



ESSA Professional Qualifications/ In-Field and Equity

2018 GaDOE Federal Programs Conference
New Director Session

Pam Daniels and Chris Leonard
Title II, Part A Education Program Specialists

The contents of this presentation were developed under a grant from the U.S. Department of Education. However, those contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the U.S. Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement.

New Directors Breakout Session GaDOE Specialists



gadoe.org

Catlin McMunn Dooley, Ph.D.

Deputy Superintendent
Office of Teaching and Learning

Cindy Saxon

Associate Superintendent, TLSD Office of Teaching and Learning

Carly Ambler	cambler@doe.k12.ga.us
Karen Cliett	kcliett@doe.k12.ga.us
Pam Daniels	pdaniels@doe.k12.ga.us
Joy Gentry	jgentry@doe.k12.ga.us
Dana Golowich	dirwin@doe.k12.ga.us
Chris Leonard	cleonard@doe.k12.ga.us
Terri Still	tstill@doe.k12.ga.us

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Agenda



gadoe.or

Equity

- Equity in Georgia/State Reporting
- Equity Action Plan Timeline
- Equity Action Plan Access
- Data Profiles
- State Equity Data
- FY19 Equity Action Plans

ESSA PQ/In-Field

- Takeaways
- Stakeholders/Resources/ Historical Background
- Definitions
- Establishing PQ/Certifications/Notifications
- In-Field Portal
- Establishing Next Steps



FY19 Equity

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Equity in Georgia and the Law



- **Equity** is authorized in Title I, Part A and supported by Title II, Part A. In Georgia, Equity is addressed through the LEA Equity Action Plan submitted annually in the District Improvement Plan. Work to increase equitable opportunities for students is the responsibility of the entire district.
 - Title I. Part A Each State Plan shall describe how low-income and minority children enrolled in schools assisted under this part are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-offield, or inexperienced teachers, and the measures the State educational agency will use to evaluate and publicly report the progress of the State educational agency with respect to such description (ESSA 1111(g)(1)(B))
 - Title II, Part A LEAs may develop and implement initiatives to assist in recruiting, hiring, and retaining effective teachers, particularly in low-income schools with high percentages of ineffective teachers and high percentages of students who do not meet the challenging State academic standards, to improve within-district equity in the distribution of teachers, consistent with section 1111(g)(1)(B), (ESSA 2103(b)(3)(b))

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session State Reporting



SEC. 1111. STATE PLANS

- (h) REPORTS.—
 - (1) ANNUAL STATE REPORT CARD.—
 - (C) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—Each State report card required under this subsection shall include the following information:
 - (ix) The professional qualifications of teachers in the State, including information (that shall be presented in the aggregate and disaggregated by high poverty compared to low-poverty schools) on the number and percentage of—
 - (I) inexperienced teachers, principals, and other school leaders;
 - (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and
 - (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

SEC. 2104. REPORTING

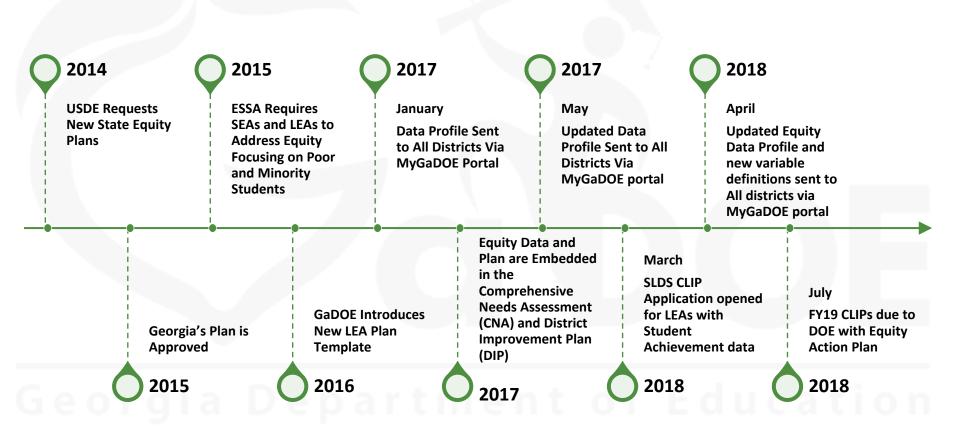
- (a) STATE REPORT.—Each State educational agency receiving funds under this part shall annually submit to the Secretary a report that provides—
 - (4) ...the annual retention rates of effective and ineffective teachers, principals, ...

New Directors Breakout Session

LEA Equity Action Plan Timeline



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"



New Directors Breakout Session Georgia EAEE State Plan Themes

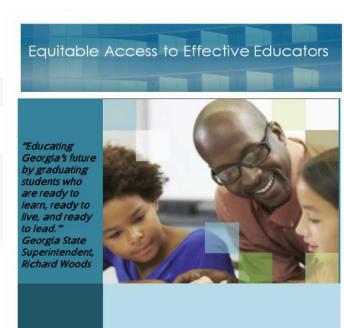


Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.o

Four common themes captured in GA's Equity Plan:

- Recruitment and teacher preparation;
- Teacher and principal effectiveness;
- Retention and professional growth; and
- 4. Factors that impact the learning and working environment.





Georgia Department of Education September 14, 2015

New Directors Breakout Session

LEA Equity Action Plan Access & Progress



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org



Ensuring Access

- Georgia's FY17 & FY18 LEA Equity Action Plans are posted online on the GaDOE webpage. FY19 should be posted by October.
- Equity Data moving to SLDS in FY19

Ensuring Progress

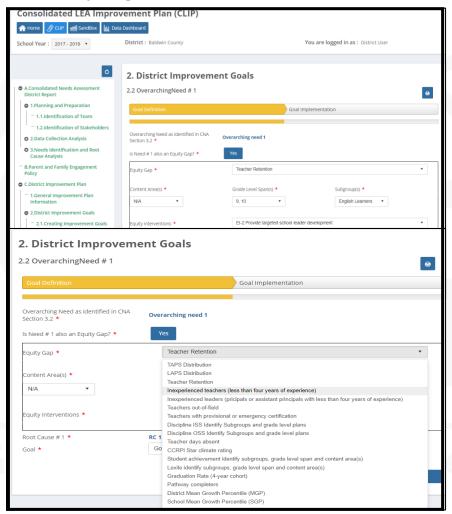
- GaDOE Staff monitor LEA Equity Action Plan implementation during cross-functional monitoring visits.
- State and LEA level data are being gathered and distributed.

