

**Advancing School Leadership for Continuous Improvement**

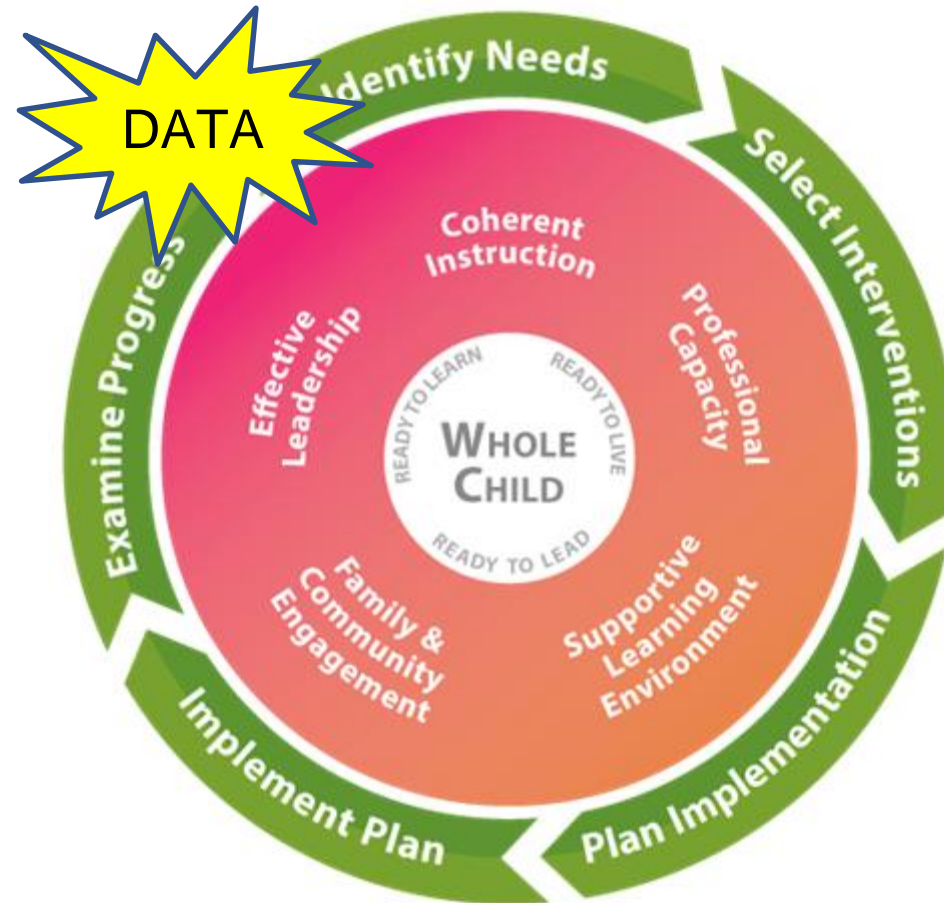
**Leadership + English Learner (EL) Data  
+ School Improvement  
= Working together for success!**

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Program Manager,  
ESOL & Title IIIA Language Programs**

**2020 Winter Instructional Leadership Conference  
February 25-26, 2020  
Macon, Georgia**



# Georgia's Systems of Continuous Improvement



# Top Ten LEAs by EL Student Population, Oct 2019 FTE Data

	<b>State of Georgia</b>	<b>128,503</b>
1	Gwinnett County	29,302
2	DeKalb County	16,218
3	Cobb County	11,742
4	Fulton County	6,791
5	Hall County	5,462
6	Clayton County	5,377
7	Forsyth County	3,476
8	Cherokee County	3,149
9	Gainesville City	2,443
10	Whitfield County	2,077

**7%**

# Top Ten LEAs by EL Share of Population, Oct 2019 FTE Data

	<b>LEA</b>	<b>EL=Yes Population</b>	<b>EL Share of Population</b>
1	International Charter Academy of Georgia	66	40%
2	Gainesville City	2,443	30%
3	Dalton Public Schools	1,709	22%
4	Hall County	5,462	20%
5	Marietta City	1,651	19%
6	Echols County	143	17%
7	DeKalb County	16,218	16%
8	Gwinnett County	29,302	16%
9	Whitfield County	2,077	16%
10	Colquitt County	1,520	16%

# Top Ten Non-English Student Languages

STUDENT PRIMARY LANGUAGE	STUDENT COUNT
Spanish	139,122
Vietnamese	4,576
Other Indian	3,235
Korean	3,071
Chinese	2,446
Other African	2,221
Other Asian	2,035
French	1,939
Hindi	1,863
Ethiopian/Eritrean	1,761

73%

# Session Goal

*Understand leadership processes that have an impact on English learner students' success in your schools.*

1. Gathering Data on ELs  
*(Compiling)*
2. Understanding EL Data
3. Analyzing EL Data  
*(Organizing)*
4. Communicating EL Data  
*(Summarizing)*



*Schools leaders who gather, understand, analyze, and communicate student data will use it to influence school improvement design and system structures.*



# Gathering Data on our English Learners

## Process Guide



# What do we know about our EL students?



- Home language
- Place of birth
- Ethnicity/race
- Date first entered U.S. schools
- Prior school enrollment
- Grade level and age
- Literacy level in first language
- Eligibility for free/reduced-price lunch



## Associated Risk Factors

*Process Guide Part 1a.*



# What do we know about their services and opportunities?

- Equitable Representation  
(*Process Guide*, pp. 2-4)
- ESOL program models  
(*Process Guide*, pp. 7-8)
- Number of years in ESOL program  
(*Process Guide*, p.9)
- EL Exit Rate  
(*Process Guide*, p.10)
- Teacher professional qualifications, experience, language & ethnicity  
(*Process Guide*, pp. 10-11)



## Associated Risk Factors

# How fast are the ELs in my school becoming proficiency in English?

- [Title I, Part A website](#)
- [English Learners Programs website](#)
- [Title III, Part A website](#)

## Title III in the ESSA

- Title III in ESSA informational webinar
- Number & Percentage of English Learners who Attained English Proficiency in 2018, by LEA
- Number & Percentage of English Learners who Attained English Proficiency in 2019, by LEA
- "What Do Evidence-Based Practices Look Like Under ESSA?"

