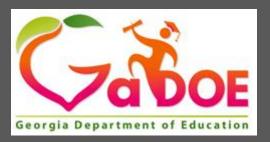
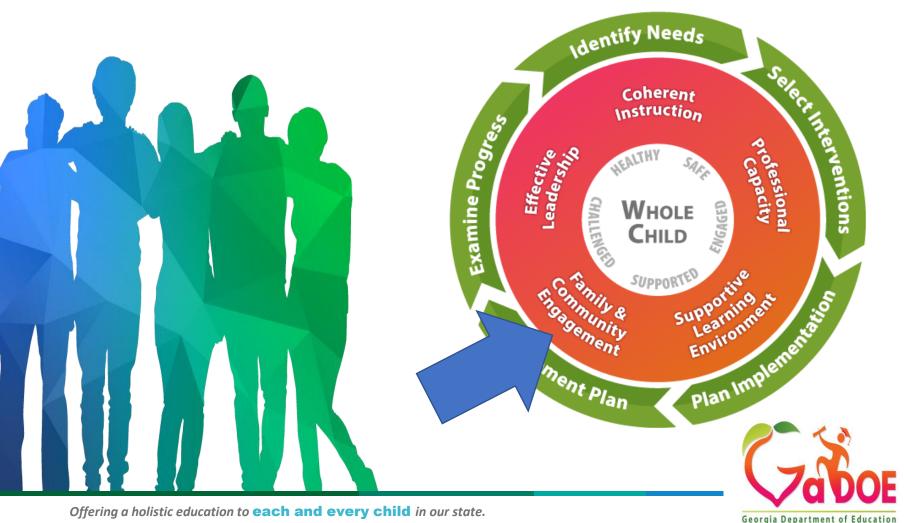


- Mandi Griffin
- Dely V. Roberts
- Israel Cortez
- GCEL 2020
- Savannah, GA

Removing Barriers to Meaningful Parent-School Partnerships



Georgia's **Systems of Continuous Improvement**





Do we know if parents' expectations of school match our schools' expectations of parents? How do our schools and parents' values align?

Learning Objectives



How do schools communicate effectively with parents?



EdCamp "Stand-Up Meetings"



Do we know who our parents?

Parents?

Title I, Part A: Family-School Partnership Program

Title I Part C: Education of Migratory Children

Title IX, Part A – McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth

Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program

Title III: Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students

Title I, Part A - Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged



Top 20 Languages in Georgia (Oct 2019)

	STUDENT PRIMARY LANGUAGE	STUDENT
	STODENT FINIMANT LANGUAGE	COUNT
1	Spanish	135,188
2	Vietnamese	4,553
3	Other Indian	3,850
4	Korean	3,410
5	Chinese	3,191
6	Arabic	2,581
7	Other Asian	2,456
8	Other African	2,277
9	Portuguese	2,237
10	Hindi	2,133
11	French	2,065
12	Gujarati	1,694
13	Ethiopia/Eritrean Languages	1,670
14	Burmese, Hakka Chin,	1,406
15	Urdu	1,316
16	Russian	1,240
17	Japanese	920
18	Farsi, Dari, Persian	822
19	Mandarian	780
20	Swahili	703

Do parents' expectations of school match the schools' expectations of parents?

Do schools and parents' values align?

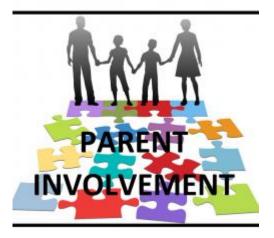
The model of parental participation of Hispanic immigrants focuses on parents teaching good manners and moral values to their children. Many Hispanic parents also have high academic expectations of their children. Research shows that Hispanic immigrant families import and maintain a desire to sustain their own cultural model of education.... The academic performance of Hispanic students is influenced by the traditional values of their families (Reese, Balzano, Gallimore & Goldenberg, 1995).



- Improving parental involvement improves schools
- Parental involvement is highly important for pushing the systems to higher standards
- Engaging parents in an active role in the school curriculum can open alternative opportunities for children to succeed in academics

Ideas for Building Parent Capacity

Information for Parents



School Transitions Resources

Resources for Parents of English
Learners



How do schools communicate effectively with parents?

Visit the parents, leave a message or an invitation letter





Send group text



Let a student design the flyer



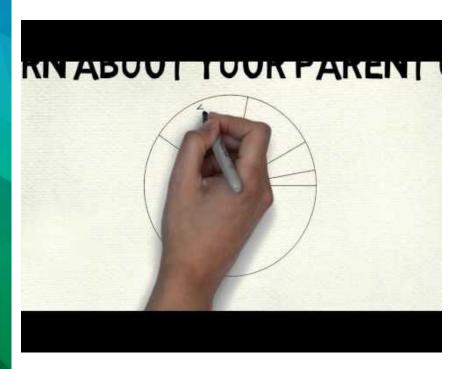
Use social media!