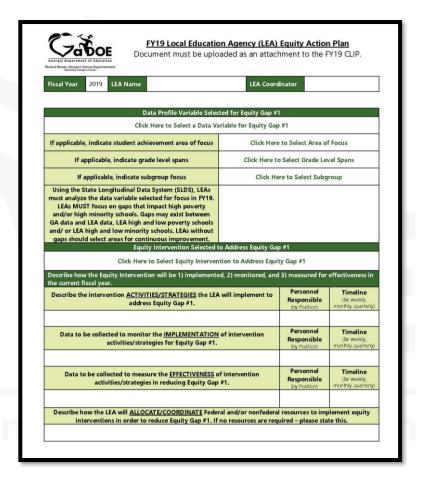
New Directors Breakout Session

FY19 Equity Plans



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org





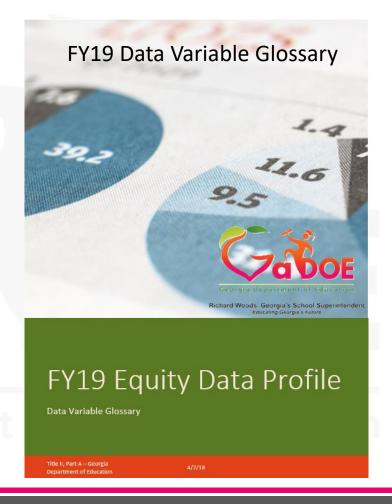
2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session FY19 Data Profile and Data Guide



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

FY19 Data Profile

P-20 Collaborati ve	RESA	FTE FY18 Total Student Count	FTE FY17 Total Student Count	FTE FY16 Total Student Count	FTE FY15 Total Student Count	FTE FY18 Ethnicity: Hispanic %	FTE FY17 Ethnicity: Hispanic %	FTE FY16 Ethnicity: Hispanic %	FTE FY15 Ethnicity: Hispanic %	FTE FY18 Race: American Indian %	FTE FY17 Race: American Indian %
		1,768,633	1,764,210	1,756,579	1,744,029	15.6%	15.2%	14.6%	14.0%	0.2%	0.2%
Southeast	First Distric	1,005	984	983	1,003	12.2%	13.4%	13.2%	11.5%	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	579	576	546	587	20.4%	21.2%	20.1%	19.1%	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	784	773	752	771	15.4%	13.2%	12.2%	12.2%	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	646	671	729	763	23.8%	23.8%	22.6%	21.5%	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	423	410	409	390	6.9%	7.3%	7.1%	7.2%	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	202	199	193	174	11.9%	10.6%	12.4%	TFS	TFS	TFS
Southeast	First Distric	t									
Southeast	First Distric	t									
Southeast	First Distric	t									



New Directors Breakout Session

Inexperienced Teachers



Inexperienced Teachers (<4 years)

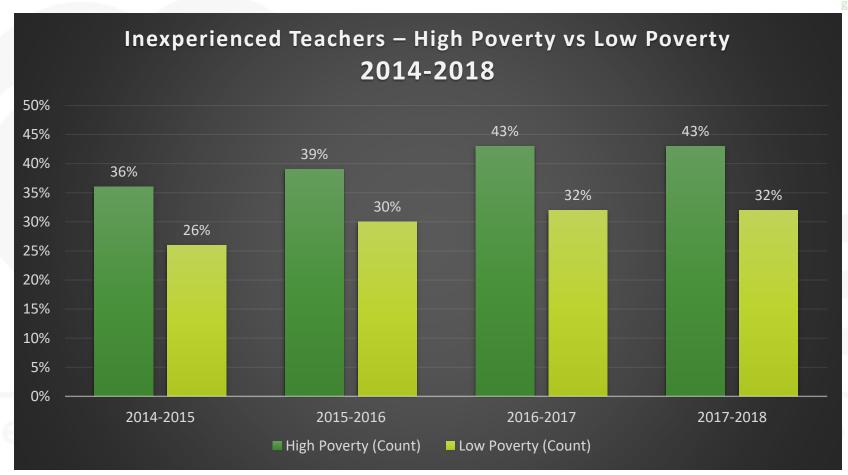
Teachers with less than four consecutive years being reported as a teacher as captured through Fall and Spring CPI. Teacher is defined by CPI job code 080-199 excluding 145, 155, 156 and 157. New LEAs that are charter schools will show as having 100% inexperienced personnel for three years. This data variable is reported using both Count and FTE.

	Inexperienced Teachers	Inexperienced Teachers FTE	Inexperienced Teachers %	Inexperienced Teachers FTE %
2014-2015	35772	33435.13	31%	30%
2015-2016	40464	38017.61	35%	34%
2016-2017	44069	41564.07	37%	36%
2017-2018	44196	41394	37%	36%

New Directors Breakout Session

Inexperienced Teachers





2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Inexperienced Leaders



gadoe.org

Inexperienced Leaders (<4 years)

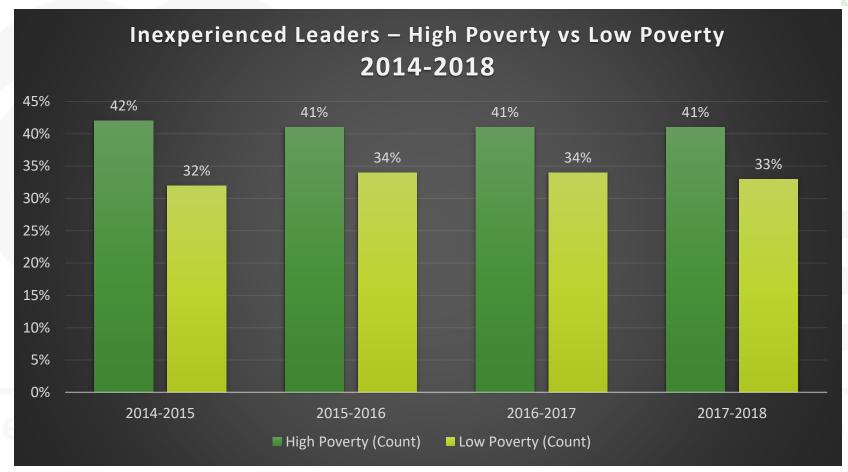
Leaders with less than four consecutive years being reported as a teacher as captured through Fall and Spring CPI. Leaders is defined by CPI job codes 610 and 615. There may be multiple leaders in a building. New schools and schools without Spring CPI Data will be reported as having 100% inexperienced personnel for three years. This data variable is reported using both Count and FTE.