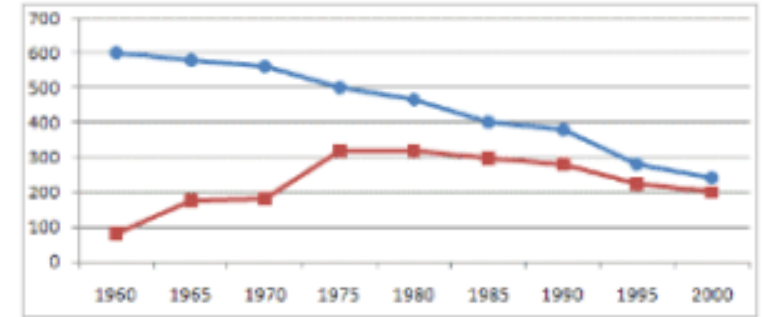
## Federal Programs' Links

- Filing Formal Complaints Under ESSA Programs
- Number & Percentage of English Learners who Attained English Proficiency in 2018, by LEA
- Number & Percentage of English Learners who Attained English Proficiency in 2019, by LEA
- Communication with Parents in Languages Other than English

*(Process Guide, pp. 9-10)*

# What do we know about EL students' test scores?

*Process Guide, Part 2a, pp. 4-6*



1. English language proficiency
  - CCRPI - Progress toward proficiency
2. State standardized tests
  - Subgroup (N=15) academic achievement in each subject
  - Subgroup (N=15) closing the gap performance flags
3. District benchmark assessments

# EL Data in our School's CCRPI Reports

<https://www.gadoe.org/CCRPI/Pages/default.aspx>

The screenshot displays the Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) CCRPI report interface. At the top left is the GaDOE logo. To its right, a dropdown menu shows 'Select Report Year: 2019'. The main title is '2019 College and Career Ready Performance Index (CCRPI)'. Below this, the school information is 'Cherokee County District Cherokee High School'. A search bar is visible on the right. A large green box prominently displays the 'HIGH SCHOOL SCORE' as '76.0'. Below the score, a navigation menu includes 'OVERVIEW', 'CONTENT MASTERY', 'PROGRESS' (highlighted in pink), 'CLOSING GAPS', 'READINESS', 'GRADUATION RATE', 'SCHOOL CLIMATE', and 'FINANCIAL EFFICIENCY'. At the bottom left of the report area, the word 'Progress' is displayed, and at the bottom right, there is a question mark icon in a box.




HOW DID THE SCHOOL PERFORM ON PROGRESS?

80.3  +1.8

HOW DID THE DISTRICT AND STATE PERFORM?

DISTRICT SCORE	88.0
STATE SCORE	82.1

HOW DID THE SCHOOL PERFORM ON EACH INDICATOR?

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS	78.94	 +2.39
MATHEMATICS	80.22	 -3.15
PROGRESS TOWARDS ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY	86.87	 +21.90

HOW DID STUDENT GROUPS IN THE SCHOOL PERFORM?

**PROGRESS LEVELS**

SCORES, TARGETS, AND FLAGS

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

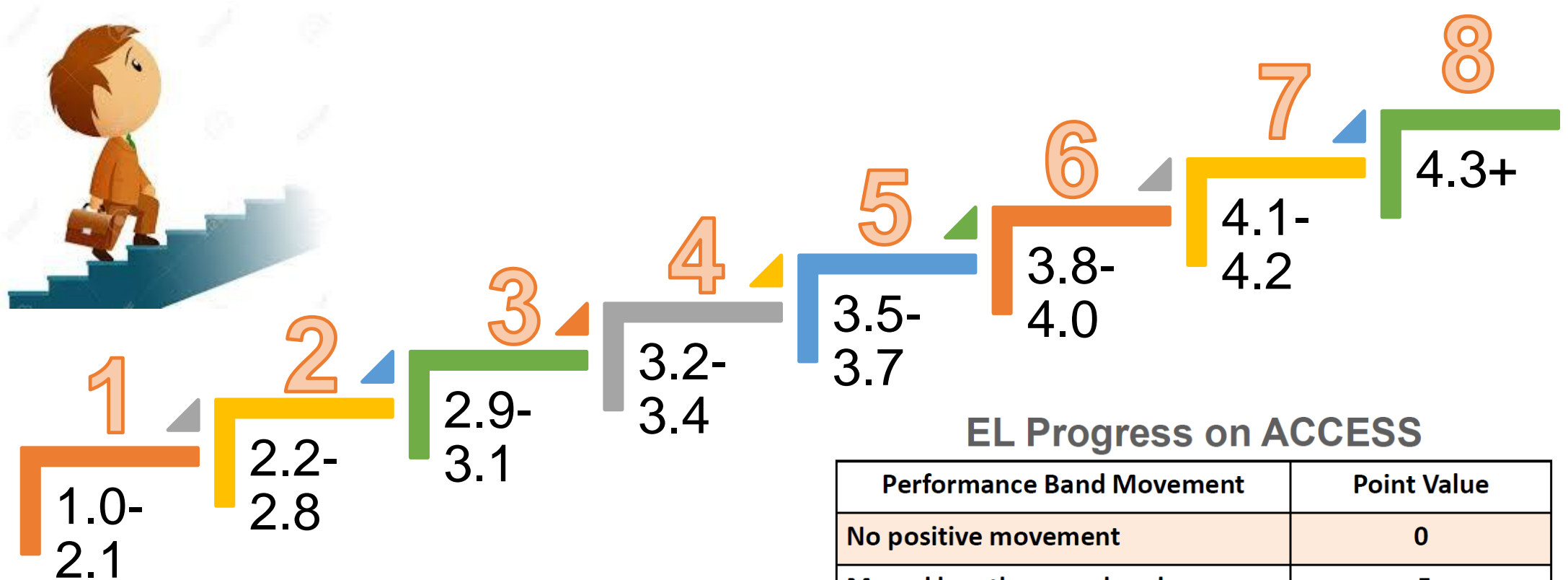
ACCESS for ELLs Performance Bands

MATHEMATICS

	No Positive Movement	Moved Less Than One Band	Moved One Band	Moved More Than One Band
ENGLISH LEARNERS	22.86%	14.86%	28.00%	34.29%

