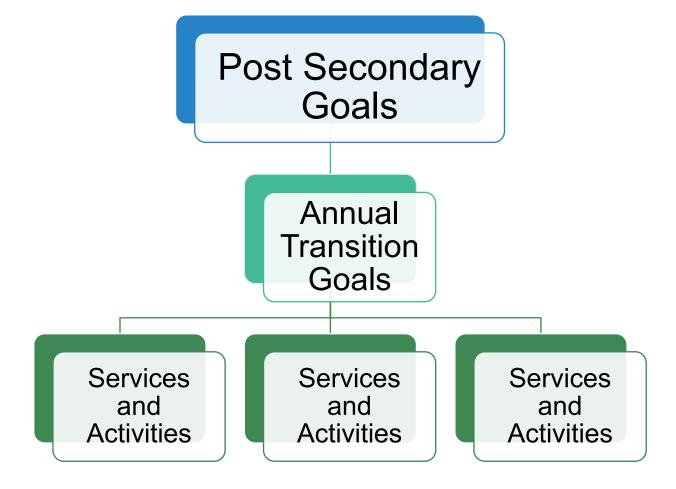


Transition Planning and Compliance

Services and Activities



Making the Connection





Defining Transition Activities and Services

Activities

 Provides the opportunities for exploration and skill development to achieve the annual goal

Services

 Specially designed instruction, related services, community interaction, and collaboration within school



Services and Activities

Conduct an internet search of

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- Colleges or Technical schools
- Training facilities
- Programs of interest
- Job salaries, benefits

Identify -

- Available programs
- Requirements for admissions or applications

Meet with -

- Counselor
- Director
- Manager
- Supervisor
- Service Providers

Request -

- Copies of IEP
- Job application packet
- Transcripts
- College Disability
 Office Information

Locate -

Medical facilities

- Government offices
- Housing facilities
- Financial Institutions

Participate in -

- Community Based Instruction (CBI)
- Work-based Learning (WBL)
- After school clubs, activities, social events
- Career and College Fairs



Facilitate

functional communication, community mobility and environmental access

Explore

assistive technology and adaptive equipment to access postsecondary environments

Identify

modifications to promote independence

Promote

healthy leisure pursuits and recreational engagement



DEVELOP

activities to build specific employment or independent living skills and skills for disability management, self-determination and advocacy

CONDUC

an evaluation of a potential future learning, living or work environment

CONNECT

student with their community, work sites, outside agencies, organizations and/or resources for adult living



Transition Services and Activities

Examples:



If goal is -

1 - Merida will reduce her number of missing/late assignments to no more than one per class each month by using her technology device to complete all the following activities:

Transition Activities and Services

1a – Enter class assignments and due dates on calendar

1b – Set reminders for at least one day prior to due date

1c – Share calendar each month with parents and teachers by the end of the first week of the month

Non-Examples:



If goal is -

1 - Merida will reduce her number of missing/late assignments to no more than one per class each month by using her technology device to complete all the following activities:

Transition Activities and Services

1a. Record all assignments on calendar



1

If the Postsecondary Outcome Goal for Employment is - After graduation, Ang will be employed as a welder.

And the Annual Transition Goal for Employment is - Ang will research three welding jobs within a 25-mile radius of his home, list the job requirements and qualifications and keep information in a career portfolio.

Additional Annual Transition Goals could be added

3

Activities and Services for any additional Annual Transition Goals.

- Then the Activities and Services could be -
 - 1a. Meet with counselor to get information about websites and resources for research.
 - 1b. Research and identify three places of business that are currently hiring welders.
 - 1c. List the job requirements and qualifications needed for each job and keep the information in his online career portfolio.
 - 1c. Visit at least one of the job sites that is hiring.

Conducting an evaluation of a potential future work environment.





It's a Plan!

Remember:

- The transition plan is part of the IEP, not separate – should drive the IEP
- Start planning early
- Discuss goals and activities throughout the year
- Update goals as student completes during the year and amend as needed
- Coordinate with team members to ensure activities and services are being implemented
- Follow-up with the student and family
- Maintain communication with counselor



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Georgia Department of Education

Division for Special Education Services and Supports



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