	Inexperienced Leaders	Inexperienced Leaders FTE	Inexperienced Leaders %	Inexperienced Leaders FTE %
2014-2015	2186	2053.34	36%	35%
2015-2016	2307	2155.07	37%	36%
2016-2017	2400	2285.45	38%	37%
2017-2018	2429	2285.21	38%	37%

New Directors Breakout Session

Inexperienced Leaders





2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Emergency or Provisional Certificates



gadoe.org

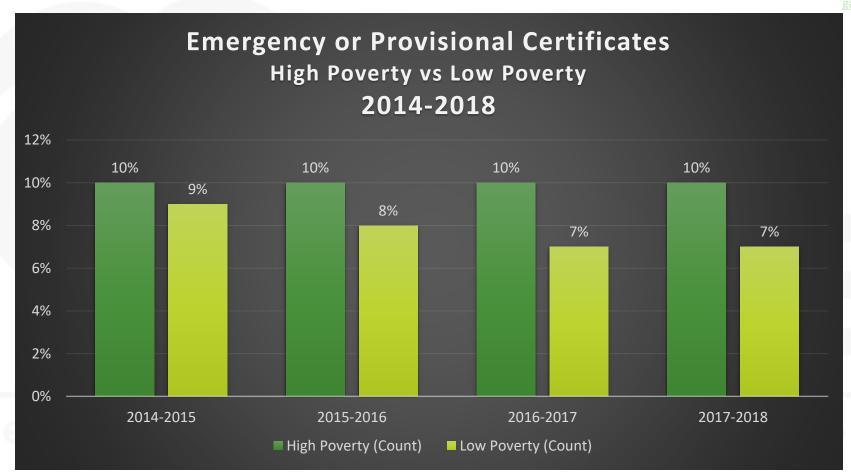
Teachers w Emergency or Provisional Credentials Teachers who hold a N and/ or W GaPSC issued certificate and special education teachers who hold a SI certification in a special education field without a passing score on the GaPSC accepted test (GACE). Data comes from GaPSC certification records and CPI, which verifies location of employment. Based on teacher identifier (SSN). Teacher is defined by CPI job code 080-199 excluding 145, 155, 156 and 157.

	Teachers with Emergency or Provisional	Teachers with Emergency or Provisional FTE	Teachers with Emergency or Provisional %	Teachers with Emergency or Provisional FTE %
2014-2015	10053	9713.89	9%	9%
2015-2016	9675	9310.07	8%	8%
2016-2017	9616	9269.42	8%	8%
2017-2018	9395	9088.82	8%	8%

New Directors Breakout Session

Emergency or Provisional Certificates





2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Teachers Out-of-Field



gadoe.org

Teachers Out-of-Field

Teachers who are not certified or licensed and who do not hold GaDOE accepted equivalent credentials (Bachelor's Degree, Relevant Coursework passed at 'C' or higher, Passing Score on Content Area Test) as reported in CPI through charter waiver codes 101, 102, 103. Determined using Data Collections Cycle 1, 2, and 3 Student Class and CPI reports, cross referenced with GaPSC certification records. Data Records referenced include: Student Class course numbers, Student Class modality, CPI subject code, certification records. Based on teacher identifier (SSN). Teacher is defined by CPI job code 080-199 excluding 145, 155, 156 and 157.

	2014-2015 (Hi-Q)	2015-2016 (Hi-Q)	2016-2017	2017-2018
Teachers Out-of-Field (Not Highly Qualified) (Program calculation methods updated in 2018)	7.3%	1.4%	N/A in FY17	16.0%

Note: The 2017-2018 data will not be complete until the third CPI is collected.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Teachers Out-of-Field by Content



Georgia's School Superintendent
"Educating Georgia's Future"

Teachers Out-of-Field

Teachers who are not certified or licensed and who do not hold GaDOE accepted equivalent credentials (Bachelor's Degree, Relevant Coursework passed at 'C' or higher, Passing Score on Content Area Test) as reported in CPI through charter waiver codes 101, 102, 103. Determined using Data Collections Cycle 1, 2, and 3 Student Class and CPI reports, cross referenced with GaPSC certification records. Data Records referenced include: Student Class course numbers, Student Class modality, CPI subject code, certification records. Based on teacher identifier (SSN). Teacher is defined by CPI job code 080-199 excluding 145, 155, 156 and 157.

	Special Education	ESOL	Gifted	ELA	World Languages	Fine Arts	Math	Science	Social Studies	PE/Health	Pre-K	CTAE/JROTC
2017-2018 Teachers Out- of-Field (Not Highly Qualified) by Content Area	36.5	17.9 %	20.1	15.8 %	20.8	10.7	18.1	18.5	17.4 %	14.9	21.9	19.9

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Teacher Retention

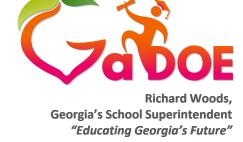


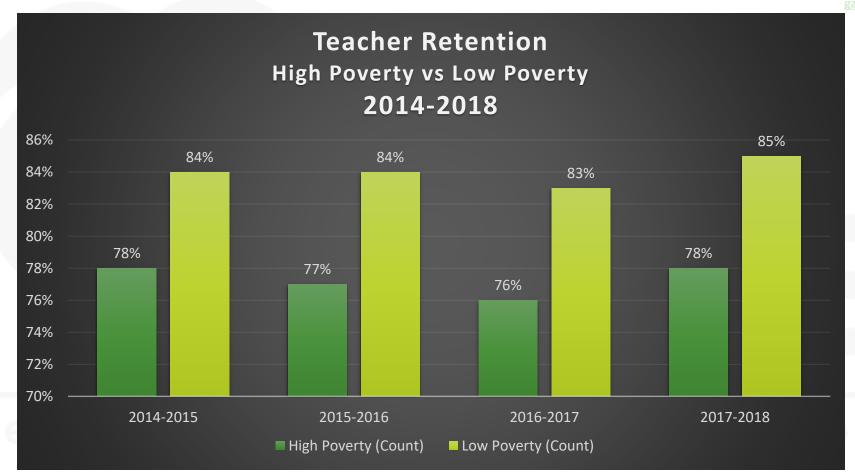
Teacher Retention	Teachers (whether full-time or part-time) who appear in Spring CPI Data Collection of one year and also appear in the following Fall CPI Data Collection. Teacher is defined by CPI job code 080-199 excluding 145, 155, 156 and 157. New schools and schools without Spring CPI Data will be reported as 0% retention. This data variable is reported using both Count and FTE.