**PROGRESS TOWARDS ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY**

# 7 Years to Proficiency



**EL Progress on ACCESS**

Performance Band Movement	Point Value
No positive movement	0
Moved less than one band	.5
Moved one band	1
Moved more than one band	1.5

# HOW DID STUDENT GROUPS IN THE SCHOOL PERFORM?

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

MATHEMATICS

SCIENCE

SOCIAL STUDIES

## ACHIEVEMENT LEVELS

## SCORES, TARGETS, AND FLAGS

	Beginning Learner	Developing Learner	Proficient Learner	Distinguished Learner
<b>ALL STUDENTS</b> 99.66% Participation Rate	17.19%	26.44%	44.89%	11.48%
<b>AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKAN NATIVE</b> N/A Participation Rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER</b> Too Few Students Participation Rate	Too Few Students	Too Few Students	Too Few Students	Too Few Students
<b>BLACK</b> 98.97% Participation Rate	18.09%	29.79%	45.74%	6.38%
<b>HISPANIC</b> 99.77% Participation Rate	39.95%	28.13%	28.37%	3.55%
<b>MULTI-RACIAL</b> 100.00% Participation Rate	7.14%	26.19%	47.62%	19.05%
<b>WHITE</b> 99.77% Participation Rate	6.59%	25.66%	52.49%	15.26%
<b>ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED</b> 99.83% Participation Rate	33.57%	30.02%	31.79%	4.62%
<b>ENGLISH LEARNERS</b> 100.00% Participation Rate	79.23%	15.85%	4.37%	0.55%
<b>STUDENTS WITH DISABILITY</b> 100.00% Participation Rate	46.20%	35.44%	16.46%	1.90%

# How does the EL population of these grade levels affect these results? *(Process Guide, p. 5)*

2018 ELA	Beginning Learner	Developing Learner	Proficient Learner	Distinguished Learner	% of students with PRO or DIS on the EOG
3 <sup>rd</sup>	18.09%	37.23%	32.98%	11.70%	44.68%
4 <sup>th</sup>	26.00%	49.00%	20.00%	5.00%	25.00%
5 <sup>th</sup>	30.23%	40.70%	25.58%	3.49%	29.07%
Total	24.64%	42.50%	26.07%	6.79%	32.86%

2018 CCRPI Achievement Score = 57.51

When looking at ELA achievement by grade levels, we see

- 3<sup>rd</sup> grade has the lowest percentage of Beginning Learners.
- 3<sup>rd</sup> grade has the highest percentage of Proficient and Distinguished Learners.
- 4<sup>th</sup> grade has the lowest percentage of Proficient and Distinguished Learners.
- 5<sup>th</sup> grade has the highest percentage of Beginning Learners.
- A lot of students are Developing Learners.



## HOW DID THE SCHOOL PERFORM ON CLOSING GAPS?

68.8



## HOW DID THE DISTRICT AND STATE PERFORM?

DISTRICT SCORE

63.9

STATE SCORE

80.0

## HOW WELL DID STUDENT GROUPS IN THE SCHOOL MEET IMPROVEMENT TARGETS?

### SUMMARY OF FLAGS

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

MATHEMATICS

SCIENCE

SOCIAL STUDIES

	English Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	Social Studies
ALL STUDENTS				
AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKAN NATIVE				
ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER				
BLACK				
HISPANIC				
MULTI-RACIAL				
WHITE				
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED				
ENGLISH LEARNERS				
STUDENTS WITH DISABILITY				

# Five Lenses



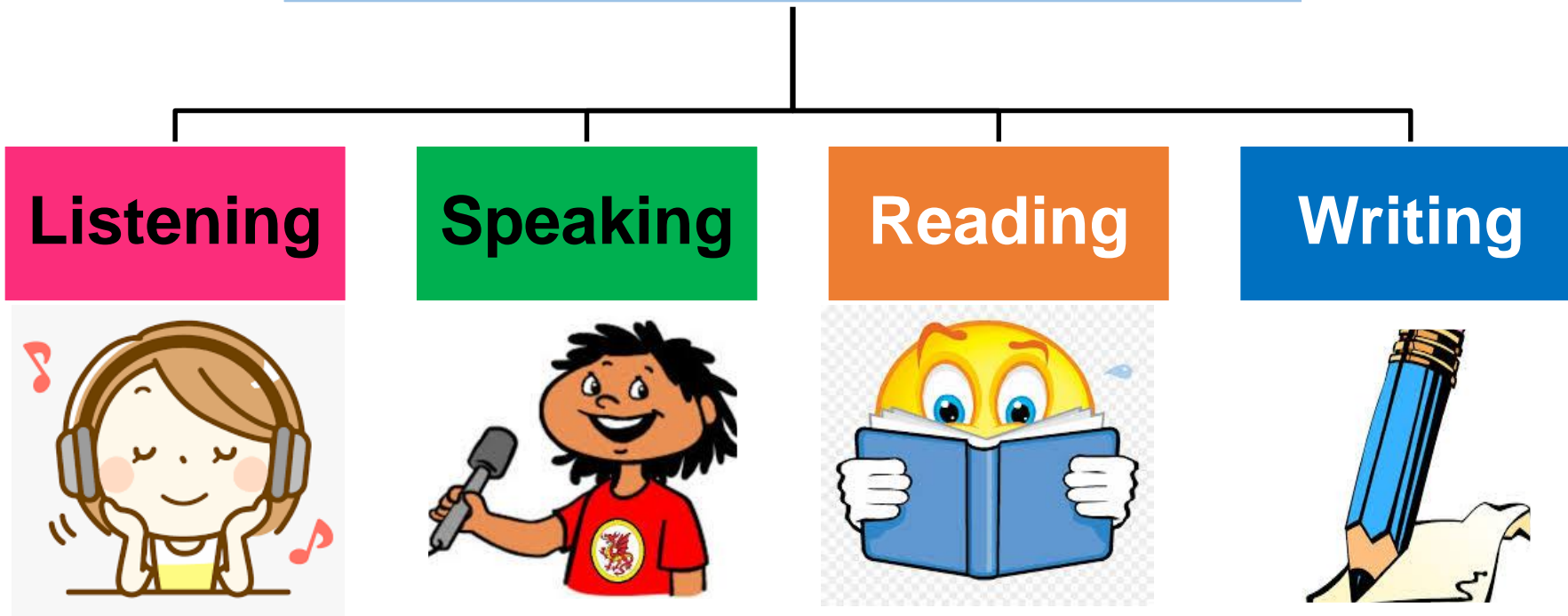
- The EL subgroup is not static.
- Learning a language takes time – but not forever.
- ELs at different stages progress at different rates.
- English skills impact academic performance.
- Poverty affects many ELs, and, as a result their educational outcomes.