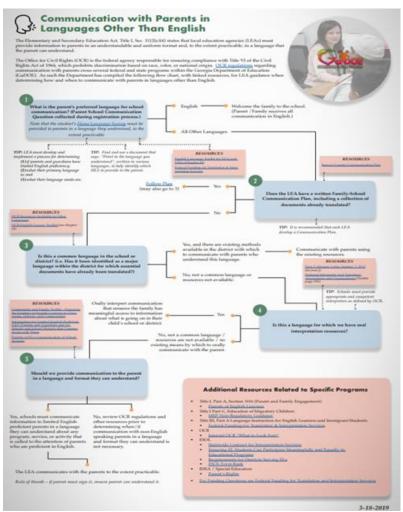


Call, call, and call



Communicating with Parents with Limited English





Click to access file.



The MEP Parent Advisory Council (PAC)



- <u>Advises</u> the SEA and school districts on concerns of migrant parents that relate to the <u>planning</u>, <u>operation</u>, and <u>evaluation</u> of MEP programs and projects in which their children participate
- In particular, the SEA and school districts must consult with the PAC about:
 - (1) the comprehensive assessment of the needs of migratory children to be served; and
 - (2) the design of the comprehensive service delivery plan.



In terms of Migrant-How do we form a PAC?

How can we ensure school communication is comprehensible to our families?

The MEP staff may assist by doing the following:

Form a committee (one or two parents) to organize the PAC meeting

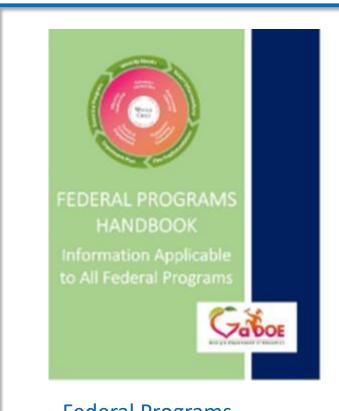
Decide location and time for the PAC meeting

Decide on the topics by priority of importance for the agenda

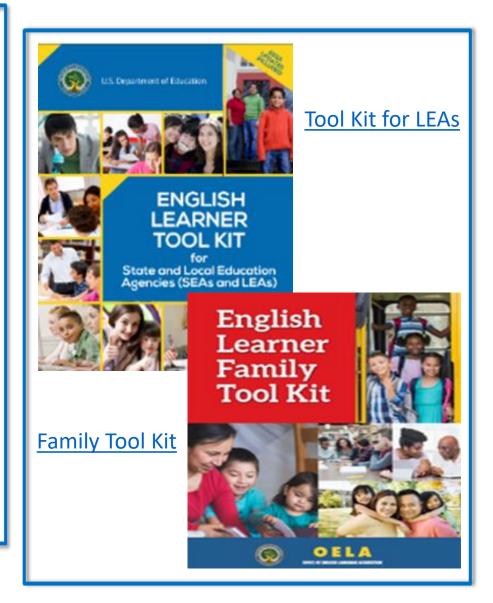
Mail formal invitation letters **WITH** an explanation of the purpose of the PAC

Have an icebreaker to set the stage and make the parents feel more comfortable

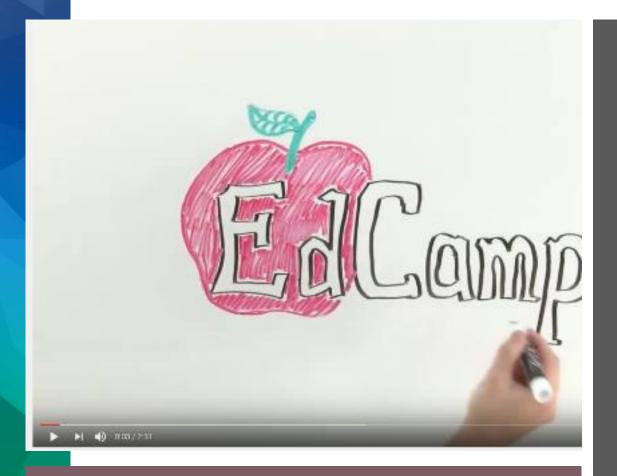




Federal Programs Handbook







EdCamp Summary

- Free and open to educators and families
- Non-commercial/no vendors
- Anyone can speak and be actively involved
- Discussion based,
 NOT stand and deliver
- Not an opportunity to "sell" the speaker's views
- Reliant on the "Rule of Two Feet"



Hybrid EdCamp Norms

- If the meeting area is too full, please choose a different meeting to attend.
- If your group has too many participants, please divide the group in half. The new group will move to another open area. A participant will need to become a group facilitator.
- Any participant can use the "Rule of Two Feet".



EdCamp "Stand-Up Meeting" Topics

2-10 minutes sessions



TOPIC 1:

CULTURAL RESPONSIVENESS



TOPIC 2:

EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION



TOPIC 3:

ACADEMIC AWARENESS



TOPIC 4:

MIGRANT PAC



Wrap-Up: EdCamp

- Fast-paced
 opportunity for
 sharing to the
 whole group
- Was it an online tool? Tip? Book recommendation?
- Less than one minute











Contact Information

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Resources

 Reese, L., Balzano, S., Gallimore, R., & Goldenberg, C. (1995). The concept of educación: Latino family values and American schooling. International Journal of Educational Research, 23, 57–81.





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