	Teacher Retention	Teacher Retention FTE	Teacher Retention %	Teacher Retention FTE %
2014-2015	96797	95970.70	86%	86%
2015-2016	97979	97177.34	86%	86%
2016-2017	98816	97996.57	85%	86%
2017-2018	100975	100130.43	86%	87%

New Directors Breakout Session

Teacher Retention





2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session



Georgia's School Superintendent
"Educating Georgia's Future"

	Leaders (whether full-time or part-time) who appear in Spring CPI Data Collection of one year and also appear in the following Fall CPI Data
Leader	Collection. Leader is defined by CPI job codes 610, 615. There may be multiple
Retention	leaders in a building. New schools and schools without Spring CPI Data will be reported as 0% retention. This data variable is reported using both Count and FTE.

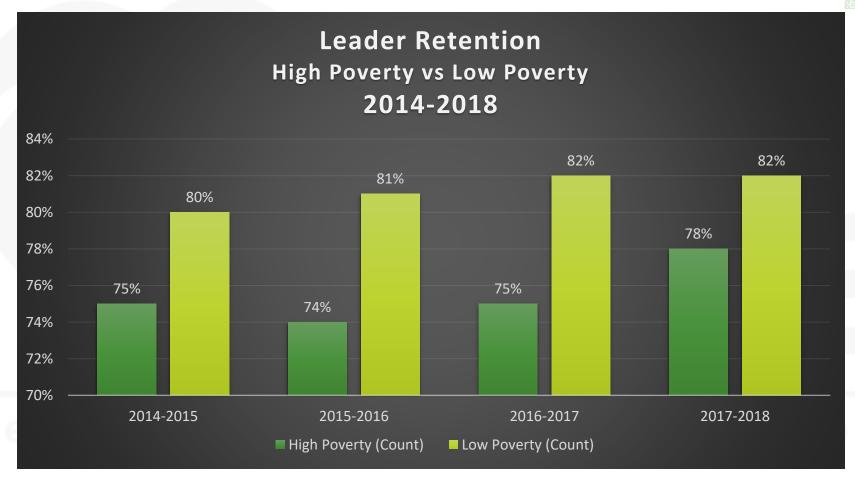
	Leader Retention	Leader Retention FTE	Leader Retention %	Leader Retention FTE %
2014-2015	5134	5072.99	86%	86%
2015-2016	5255	5199.68	87%	87%
2016-2017	5360	5318.23	87%	88%
2017-2018	5497	5481.05	87%	88%

Leader Retention

New Directors Breakout Session

Leader Retention





New Directors Breakout Session

Ineffective Teachers



"Educating Georgia's Future"

Ineffective Teachers	An ineffective teacher is one that is rated ineffective (Level 1) or needs development (Level 2) (to align with the Georgia Professional Standards Commission definition of unsatisfactory) on the Teacher Assessment on Performance Standards. Student Class is merged with the TAPS file to match each teacher with a valid TAPS rating with the courses they taught and number of students served.

	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017
Percentage of Students Served by Ineffective Teachers (Program calculation methods updated in 2018)	Percentage of Students(individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers	Percentage of Students(individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers	Percentage of Students(individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers
	9.54%	9.72%	8.69%
	Number of Students (individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers	Number of Students (individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers	Number of Students (individual) Level 1 or 2 Teachers
	170599	177446	154365



ESSA Professional Qualifications and In-Field

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Updates



- GaDOE is offering regional training at the end of July.
 Registration is open and can be accessed on the PQ/In-Field website.
- In FY18 we have further refined methods for determining whether or not Special Education Teachers are In-Field.
- In FY19 GaDOE-defined Equivalent Credentials for In-Field purposes will expand to include CTAE.
- In FY19 GaDOE will begin In-Field Data Verification During Monitoring (AP/IB, Equivalent Credentials-Degree/Coursework/CTAE, 'Adapted PE' Services)

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Recognizing Flexibility



Implementing PQ/ESSA In-Field may be easier in some LEAs than in others. GaDOE is here to help.

Ultimately, the GaDOE expects LEAs to use local autonomy granted under charter and strategic waiver law and SBOE rules to make the best decisions for their students, their staff and their community while taking into consideration related federal, state and local requirements and local capacity (LEA human and fiscal resources).



New Directors Breakout Session

LEA Staff Responsibilities

LEA Staff Responsibilities



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

Superintendent

Be aware that PQ requirements impact many district and school positions and must be consistently implemented.

Be aware that each LEA in Georgia has its own unique requirements.

Waiving certification may impact LEA funding, budgeting and public reporting.

Finance Director

Is responsible for ensuring the LEA maximizes the use of Federal and State resources.

Be aware of how certification requirements impact budgeting. This includes funding related to Training and Experience and funding/budgeting to support educator preparation and credentialing.

HR Director

Is responsible for ensuring that IDEA/ESSA/GaDOE/LEA requirements for parapros and teachers have been met.

Must maintain equivalent qualification documentation to support CPI charter/ SWSS assertions.

Be aware of how PQ may impact teacher recruitment and training.

Work with Title I Director to ensure documentation of notifications.

Data Collections Coordinator

Is responsible for ensuring that all CPI data entered accurately reflects job assignments.

Is responsible for ensuring that CPI CHW codes are only used for teachers for whom certification is waived.

CPI must align with CLIP: District Improvement Plan PQ requirements.

New Directors Breakout Session

LEA Staff Responsibilities



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

Principals/ Assistant Principals

Be aware that each LEA in Georgia has its own unique requirements.

May be required to support parapros/ teachers in meeting requirements.

Responsible for ensuring hiring and scheduling/job assignments align with LEA PQ requirements.

Notifications are required if a teacher does not meet LEA PQ

Title I Director

Is responsible for ensuring that LEA PQ requirements have been submitted in the CLIP: District Improvement Plan Is responsible for ensuring that ESSA requirements have been met for monitoring purposes: qualifications and notifications. May include collaboration with principals and HR

Special Education Director

Is responsible for ensuring that IDEA/ ESSA/ GaDOE requirements for special education paraprofessionals and teachers have been met for monitoring purposes: qualifications and notifications.

This may impact teacher assignments, recruitment and training.

Paraprofessionals Teachers

Be aware that each LEA in Georgia has its own unique requirements.

Be aware that additional qualifications may be required by the employing LEA.

PQ/ESSA In-Field is based on educator qualifications and job assignment (course/ grade level).