Carnock, J. T. (August 2017) *Seeing clearly: Five lenses to bring English learner data into focus.* <https://www.newamerica.org/education-policy/policy-papers/seeing-clearly/>

# Understanding EL Data



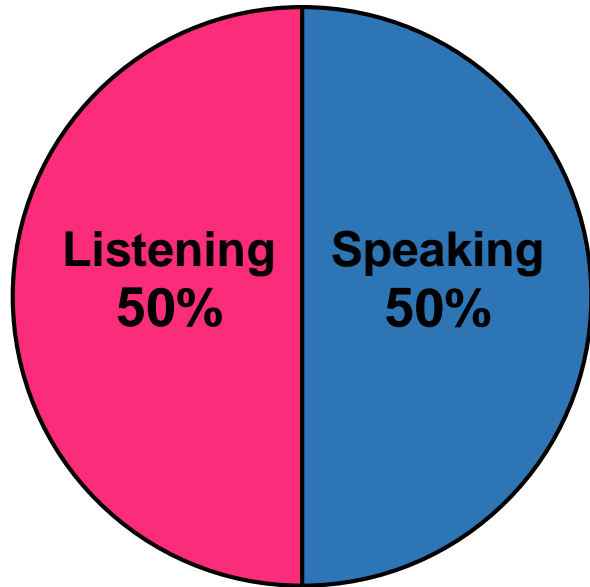
# WIDA ACCESS for ELLs<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Domain Scores



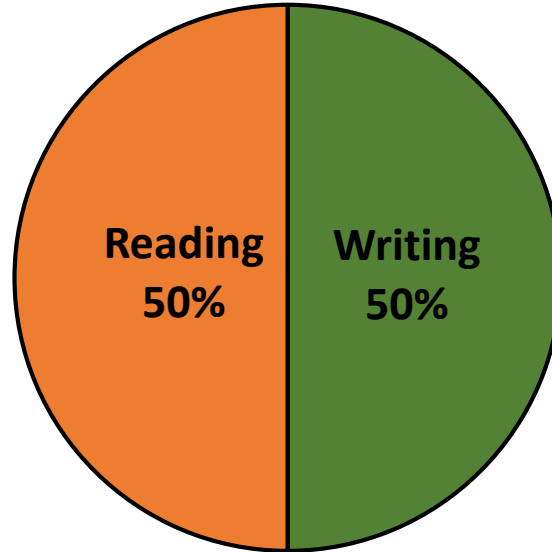
[WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Spring 2019 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports](#)

# From Domain to Composite Scores

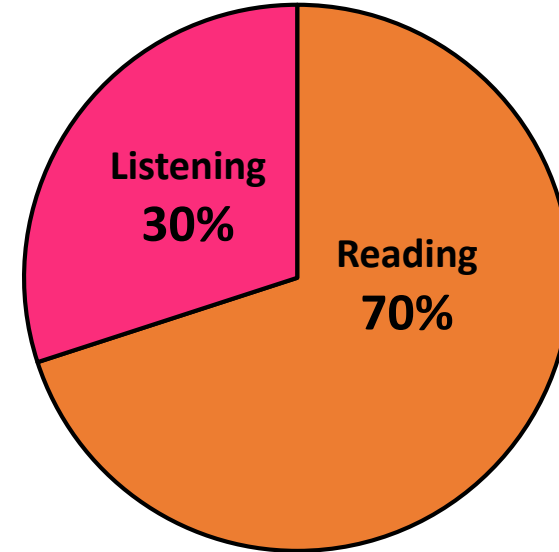
[WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Spring 2019 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports](#)



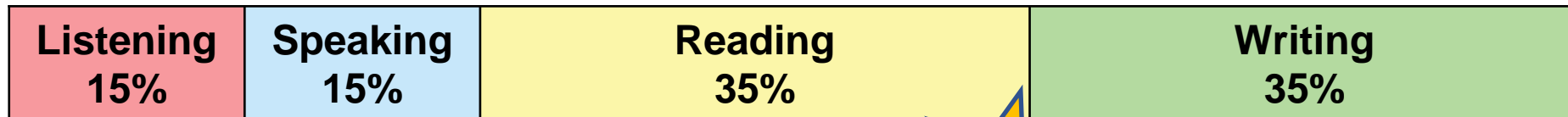
**Oral Language Score**



**Literacy Score**



**Comprehension Score**

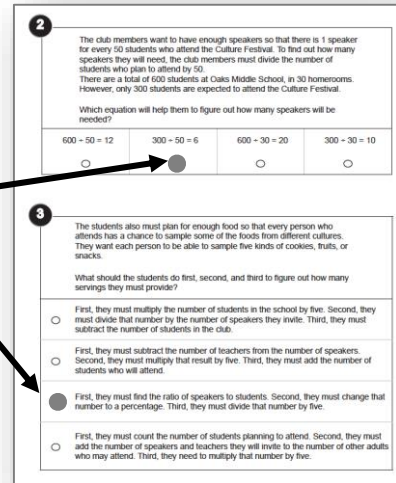


**Overall Score**



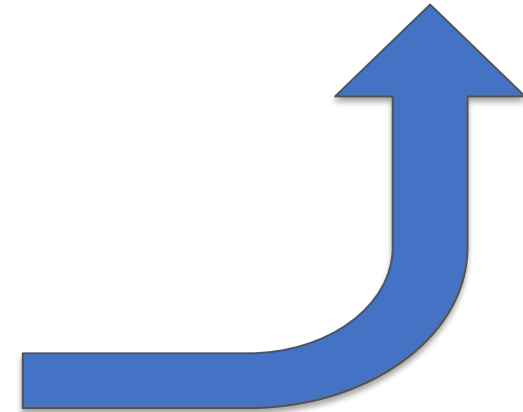
# From Assessment Raw Score to Proficiency Level – How it works:

**RAW SCORE**  
Number of correct items

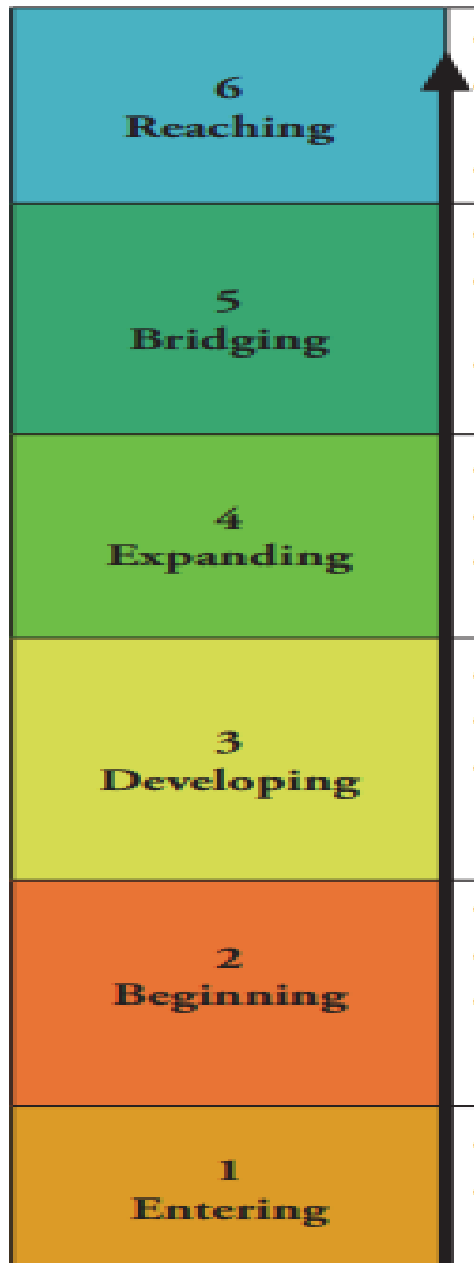


**SCALE SCORE**  
Transformed raw scores through statistics

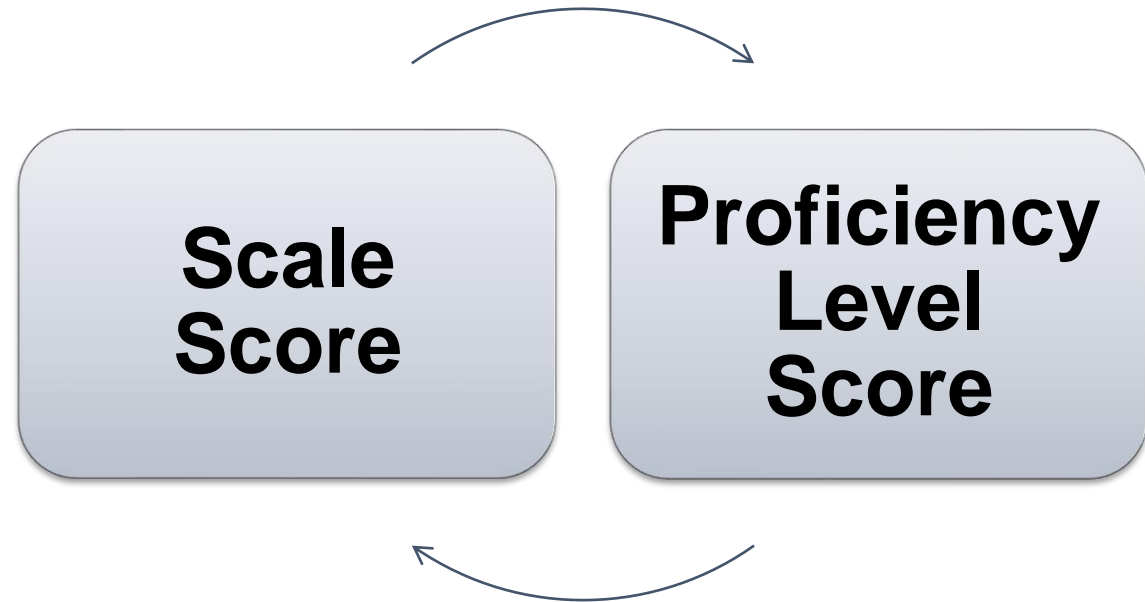
**PROFICIENCY LEVELS**  
Transformed scale scores through group consensus



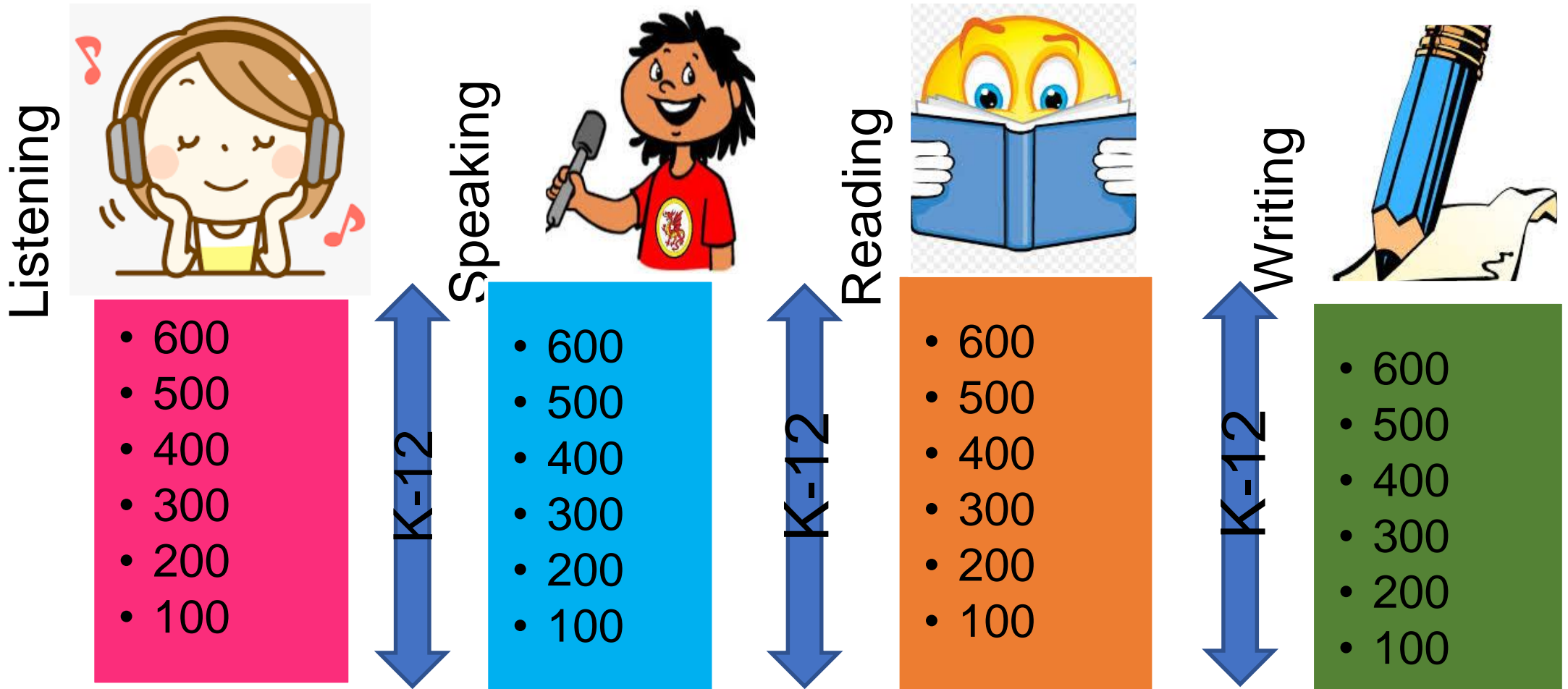
[WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Spring 2019 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports](#)



# Which Scores Should I Use?



# Vertically-aligned Scale Scores from K-12 within each Language Domain





# A Closer Look at Proficiency Level Scores

[WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Spring 2019 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports](#)

Range from 1.0 to 6.0

3.8

Whole Number indicates the student's language proficiency level as based on the WIDA ELD Standards

Decimal indicates the proportion within the proficiency level range that the student's scale score represents, rounded to the nearest tenth

# Description of WIDA Proficiency Levels –

WIDA Performance Definitions - **Listening and Reading** Grades K-12

Within sociocultural contexts for processing language...

	Discourse Dimension	Sentence Dimension	Word/Phrase Dimension
	Linguistic Complexity	Language Forms and Conventions	Vocabulary Usage
<b>Level 6 - Reaching</b> Language that meets all criteria through Level 5, Bridging			
At each grade, toward the end of a given level of English language proficiency, and with instructional support, English language learners will produce...			
<b>Level 5 Bridging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rich descriptive discourse with complex sentences</li> <li>Cohesive and organized related ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound, complex grammatical constructions (e.g., multiple phrases and clauses)</li> <li>A broad range of sentence patterns characteristic of particular content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Technical and abstract content-area language</li> <li>Words and expressions with shades of meaning across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 4 Expanding</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connected discourse with a variety of sentences</li> <li>Expanded related ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A variety of complex grammatical constructions</li> <li>Sentence patterns characteristic of particular content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific and some technical content-area language</li> <li>Words or expressions with multiple meanings across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 3 Developing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Discourse with a series of extended sentences</li> <li>Related ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound and some complex (e.g., noun phrase, verb phrase, prepositional phrase) grammatical constructions</li> <li>Sentence patterns across content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific content language, including expressions</li> <li>Words and expressions with common collocations and idioms across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 2 Emerging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multiple related simple sentences</li> <li>An idea with details</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound grammatical constructions</li> <li>Repetitive phrasal and sentence patterns across content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General content words and expressions, including cognates</li> <li>Social and instructional words and expressions across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 1 Entering</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Single statements or questions</li> <li>An idea within words, phrases, or chunks of language</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simple grammatical constructions (e.g., commands, Wh- questions, declaratives)</li> <li>Common social and instructional forms and patterns</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General content-related words</li> <li>Everyday social and instructional words and expressions</li> </ul>

WIDA Performance Definitions - **Speaking and Writing** Grades K-12

Within sociocultural contexts for language use...

	Discourse Dimension	Sentence Dimension	Word/Phrase Dimension
	Linguistic Complexity	Language Forms and Conventions	Vocabulary Usage
<b>Level 6 - Reaching</b> Language that meets all criteria through Level 5, Bridging			
At each grade, toward the end of a given level of English language proficiency, and with instructional support, English language learners will produce...			
<b>Level 5 Bridging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multiple, complex sentences</li> <li>Organized, cohesive, and coherent expression of ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A variety of grammatical structures matched to purpose</li> <li>A broad range of sentence patterns characteristic of particular content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Technical and abstract content-area language, including content-specific collocations</li> <li>Words and expressions with precise meaning across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 4 Expanding</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Short, expanded, and some complex sentences</li> <li>Organized expression of ideas with emerging cohesion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A variety of grammatical structures</li> <li>Sentence patterns characteristic of particular content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific and some technical content-area language</li> <li>Words and expressions with expressive meaning through use of collocations and idioms across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 3 Developing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Short and some expanded sentences with emerging complexity</li> <li>Expanded expression of one idea or emerging expression of multiple related ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Repetitive grammatical structures with occasional variation</li> <li>Sentence patterns across content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific content language, including cognates and expressions</li> <li>Words or expressions with multiple meanings used across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 2 Emerging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phrases or short sentences</li> <li>Emerging expression of ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Formulaic grammatical structures</li> <li>Repetitive phrasal and sentence patterns across content areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General content words and expressions</li> <li>Social and instructional words and expressions across content areas</li> </ul>
<b>Level 1 Entering</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Words, phrases, or chunks of language</li> <li>Single words used to represent ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Phrase-level grammatical structures</li> <li>Phrasal patterns associated with common social and instructional situations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General content-related words</li> <li>Everyday social, instructional and some content-related words</li> </ul>



Give meaning to Proficiency Levels



# EL Progress toward English Proficiency

## HOW DID STUDENT GROUPS IN THE STATE PERFORM?

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

MATHEMATICS

### PROGRESS TOWARDS ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

### PROGRESS LEVELS

### SCORES, TARGETS, AND FLAGS

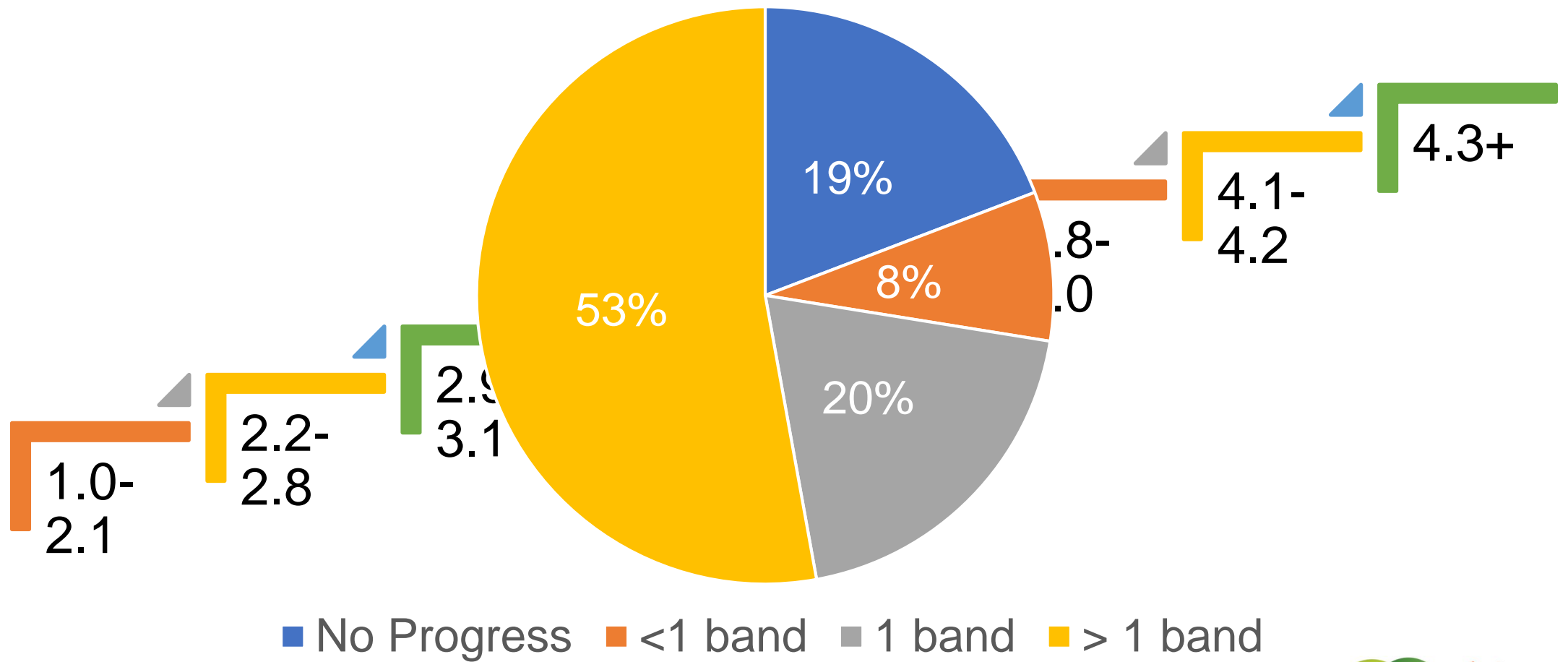
#### ACCESS for ELLs Performance Bands

	No Positive Movement	Moved Less Than One Band	Moved One Band	Moved More Than One Band
ALL STUDENTS	19.19%	8.35%	19.61%	52.85%
AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKAN NATIVE	16.28%	9.88%	16.86%	56.98%
ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER	15.00%	7.37%	17.11%	60.52%
BLACK	16.62%	9.69%	18.34%	55.35%
HISPANIC	19.94%	8.47%	20.09%	51.50%
MULTI-RACIAL	20.47%	8.84%	16.74%	53.95%
WHITE	16.61%	6.77%	17.43%	59.20%
ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	19.44%	8.65%	19.94%	51.96%
ENGLISH LEARNERS	19.19%	8.35%	19.61%	52.85%
STUDENTS WITH DISABILITY	25.22%	14.81%	22.59%	37.38%

### EL Progress toward Proficiency – ACCESS for ELLs

Performance Band Movement	Point Value
No positive movement	0
Moved less than one band	.5
Moved one band	1
Moved more than one band	1.5

# Percent of ELs Contributing to the State's Progress Points in CCRPI





# Analyzing ACCESS English Language Proficiency (ELP) Data



What's the difference  
between English Learners'  
**GROWTH** in English  
language proficiency  
(ELP) and their  
**PROGRESS** towards  
proficiency?

# Interpretation of WIDA ACCESS 2.0 Scale Scores

Grade	Reading Scale Score	Reading Proficiency Level
3	355	5.2
4	355	4.6
5	355	4.0

*As grade level increases, so do our expectations...*

# Interpretation of Scale Scores

Grades	Domain	Scores	
		Scale Score	Proficiency Level
3	Overall	347	4.2
4	Overall	359	4.2
5	Overall	369	4.2





# Let's Focus on GROWTH

Gains or growth in ACCESS Scale  
Scores from year to year.

# ACCESS Scale Scores = Focusing on Growth

- Mee is a 7<sup>th</sup> grade student of Asian origin.
- In 2014, she scored an ACCESS 2.0 Overall Composite Scale Score = 338 (ELP Level = **2.8**).
- In 2015, she scored a 352 (PL = 3.4).
- GAIN = **14** scale score points
- So....
  - **Is that good?**
  - **Is that normal?**
  - **Is that what you'd expect?**

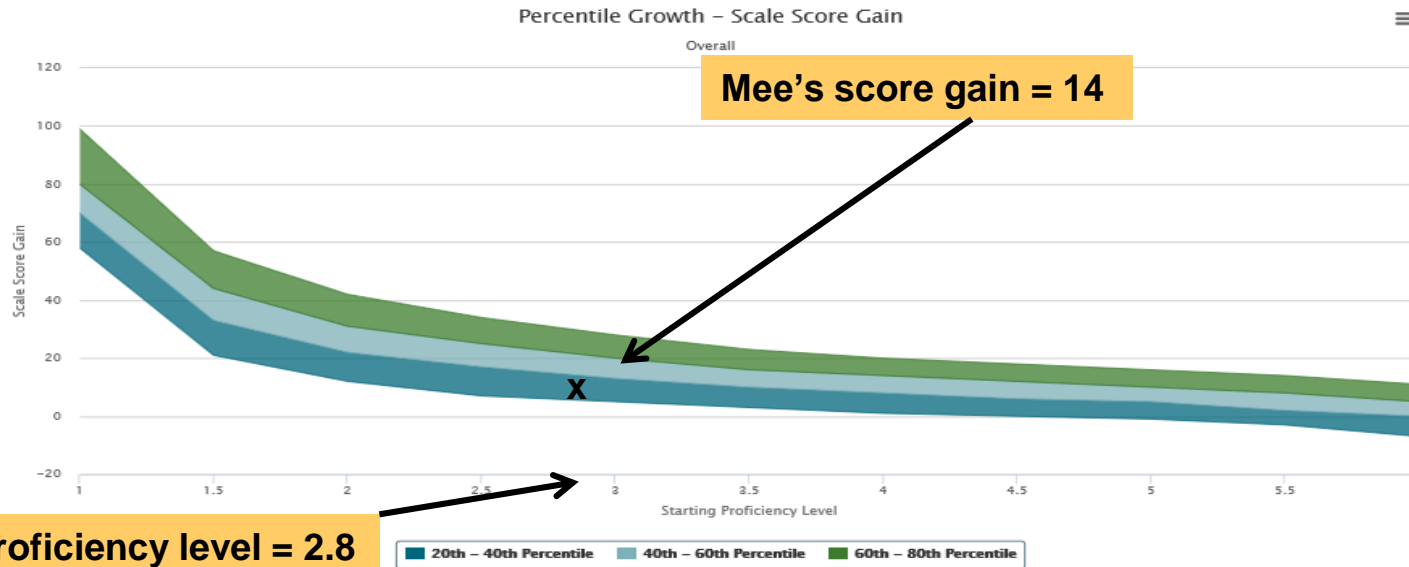
# Student Growth Percentiles (SGP)

## ACCESS Percentile Growth Report

[? Help](#)

Change Filters ▾

WIDA / 2013 - 2014 to 2014 - 2015 / 7th Grade / Overall



Mee's initial proficiency level = 2.8

Mee's score gain = 14

	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
80th	99	57	42	34	28	23	20	18	16	14	11
60th	80	44	31	25	20	16	14	12	10	8	5
40th	70	33	22	17	13	10	8	6	5	2	0
20th	58	21	12	7	5	3	1	0	-1	-3	-7

NEED HELP? Contact the WIDA Client Services Center at [help@wida.us](mailto:help@wida.us) or call us toll free 1-866-276-7735  
WIDA is housed within the Wisconsin Center for Education Research at the School of Education, University of Wisconsin-Madison.  
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Mee's Scale Score gain is in the 20<sup>th</sup>- 40<sup>th</sup> percentile range compared to 7<sup>th</sup> grade ELs with the same initial proficiency level of 2.8.

# Growth vs. Progress

**Growth** = an increase in size, number, value, or strength



**Progress** = movement or advancement through a series of events or points in time; development through time



# Communicating EL Data



Offering a holistic education to **each and every child** in our state.



# Coherent Instruction System - Refining the Instructional System

## Processes:

- Reflect on what did and did not work
- Adjust planning, implementation, and monitoring
- Celebrate and share successes
- Identify next steps

# Self-Reflection Questions for School Leadership Teams

1. *Are we documenting EL growth over time?*

- *Identify ELs who aren't growing for RTI teams to address*
- *Identify teachers whose EL students experience great growth*
- *Identify grade level growth averages*
- *Compare individual students to school or grade level average growth for like-peers*
- *Monitor student progress on other measures*

2. *Are we tracking common student weaknesses/strengths across/within grade-levels?*

# Self-Reflection Questions for School Leadership Teams

3. *Do we create clusters of ELs with similar English language proficiency (ELP) profiles to place in same classroom?*
4. *Do we require teachers to use ELP data for instructional differentiation purposes?*
5. *Do our teachers use ELP data to create authentic assessments, modified assignments, etc.?*
6. *Are teachers examining student work for language and content demands as well?*



# Professional Resources

- Carnock, J. T. (August 2017) *Seeing clearly: Five lenses to bring English learner data into focus.*  
<https://www.newamerica.org/education-policy/policy-papers/seeing-clearly/>
- Ceedar's (Nov 2016) *Evidence-based practices for English learners.*  
<https://cedar.education.ufl.edu/wp-content/uploads/2016/11/EBP-for-english-learners.pdf>
- Colorado Dept of Ed's (Oct 2016) *Guidebook on designing, delivering, and evaluating services for English learners (ELs).*  
[http://www.cde.state.co.us/cde\\_english/guidebookoct16](http://www.cde.state.co.us/cde_english/guidebookoct16)
- Hamayan, E., & Freeman, R. (2012), *English language learners at school: A guide for administrators.*

# Professional Resources

- Indiana Dept of Ed's *English learner program evaluation toolkit*.  
<https://www.doe.in.gov/sites/default/files/elme/el-program-evaluation-toolkit.pdf>
- Sugarman, J. (N.D.) *A guide to finding and understanding English learner data*. Migration Policy Institute Issue Brief
- U.S.D.E.'s *Tools and resources for evaluating the effectiveness of a district's EL program*. English Learner Toolkit.  
<https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/oela/english-learner-toolkit/chap9.pdf>

# Session Feedback

Thank you for attending our session.  
Please take a moment to provide  
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