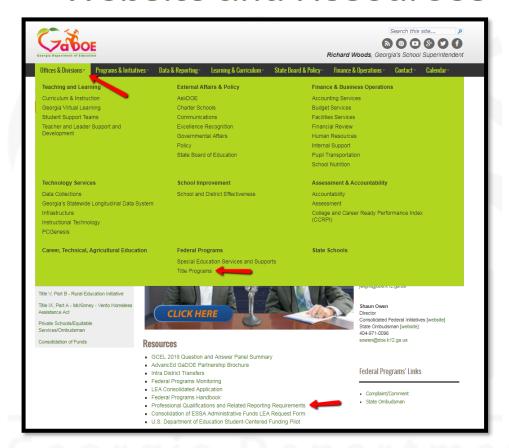
Notifications are required if a teacher does not meet LEA PQ.



New Directors Breakout Session Website and Resources



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Fducating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org



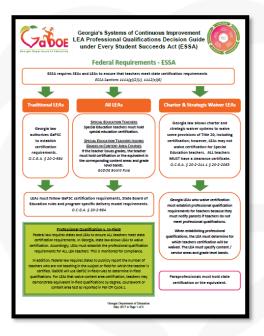


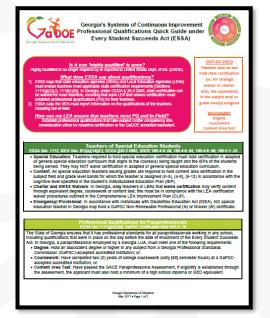
GaDOE > Offices & Divisions > School Improvement/ Federal Programs > Resources "Professional Qualifications and Related Reporting Requirements"

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session PQ/ESSA In-Field Quick Guides



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org







Decision Guide

Purpose:

Broad Overview

Audience:

General Public

Quick Guide

Purpose:

Updates

Audience:

 LEA staff working with PQ and In-Field

Special Education Guide

Purpose:

Special Education Focus

Audience:

Special Education Staff

New Directors Breakout Session

Implementation Guide



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org



ESSA PQ & IN-FIELD IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE

THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES FOR PROFESSIONAL
QUALIFICATIONS AND RELATED REPORTING UNDER
ESEA/ESSA

Created 11.21.2017, Current Version Updated 12.20.17

Note: This document is a draft. It is considered a living document that will be revised as needed. However, it is an authoritative document that can guide local education agencies (LEAs) in their efforts to implement Georgia requirements. This document reflects the most recent federal and state updates and changes available. The most current document will be posted to the Georgia Department of Education website on the Professional Qualifications and Related Reporting Requirements under the Every Student Succeeds Act (2015) webpage.

The contents of this handbook were developed under a grant from the U.S. Department of Education. However, those contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the U.S. Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement.

Georgia Department of Education December 20, 2017 • Page 1 of 2

The PQ/ESSA In-Field Implementation Guide

An authoritative document that guides local education agencies (LEAs) in their efforts to implement federal, state and local requirements related to professional qualifications and in-field reporting in Georgia.

This document is a living document that is updated as guidance becomes available.

The most current version is always available on the GaDOE website.

New Directors Breakout Session

Evolution of PQ/ESSA In-Field



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

USDE

Eisenhower PD and CSR Established By ESEA 1965 ESEA is
Reauthorized
by NCLB
(Highly Qualified)
2001

ESEA is Reauthorized by ESSA (PQ/ESSA In-Field) 2015

Consolidated
Appropriations
Act Extends
Start of ESSA
2016

ESSA
Funding and
Implementation
Begin
2017



GaPSC Implements Highly Qualified Under NCLB 2001

GaPSC Submits Highly Qualified Plan To USDE 2005 (2006, 2009) Georgia Law Allows Charters/ SWSS to Waive Certification 2008 GaDOE
Establishes
PQ/ESSA In-Field
Requirements
Under ESSA
2016-2017

Georgia SBOE
Requires All
Special Education
Teachers to be
Certified
2017

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Professional Qualifications (PQ) vs ESSA In-Field



Professional Qualifications

ESSA – Assurances

Sec. 1111(g)(2)(J), 1112(c)(6)

The state educational agency/ local education agency will ensure that all teachers and paraprofessionals working in a program supported with funds under this part meet applicable State certification and licensure requirements, including any requirements for certification obtained through alternative routes to certification.

ESSA In-Field

ESSA – Reporting

Sec. 1111(h)(1)(c)(ix)

Teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed

In Georgia, "out-of-field" teachers are those who are not teaching in their field of certification. It **may** also apply to teachers who hold a GaPSC issued certificate "W", "N", or "SI".

Checked during Monitoring

Reported Annually

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Evolution of PQ/ESSA In-Field





Why change the name from HiQ to PQ?

First, highly qualified is gone. Teachers do not have to meet federal requirements. ESSA says SEAs and LEAs MUST ensure teachers meet state certification requirements. It also says that LEAs must notify parents when teachers do not meet professional qualification requirements. In Georgia we wanted to distinguish between NCLB and ESSA requirements. In addition, with increased flexibility in Georgia, not all teachers have to be certified. The term professional qualifications captures federal, state and local requirements.

New Directors Breakout Session

Evolution of PQ/ESSA In-Field



Georgia's School Superintendent Georgia's Future"

ESSA In-Field

gadoe.org

NCLB

ALL Paraprofessionals Meet Federal HiQ Requirements

ALL PK-12 Special Education Teachers Meet Federal HiO Requirements

K-12 Core Academic **Content Teachers Meet Federal HiQ** Requirements

> **HiQ Reported Annually**

ESSA PQ

Paraprofessionals Meet Federal PQ

ALL PK-12 Special Meet State PQ

ALL PK-12 Teachers Meet State OR LEA

Teachers Checked in

Paraprofessionals are NOT reported in the Out-of-Field Report

ALL PK-12 Special Education Teachers are reported in the **Out-of-Field Report**

ALL PK-12 Teachers are reported in the **Out-of-Field Report**

Out-of-Field Reported Annually for ALL Teachers to **USDE & State Report Card**

Accountability

New Directors Breakout Session

Professional Qualifications (PQ) vs ESSA In-Field



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

PQ

Paraprofessionals and teachers must meet federal and state certification requirements.

ESSA/NCLB — Paras GaDOE Rule — SpEd LEA DIP - Teachers All
teachers who
meet ESSA
In-Field
requirements
are PQ

ESSA In-Field

Teachers who are teaching in the field in which they are certified. GA allows
LEAs who waive certification to establish ESSA in-field by asserting GaDOE defined equivalent credentials in CPI through Charter Waiver Codes.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Establishing PQ in Georgia



"Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

ESSA Requires ALL SEAs & LEAs Ensure Teachers Meet State Certification Requirements

Under ESSA, Paraprofessionals must meet NCLB Requirements



In Georgia all Special Education Teachers must be certified in Special Education.

In Georgia, LEAs Have 2 Choices for Meeting Requirements for Regular Education Teachers By the start of the 2016 School Year, all Georgia LEAs established whether they were Traditional or Charter/ Strategic Waiver.

Traditional Follow GaPSC Certification Rules

Charter/ Strategic Waiver
Establish Professional Qualification
Requirements in Applications and
District Improvement Plan

New Directors Breakout Session

Where do I Find My LEAs PQ?



"Educating Georgia's Future"



LEAs may revise PQ in the CLIP-DIP as needed.





Overlay

- exibility to waive certification. [O.C.G.A. 20-2-80, 20-2-2065, ESSA Sec. 1112(e)(1)(B)(ii)]
- for all teachers (except Special Education), or
- for a select group of teachers (please specify content fields and grade level bands, P-5, 4-8, 6-12, P-12). [Note that in Georgia certification requirements for Special Education CANNOT be waived. All Special Education teachers are required to hold GaPSC special education certification that is in-field for the course to which the teacher is assigned. All educators must hold a GaPSC issued Clearance Certificate I IO.C.G.A. 20-2-211.1. SBOE 160-4-9-05. ESSA Sec

Part 3 - If the LEA waives certification, state the minimum qualifications required for employment of teachers for

- In the CLIP (SLDS, Overlay, S-CLIP) *New* Posted Online
- LEAs must answer three questions:
 - Does the LEA Waive Certification?
 - If Yes, For Which Teachers?
 - If Yes, What are the MINIMUM Qualifications?
- During monitoring GaDOE staff check to ensure that what was asserted in the DIP is consistent and accurate in practice.
- LEAs will assert PQ requirements annually. When responding, LEAs should review current practices & requirements to determine if revisions are needed.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session PQ Considerations

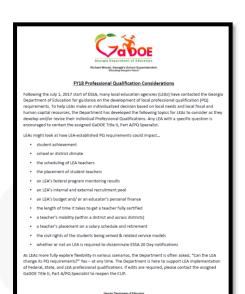


Georgia's School Superintendent

"Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

LEAs might look at how LEA-established PQ requirements could impact...

- student achievement
- school or district climate
- the scheduling of LEA teachers
- the placement of student teachers
- a LEA's federal program monitoring results
- staffing decisions at the LEA's charter schools
- a LEA's internal and external recruitment pool
- a LEA's budget and/ or an educator's personal finance
- the length of time it takes to get a teacher fully certified
- a teacher's mobility (within a district and across districts)
- a teacher's placement on a salary schedule and retirement
- the civil rights of the students being served & related service models
- whether or not a LEA is required to disseminate ESSA 20 Day notifications



New Directors Breakout Session

Timeline for Process



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

End of

School

Year

gadoe.org

Establish PQ in Annual DIP

Publish
Right to
Know
Notification

Review
Teacher
Credentials
and Send
Home 20 Day
Notifications

Ongoing support of teachers working to meet PQ requirements

Participate in GaDOE monitoring or annual self-monitoring of compliance with federal, state, or local PQ requirements









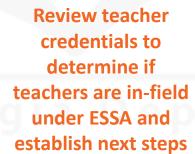


Start of School Year

Professional Qualifications

ESSA In-Field Requirements







Access ESSA In-Field portal on GaPSC.org to ascertain the status of records.

Adjust primary data collections documents to reflect actual practices



Conduct final review of annual data set for the year (TBD)

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Federal, State, and Local PQ Requirements



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.oi

		gadoe.o
Paraprofessionals ESSA Sec.1111(g)(2)(M); GaPSC Certification Rule 505-218	•	NCLB Requirements Certification or Equivalent: 2 Yr Degree, 60 Semester Hours, GACE Paraprofessional Test
Regular Education Teachers (Including Gifted and ESOL) O.C.G.A. §§ 20-2-80, 20-2-200, 20-2-2065	•	LEAs That Do Not Waive Certification Follow GaPSC Requirements LEAs Waive Certification LEA PQ Requirements
Sp. Ed. Teachers –Not Issuing Grades O.C.G.A. §20-2-200, SBOE Rules 160-4-905, 160-5-133	•	GaPSC Sp.Ed. Certification Requirements
Sp. Ed. Teachers —Issuing Grades O.C.G.A. §20-2-200, SBOE Rules 160-4-905, 160-5-133	•	GaPSC Sp.Ed. Certification Requirements Content: Certification or the Equivalent Based on LEA PQ Requirements
Substitute Teachers	•	Hold GaPSC Certification or Best Candidate

O.C.G.A. §20-2-216

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session

Richard Woods,
Georgia's School Superintendent
"Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

Clearance Certificates

O.C.G.A. §§ 20-2-80, 20-2-200, 20-2-211.1, 20-2-2065, GaPSC & SBOE Rules

ALL Georgia LEA teachers, school or school system administrators, and paraprofessionals MUST hold a Clearance Certificate.

A Clearance Certificate is a certificate issued by the Georgia Professional Standards Commission that verifies that an educator has completed fingerprint and criminal background check requirements.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session

Carboe BOE

Paraprofessionals

ESSA Sec.1111(g)(2)(M); GaPSC Certification Rule 505-2-.18

Georgia's School Superintendent
"Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

The State of Georgia ensures that it has professional standards for all paraprofessionals working in any school, including qualifications that were in place on the day before the date of enactment of the Every Student Succeeds Act.

In Georgia, a paraprofessional employed by a Georgia LUA, must meet one of the following requirements:

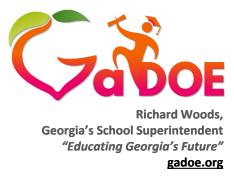
- **Degree**: Hold an associate's degree or higher in any subject from a Georgia Professional Standards Commission (GaPSC)-accepted accredited institution; or
- **Coursework**: Have complete two (2) years of college coursework (sixty [60] semester hours) at a GaPSC- accepted accredited institution; or
- **Content Area Test**: Have passed the GACE Paraprofessional Assessment. If eligibility is established through the assessment, the applicant must also hold a minimum of a high school diploma or GED equivalent.

Paraprofessionals do not have to be certified, but they must meet ESSA/ NCLB requirements.

New Directors Breakout Session

Regular Pre-K Teachers

ESSA Sec.1111(g)(2)(M); GaPSC Certification Rule 505-2-.40, 505-2-.159



Professional Qualifications

Regular Education Pre-K Teachers do not need to be certified

505-2-.40 Page 2

(6) Pre-Kindergarten Programs. Pre-kindergarten regular education programs are administered by Bright from the Start: Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning (See http://decal.ga.gov/Prek/Teachers.aspx).

ESSA in-Field

Regular Education Pre-K Teachers will need to have demonstrated content area expertise in order to be reported as In-Field.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session

Regular Education Teachers

ESSA Sec.1111(g)(2)(M); GaPSC Certification Rule 505-2-.18



Professional Qualifications (Monitoring)

- PK-12 Teachers in all fields in <u>Traditional LEAs</u> must meet GaPSC requirements
- PK-12 Teachers in all fields in <u>Charter/Strategic Waiver LEAs</u> must meet LEA PQ requirements

ESSA In-Field (Reporting)

- In order to be In-Field, PK-12 Teachers in all fields in <u>Traditional LEAs</u> must have demonstrated content area expertise in the subject or field assigned. Content expertise must be GaPSC Certification.
- In order to be In-Field, PK-12 Teachers in all fields in <u>Charter/Strategic</u> <u>Waiver LEAs</u> must have demonstrated content area expertise in the subject or field assigned. Content expertise may be GaPSC Certification or GaDOE defined equivalent credentials.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Special Education Teachers ESSA Sec.1111(g)(2)(M), IDEA 612(a)(14)(C), SBOE Rules 160-4-9-.07, 160-5-1-.33



Professional Qualifications (Monitoring) ESSA In-Field (Reporting)

- PK-12 Special Education Teachers <u>issuing content</u> grades must have content certification and special education certification.
- PK-12 Special Education Teachers not issuing grades must have special education certification

These requirements also apply to GNETS, residential facilities and third party contractors.

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Professional Qualifications for Substitutes O.C.G.A. § 20-2-216



Professional Qualifications (Monitoring)

- Short-Term Substitutes (vacant <20 Days) Not subject to PQ
- Long Term Substitutes (vacant 20+ Days) Not subject to PQ

ESSA In-Field (Reporting)

- Short-Term Substitutes (vacant <20 Days) Not subject to In-Field
- Long Term Substitutes (vacant 20+ Days) Subject to In-Field

Because O.C.G.A. allows LEAs to hire substitutes who are the best candidates and who may or may not be certified, GaDOE and LEAs do not need to establish whether or not substitutes meet state certification requirements for PQ purposes. However, long-term substitutes will be reported as out-of-field if they do not hold the necessary credentials for the course(s) to which they are assigned.

New Directors Breakout Session

Emergency, Temporary, or Provisional Special Education Teachers



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

What
Constitutes
Emergency or
Provisional
Certification
for ESSA/
IDEA in
Georgia?

N

Special Education
Teachers who hold a
'N' Certificate in
Special Education
are assigned to
teach in a field in
which they do not
meet certificate
requirements.
These teachers have
not demonstrated
content experience
in Special Education.

W

Special Education
Teachers who hold a
'W' Certificate in
Special Education
have not satisfied all
GaPSC certification
requirements. These
teachers have not
demonstrated
content experience
in Special Education.

SI

Special Education
Teachers who hold a
'SI' Certificate in
Special Education
AND who have NOT
passed the GACE
have not
demonstrated
content experience
in Special Education.

New Directors Breakout Session

Emergency, Temporary, or Provisional Regular Education Teachers, Gifted & ESOL Teachers



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

What Constitutes Emergency or Provisional Certification for ESSA in Georgia?

IN1T, IN2T, IN3T, and IN4T are not considered emergency or provisional.

N

Teachers who hold a 'N'
Certificate in any field are
assigned to teach in a field in
which they do not meet
certificate requirements. These
teachers have not
demonstrated content
experience in the field in which
they are assigned.

W

Teachers who hold a 'W'
Certificate in any field may not
have satisfied all GaPSC
certification requirements.
They may not have
demonstrated content
experience in the field in which
they are assigned.

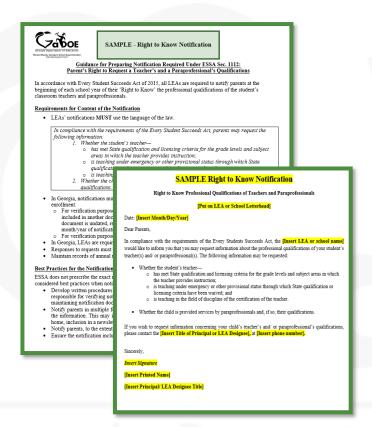
Exceptions: Teachers with two unremediated, unsatisfactory, needs development or ineffective evaluations.

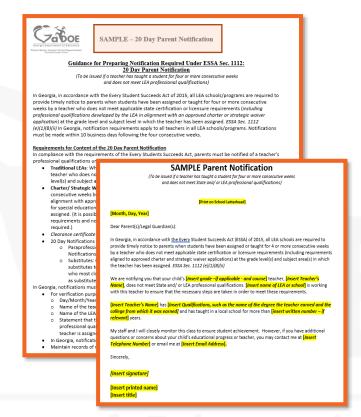
2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Two Required Notifications



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org





Parents' Right to Know Notification

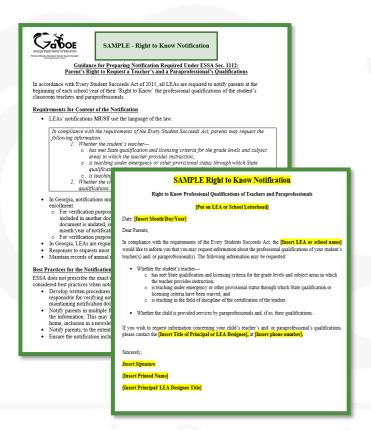
20 Day Notification

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Parents' Right to Know Notification



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org



Considerations:

- New Verbiage
- Flexible Format
 'Notification' not 'Letter'
- Records Retention
- Intent & Best Practices

Parents' Right to Know Notification

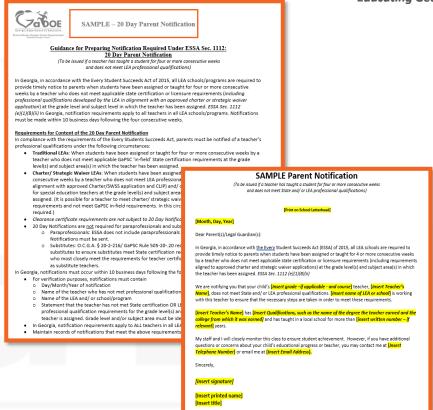
2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session 20 Day Notification of Professional Qualification

Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

Considerations:

- PQ Requirements
- New Verbiage
- Flexible Format
 'Notification' not 'Letter'
- Records Retention
- Intent & Best Practices

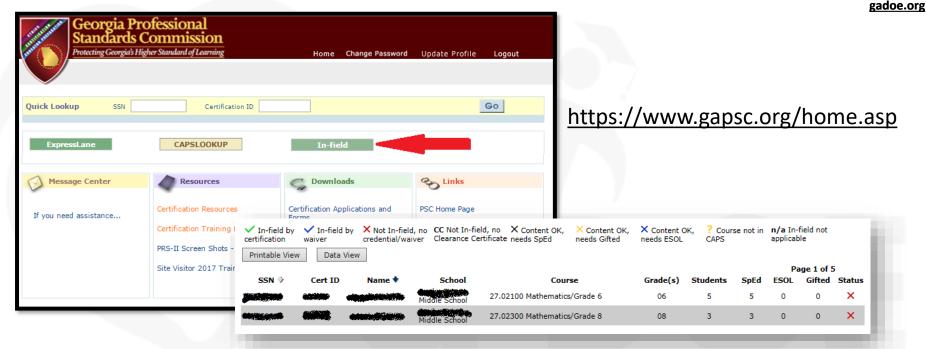


20 Day Notification

New Directors Breakout Session

Where do I find In-Field?





- LEAs have an Account Manager who coordinates access
- LEA Superintendent or HR should notify <u>infield@gapsc.com</u> if your LEA doesn't have a <u>www.gapsc.org</u> Account Manager.
- Levels and roles include Building-level, System-level, and Edit or View Capability

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session ESSA In-Field Portal



- FY18 was the first year that the ESSA In-Field portal was piloted. It uses data from CPI and Student Class from each official data collection cycle (fall, spring, summer). It also uses the GaPSC certification records and GACE test records.
- Data will be reported publicly in Fall of 2018; however, contextual explanation will be provided.
- The system will continue to be refined based on LEA feedback around individual scenarios.

The goal is to produce a system that requires minimal input from LEAs.

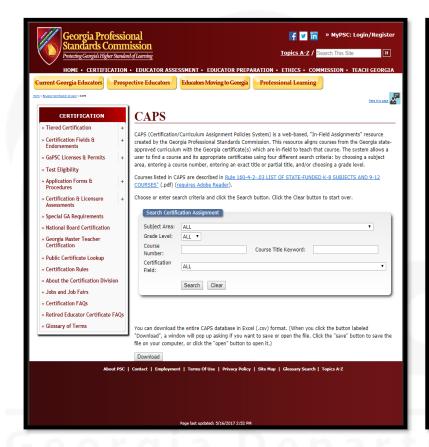
New Directors Breakout Session

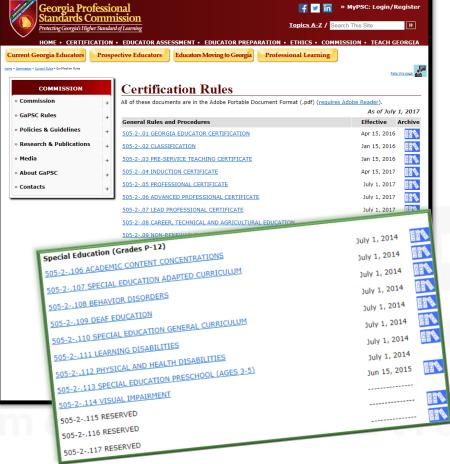
CAPS and In-Field Rules



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future"

gadoe.org

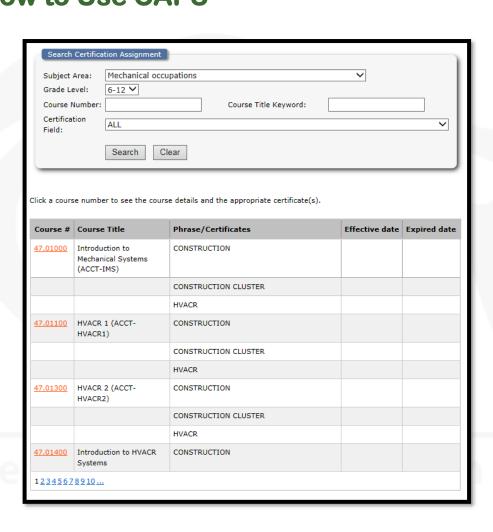




2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session How to Use CAPS



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org





LEAs can look up alignment by subject area or certification field



Results of the search

2018 Federal Programs Conference New Directors Breakout Session Next Steps



- Sign up for Summer Regional PQ/In-Field Optional Training
- Familiarize yourself with your LEA's Professional Qualifications (FY19 DIP). Ensure key stakeholders also know your PQ.
- Review LEA Right to Know notifications to ensure language reflects current law. A sample notification is available on the PQ webpage.
- Meet with principals to ensure teacher schedules are reviewed and 20 day PQ notifications are prepared and sent if needed. A sample notification is available on the PQ webpage.
- As teaching assignments and class schedules are completed, begin meeting with data collection personnel in your LEA to plan for accurate CPI and Student Class reporting.

New Directors Breakout Session

Questions



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org



Redesigned Teacher Resource Link #GATeacherResources



Richard Woods, Georgia's School Superintendent "Educating Georgia's Future" gadoe.org

One-stop shop for teachers!



Georgia's Redesigned Teacher Resource Link

How can teachers access the Redesigned TRL?

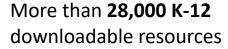




Teachers access the Redesigned Teacher Resource Link by clicking on the TRL tab within SLDS.

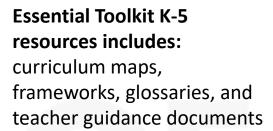


COHERENT INSTRUCTONAL RESOURCES





CONTENT





QUALITY

Instructional resources align to state standards & focus on grade level or resource type



SHOPPING CART OF RESOURCES

User-friendly search menu, filtered resources to store, save, & share.





ESSA Professional Qualifications/ In-Field and Equity

2018 GaDOE Federal Programs Conference
New Director Session

Pam Daniels and Chris Leonard
Title II, Part A Education Program Specialists

The contents of this presentation were developed under a grant from the U.S. Department of Education. However, those contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the U.S. Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement.